

Higher Education
Key Facts and Figures

2011/12

Acknowledgements

Further information is available from the Statistics Section in the Higher Education Authority: http://www.hea.ie/en/statistics

This document is also available to download from the HEA website - http://www.hea.ie/en/Publications

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The University Sector

University College Cork
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Mary Immaculate College Limerick
Mater Dei Institute of Education
St. Patrick's College Drumcondra
National College of Art and Design
Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland
St. Angela's College Sligo

The Institute of Technology Sector

Athlone Institute of Technology
Institute of Technology Blanchardstown
Cork Institute of Technology
Institute of Technology
Institute of Technology
Dublin Institute of Technology
Dunlaoghaire Institute of Art, Design and Technology
Dundalk Institute of Technology
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Limerick Institute of Technology
Letterkenny Institute of Technology

Department of Education and Skills and Other Department Aided Institutions

Froebel College of Education Marino Institute of Education Cadet School Garda College Milltown Institute All Hallows College St. Patrick's College Maynooth National College of Ireland

Privately Funded Institutions

Kings Inns Law Society Griffith College, Limerick Montessori AMI Dublin Institute of Design



Acronyms	
CAO	Central Applications Office
DIT	Dublin Institute of Technology
DES	Department of Education and Skills
ECF	Employment Control Framework
FETAC	Further Education and Training Awards Council
FT	Full-time
HEA	Higher Education Authority
IADT	Dun Laoghaire Institute of Art, Design and Technology
loT	Institute of Technology
ISCED	International Standard Classification of Education
NCAD	National College of Art and Design
NCEA	National Council for Educational Awards
NCVA	National Council for Vocational Awards
NE	New Entrant
NFQ	National Framework of Qualifications
NUI	National University of Ireland
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PG	Postgraduate
PT	Part-time
RCSI	Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland
SRS	Student Records System
UG	Undergraduate
WTE	Whole-Time Equivalent





The HEA Key Facts and Figures 2011/12 is the eighth in the series of annual reports from the HEA's Policy and Strategic Planning (Statistics) unit.

It provides an overview of data from the Irish higher education system highlighting key trends for the year. It also includes specific information on:

- New Entrants
- Enrolments
- Graduates
- Flexible Learning
- Mature Students
- International Students
- Socio-economic, Ethnic/Cultural and Disability Data

Furthermore, for the first time, the report contains details on staffing levels in the system.

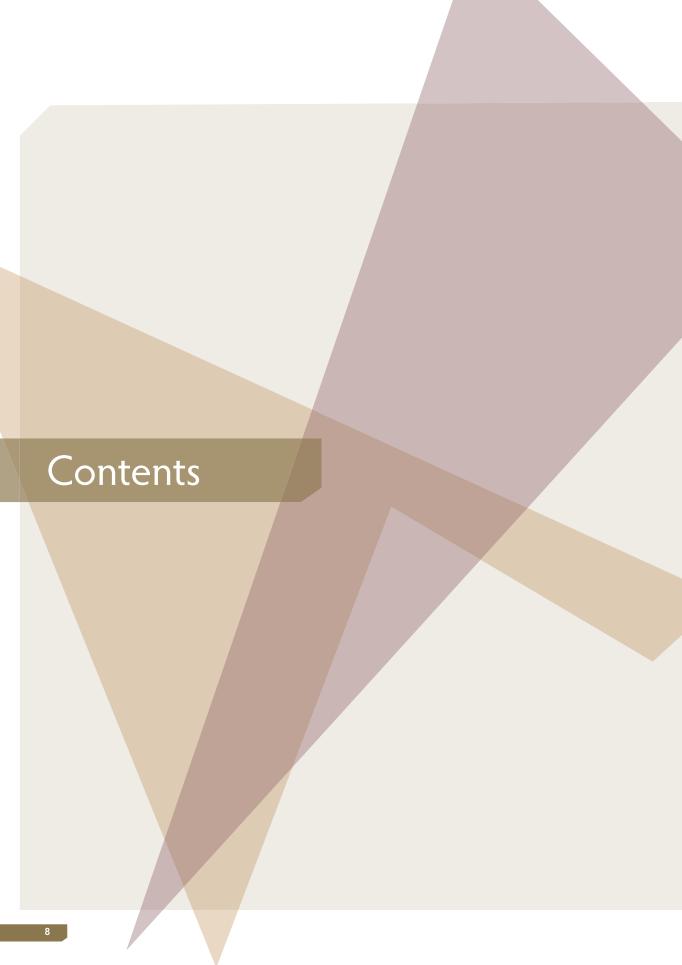
Overall enrolments to the higher education system continue to increase with over 196,000 full-time and part-time students enrolled in HEA funded institutions in 2011/12. This represents an increase of 1.6% over the previous year. The number of PhD enrolments continues to increase with over 7,600 full-time PHD students in HEA funded institutions, reflecting the continuing development of graduate education in Ireland.

Another key trend is the increase in part-time and flexible learning, with a one year increase of 3.7% in the number of part-time students. The number of students engaged in distance education has shown a one year increase of 30%. This, in part, reflects increased opportunities for unemployed people provided through the Springboard initiative.

A range of trends for the period are presented in this publication and are intended as a convenient reference document for higher education institutions, government departments and those with an interest in higher education in Ireland.

The HEA wishes to thank the participating institutions for their on-going cooperation.

Tom Boland Chief Executive January 2013



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Section 1: Overview

KEY POINTS

Combined HEA Funded Institutions

- There were over 196,000 full-time and part-time students enrolled in HEA funded institutions in 2011/12.
- Overall enrolment increased by 15.2% between 2007/08 and 2011/12. Enrolment increased by 1.6% between 2010/11 and 2011/12 compared to a 2.7% increase between 2009/10 and 2010/11.
- Full-time undergraduate enrolments have increased by 18.2% and full-time postgraduate enrolments have increased by 14.6% between 2007/08 and 2011/12.
- Part-time undergraduate enrolments have decreased by 1.9% and part-time postgraduate enrolments have increased by 16.5% between 2007/08 and 2011/12.

The University Sector

- There were over 117,000 students enrolled in the University sector in 2011/12.
- Overall enrolment increased by 13.2% between 2007/08 and 2011/12 with enrolment increasing by 2.1% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.
- The number of new entrants decreased by 1.5% between 2010/11 and 2011/12 with a drop in male new entrants of 1.6% and in female new entrants of 1.4%.
- Overall graduate output increased by 10.7% since 2007, with an increase of 1.5% between 2010 and 2011.

The Institute of Technology Sector

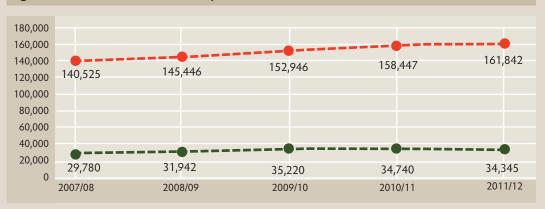
- There were nearly 79,000 students enrolled in the Institute of Technology sector in 2011/12.
- Overall enrolments increased by 18.2% between 2007/08 and 2011/12 with enrolment increasing by 0.7% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.
- The number of new entrants to the Institutes of Technology increased in 2011/12 by 2.4% compared to the previous year, with an increase in male new entrants of 2.3% and an increase in female new entrants of 2.4%.
- Graduate output increased by 5.8% between 2010/11 and 2011/12. This comprises increases in undergraduate output of 6.4% and postgraduate output of 0.9%.

SECTION 1: Overview

Table 1.1 Enrolment Trends 2007/08 – 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Undergraduate	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Full-time	119,512	124,990	133,849	139,092	141,226	1.5%
Part-time	21,013	20,456	19,097	19,355	20,616	6.5%
Total Undergraduate Enrolment	140,525	145,446	152,946	158,447	161,842	2.1%
Postgraduate						
Full-time	18,807	20,700	22,419	21,880	21,560	-1.5%
Part-time	10,973	11,242	12,801	12,860	12,785	-0.6%
Total Postgraduate Enrolment	29,780	31,942	35,220	34,740	34,345	-1.1%
Total Full-time	138,319	145,690	156,268	160,972	162,786	1.1%
Total Part-time	31,986	31,698	31,898	32,215	33,401	3.7%
Overall Enrolment	170,305	177,388	188,166	193,187	196,187	1.6%
Flexible Learning				2,939	3,821	30.0%

Figure 1.1 Total Enrolment Trends by Level 2007/08 - 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions



Total Undergraduate Enrolment

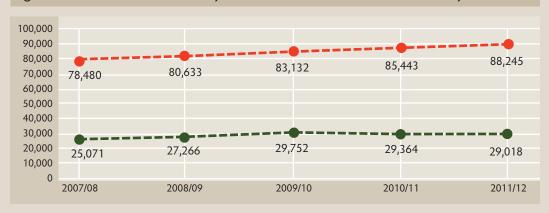
Total Postgraduate Enrolment

- Overall enrolment increased by 15.2% from 2007/08 to 2010/11.
- Enrolment increased by 1.6% between 2010/11 and 2011/12 compared to a 2.7% increase between 2009/10 and 2010/11 and a 6.1% increase between 2008/09 and 2009/10.
- Overall postgraduate enrolments decreased by 1.1% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.
- Overall undergraduate enrolments increased by 2.1% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.

Table 1.2 Enrolment Trends 2007/08 – 2011/12 for the University Sector

Undergraduate	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Full-time	70,464	73,098	76,956	78,973	80,043	1.4%
Part-time	8,016	7,535	6,176	6,470	8,202	26.8%
Total Undergraduate Enrolment	78,480	80,633	83,132	85,443	88,245	3.3%
Postgraduate						
Full-time	16,569	18,128	19,480	19,114	18,869	-1.3%
Part-time	8,502	9,138	10,272	10,250	10,149	-1.0%
Total Postgraduate Enrolment	25,071	27,266	29,752	29,364	29,018	-1.2%
Total Full-time	87,033	91,226	96,436	98,087	98,912	0.8%
Total Part-time	16,518	16,673	16,448	16,720	18,351	9.8%
Overall Enrolment	103,551	107,899	112,884	114,807	117,263	2.1%

Figure 1.2 Total Enrolment Trends by Level 2007/08 – 2011/12 for the University Sector



Total Undergraduate Enrolment

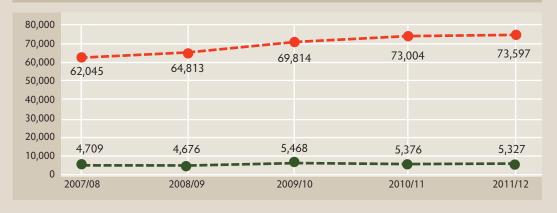
Total Postgraduate Enrolment

- Overall enrolment increased by 13.2% from 2007/08 to 2011/12.
- Enrolment increased by 2.1% between 2010/11 and 2011/12 compared to a 1.7% increase between 2009/10 and 2010/11 and a 4.6% increase between 2008/09 and 2009/10.
- Overall postgraduate enrolments decreased by 1.2% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.
- Overall undergraduate enrolments increased by 3.3% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.

Table 1.3 Enrolment Trends 2007/08 to 2011/12 for the Institute of Technology Sector

Undergraduate	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Full-time	49,048	51,892	56,893	60,119	61,183	1.8%
Part-time	12,997	12,921	12,921	12,885	12,414	-3.7%
Total Undergraduate Enrolment	62,045	64,813	69,814	73,004	73,597	0.8%
Postgraduate						
Full-time	2,238	2,572	2,939	2,766	2,691	-2.7%
Part-time	2,471	2,104	2,529	2,610	2,636	1.0%
Total Postgraduate Enrolment	4,709	4,676	5,468	5,376	5,327	-0.9%
Total Full-time	51,286	54,464	59,832	62,885	63,874	1.6%
Total Part-time	15,468	15,025	15,450	15,495	15,050	-2.9%
Overall Enrolment	66,754	69,489	75,282	78,380	78,924	0.7%

Figure 1.3 Total Enrolment Trends by Level 2007/08 – 2011/12 for the Institute of Technology Sector



Total Undergraduate Enrolment

Total Postgraduate Enrolment

- Overall enrolment increased by 18.2% between 2007/08 and 2011/12.
- Enrolment increased by 0.7% between 2010/11 and 2011/12 compared to a 4.1% increase between 2009/10 and 2010/11 and a 8.3% increase between 2008/09 and 2009/10.
- Overall postgraduate enrolments decreased by 0.9% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.
- Overall undergraduate enrolments increased by 0.8% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.

Table 1.4 Full-time Undergraduate New Entrant Gender Trends 2007/08 – 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Male	16,746	18,790	20,577	20,436	20,523	0.4%
Female	19,206	20,038	20,239	20,313	20,342	0.1%
Total	35,952	38,828	40,816	40,749	40,865	0.3%

Figure 1.4 Undergraduate New Entrant Gender Trends for all HEA Funded Institutions 2007/08 – 2011/12



- The number of new entrants increased by 0.3% between 2010/11 and 2011/12 compared to a 0.2% decrease in the previous year.
- There are more male new entrants to higher education than female, with 50.2% male and 49.8% female.
- The number of male new entrants continues to grow at a faster rate than females, with an increase of 22.6% in male new entrants between 2007/08 and 2011/12 compared with a 5.9% increase in females over the same period.

SECTION 1: Overview

Table 1.5 Full-time Undergraduate New Entrant Gender Trends 2007/08 – 2011/12 for the University Sector

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Male	8,231	9,083	9,741	9,808	9,650	-1.6%
Female	12,118	12,645	12,165	12,222	12,053	-1.4%
Total	20,349	21,728	21,906	22,030	21,703	-1.5%

Figure 1.5 Undergraduate New Entrant Gender Trends for the University Sector 2007/08 – 2011/12



- The number of new entrants decreased by 1.5% between 2010/11 and 2011/12 compared to a 0.6% increase in the previous year.
- Male new entrants decreased by 1.6% between 2010/11 and 2011/12 compared to a 1.4% decrease for female new entrants.
- The proportion of females to males 2011/12 is the same as 2010/11 at 55.5%.
- The number of female new entrants is greater than the number of male new entrants, unlike in the Institute of Technology sector.

Table 1.6 Full-Time Undergraduate New Entrant Trends 2007/08 – 2011/12 for the Institute of Technology Sector

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Male	8,515	9,707	10,836	10,628	10,873	2.3%
Female	7,088	7,393	8,074	8,091	8,289	2.4%
Total	15,603	17,100	18,910	18,719	19,162	2.4%

Figure 1.6 Undergraduate New Entrant Gender Trends for the Institute of Technology Sector 2007/08 – 2011/12



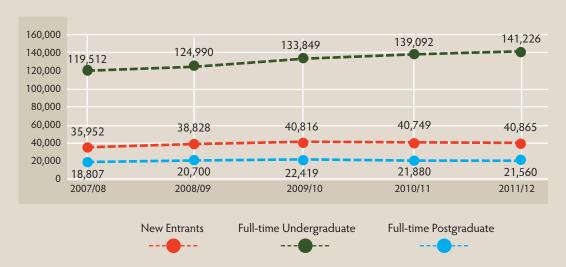
- New entrants to the Institutes of Technology increased in 2011/12 by 2.4% compared to the previous year.
- In 2011/12 the numbers of female new entrants increased by 2.3% compared to 2010/11, while the number of male new entrants increased by 2.4% compared to the previous year.
- The proportion of female new entrants in the Institute of Technology sector is 43.3%. In general there are fewer females than males enrolling in Institutes of Technology. This is in contrast to the University sector where 55.5% of new entrants are female. This due in the main to disciplinary mix.

SECTION 1: Overview

Table 1.7 Full-time Enrolment Trends and Flexible Learning by Level for all HEA Funded Institutions 2007/08 – 2011/12

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
New Entrants	35,952	38,828	40,816	40,749	40,865	0.3%
Full-time Undergraduate	119,512	124,990	133,849	139,092	141,226	1.5%
Full-time Postgraduate	18,807	20,700	22,419	21,880	21,560	-1.5%
Flexible Learning				2,939	3,821	30.0%

Figure 1.7 Enrolment Trends by Level for all HEA Funded Institutions 2007/08 – 2011/12



- New entrants have increased by 13.7% between 2007/08 and 2011/12. Full-time
 undergraduate enrolments have increased by 18.2% between 2007/08 and 2011/12. Full-time
 postgraduate enrolments have increased by 14.6% in the same period.
- Full-time postgraduate enrolments have declined between 2010/11 and 2011/12.

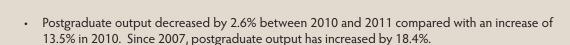
Table 1.8 Graduate Trends 2007 - 2011 for all HEA Funded Institutions

	2007	2008*	2009*	2010*	2011*	% Change 2010 - 2011
Undergraduate						
All Modes of Study	41,506	40,120	38,399	40,101	42,375	5.7%
Postgraduate						
All Modes of Study	14,652	15,177	15,972	18,121	17,647	-2.6%
Overall Graduates	56,158	55,297	54,371	58,222	60,022	3.1%

^{*}Distance & E-Learning included

Figure 1.8 Total Graduate Trends by Level 2007-2011 for all HEA Funded Institutions





• Undergraduate output increased by 5.7% between 2010 and 2011. There has been a 2.1% increase in undergraduate output since 2007.

SECTION 1: Overview

Table 1.9 Graduate Trends 2007-2011 for the University Sector

	2007	2008*	2009*	2010*	2011*	% Change 2010 - 2011
Undergraduate						
Full-time + Part-time	20,829	21,407	20,129	21,027	22,076	5.0%
Postgraduate						
Full-time + Part-time	12,952	13,197	13,960	15,824	15,329	-3.1%
Overall Graduates	33,781	34,494	34,089	36,851	37,405	1.5%

^{*}Distance & E-Learning included

Figure 1.9 Total Graduate Trends by Level 2007-2011 for the University Sector



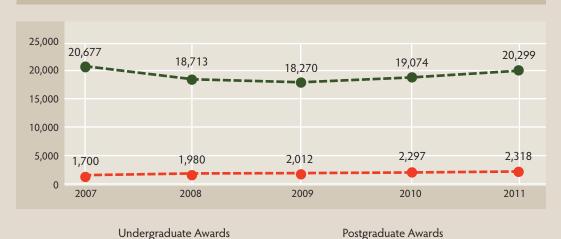
- Overall graduate output has increased by 10.7% since 2007.
- Postgraduate output decreased in 2011 by 3.1% over the previous year. However, there was a 13.4% one year increase in postgraduate output the previous year. Since 2007, there has been a 18.4% increase in postgraduate output.
- Undergraduate output increased by 5.0% since 2010. There has been an increase of 6.0% in undergraduate output since 2007, and undergraduate output has now exceeded 2008 levels for the first time.

Table 1.10 Graduate Trends 2007-2011 for Institute of Technology Sector

	2007	2008*	2009*	2010*	2011*	% Change 2010 - 2011
Undergraduate						
Full-time + Part-time	20,677	18,713	18,270	19,074	20,299	6.4%
Postgraduate						
Full-time + Part-time	1,700	1,980	2,012	2,297	2,318	0.9%
Overall Graduates	22,377	20,693	20,282	21,371	22,617	5.8%

^{*}Distance & E-Learning included

Figure 1.10 Total Graduate Trends by Level 2007-2011 for the Institute of Technology Sector



- ---
- Overall output has increased by 5.8% between 2010 and 2011.
- Postgraduate output continued to increase in 2011, with a 0.9% increase since 2010. Postgraduate output has increased by over a third since 2007.
- Undergraduate output increased by 6.4% between 2010 and 2011. However, undergraduate output has not returned to 2007 levels.

Section 2: Application/Acceptance And New Entrant Data

KEY POINTS

Combined HEA Funded Institutions

- The total number of Level 8 CAO acceptances in 2012 was 33,214. There were 61,846 first preference applications and first preference acceptances numbered 20,760. The proportion of first preference applicants that accepted their first preference was 63%.
- New entrant enrolments for all HEA funded institutes remained static in 2011/12 and total 40,865.
- New entrant females dominate the Humanities & Arts, Social Sciences, Business & Law, Education and the Health & Welfare categories, while males dominate the Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction and the Science categories.
- Nearly 72% of full-time undergraduate new entrants were aged between 17 and 19 years of age.

CAO Data for all Higher Education Institutions

Table 2.1 CAO Applications and Acceptances Level 8 (Honours Bachelor Degree) 2008 vs. 2012 for the entire Higher Education Sector

Year	1st Preference Applications*	1st Preference Acceptances**	% 1st Preference Acceptors	Total Acceptances***
2012	61,846	20,760	63%	33,214
2008	56,315	17,326	58%	29,697

^{*}Each student applying to the CAO is allowed a maximum of ten Level 8 (Honours Bachelor Degree) and ten Level 7/6 (Ordinary Degree/Higher Certificate) choices. First preference applications give a clear indication of the actual number of applications for a particular course.

Not all applicants who are offered a place accept for various reasons: applicants defer their place, choose to take a Level 6/7 course, an apprenticeship, a Post Leaving Certificate Course or enter the workforce. For this reason the number of acceptors and the number of new entrants will not match. Not all students enter through the CAO system e.g. mature students.

New Entrant Data to all HEA Funded Institutions

Table 2.2 Full-time Undergraduate New Entrants for all HEA Funded Institutions 2011/12 by Gender and Level

Undergraduate	Male	Female	2011/12	2010/11	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Honours Bachelor Degreees (Level 8)	13,385	15,547	28,932	28,341	2.1%
Ordinary Degree (Level 7)	5,119	2,765	7,884	7,856	0.4%
Diplomas (Level 7)	87	102	189	184	2.7%
Certificate/ Higher Certificate (Level 6)	1,585	1,199	2,784	3,156	-11.8%
Occasional	347	729	1,076	1,212	-11.2%
Total	20,523	20,342	40,865	40,749	0.3%

Red cell indicates a decline in new entrants from the previous year.

- New entrant enrolments for all HEA funded institutes are up slightly by 0.3% from 2011/12 and total 40,865.
- There is an increase in new entrants in Honours Degrees (2.1%), Diplomas (2.7%) and Ordinary Degrees (0.4%).
- There is a decrease in new entrants in Certificates and Occasionals with decreases of 11.8% and 11.2% respectively.

^{**}First preference acceptors are those applicants who have been offered their first preference courses and accepted it.

^{***}Total Acceptances are acceptances at any preference including first preference.

Table 2.3 Full-time Undergraduate New Entrants 2011/12 by Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study by Selected		ours rees		ianry rees		graduate omas		graduate ficates		raduate sional	То	tal	Grand Total
ISCED	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	2011 /12
General Programmes	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	8	53	102	60	110	170
Education	387	1,047	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	387	1,047	1,434
Humanities & Arts	3,131	4,425	342	246	0	0	60	6	42	92	3,575	4,769	8,344
Social Sciences Business & Law	3,337	3,521	741	734	8	20	413	425	44	69	4,543	4,769	9,312
Social Sciences	827	1,187	45	61	7	17	5	10	3	4	887	1,279	2,166
Journalism and Information	32	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	66	98
Business and Administration	2,053	1,760	696	673	1	3	390	387	38	57	3,178	2,880	6,058
Law	425	508	0	0	0	0	18	28	3	8	446	544	990
Science	3,139	2,028	970	384	4	1	268	159	104	66	4,485	2,638	7,123
Combined Science, Mathematics and Computing	567	627	10	10	0	0	17	9	6	19	600	665	1,265
Life Sciences	669	823	196	208	0	0	65	60	91	44	1,021	1,135	2,156
Physical Sciences	373	262	62	50	0	0	5	56	0	0	440	368	808
Mathematics and Statistics	148	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	148	68	216
Computer Science & Use	1,382	250	702	116	4	1	181	34	7	1	2,276	402	2,678
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	1,805	423	1,778	117	0	2	348	41	10	3	3,941	586	4,527
Combined Engineering	714	126	114	7	0	2	11	2	8	2	847	139	986
Mechanics and Metal work	110	5	412	9	0	0	116	2	0	0	638	16	654
Electricity and Energy	291	35	605	22	0	0	119	4	1	1	1,016	62	1,078
Process Engineering	186	135	212	43	0	0	49	31	1	0	448	209	657
Architecture, Town Planning & Civil Engineering	504	122	435	36	0	0	53	2	0	0	992	160	1,152
Agriculture & Veterinary	194	224	217	115	0	0	64	17	1	3	476	359	835
Agriculture (& sub- disciplines)	164	140	199	35	0	0	64	17	1	2	428	194	622
Veterinary	30	84	18	80	0	0	0	0	0	1	48	165	213
Health & Welfare	1,108	3,561	176	595	75	79	38	222	10	22	1,407	4,479	5,886
Combined Health & Welfare	53	125	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	55	134	189
Medicine and Diagnostics	321	288	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	327	294	621
Nursing and Caring	184	1,454	0	16	1	20	0	5	1	1	186	1,496	1,682
Dental Studies	41	42	0	0	1	40	0	28	0	0	42	110	152
Therapy, Rehabilitation and Counselling	443	1,515	162	546	73	19	34	138	0	0	712	2,218	2,930
Pharmacy	66	137	14	33	0	0	4	51	1	6	85	227	312
Services	284	318	895	574	0	0	387	321	1	0	1,567	1,213	2,780
Combined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	82	372	82	372	454
Totals	13,385	15,547	5,119	2,765	87	102	1,585	1,199	347	729	20,523	20,342	40,865

- Overall new entrant males slightly outnumber females and this difference is highlighted in the case of the Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction and Science disciplines (87.1% and 63.0% male respectively).
- However the opposite is true for Health & Welfare where females outnumber males (76.1% females) and Education (73.0% female).

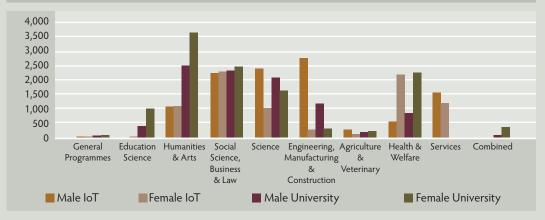
Table 2.4 Full-time Undergraduate New Entrants for all HEA Funded Institutions 2011/12 Vs 2010/11

Field of Study	Field of study as % of Overall	Male	Female	Grand Total 2011/12	Total	% Change 2010/11- 2011/12
Broad Programmes	0.4%	60	110	170	458	-62.9%
Education	3.5%	387	1,047	1,434	1,487	-3.6%
Humanities & Arts	20.4%	3,575	4,769	8,344	7,869	6.0%
Social Science, Business & Law	22.8%	4,543	4,769	9,312	9,922	-6.1%
Science	17.4%	4,485	2,638	7,123	6,570	8.4%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	11.1%	3,941	586	4,527	4,806	-5.8%
Agriculture & Veterinary	2.0%	476	359	835	853	-2.1%
Health & Welfare	14.4%	1,407	4,479	5,886	5,735	2.6%
Services	6.8%	1,567	1,213	2,780	2,571	8.1%
Combined	1.1%	82	372	454	478	-5.0%
Totals	100.0%	20,523	20,342	40,865	40,749	0.3%

Red cell indicates a decline in new entrants from the previous year.

- New entrant females dominate the Humanities & Arts, Social Sciences, Business & Law, Education and the Health & Welfare categories, while males dominate the Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction and the Science categories.
- Increases in new entrants were evident in four of the ten discipline categories. Those experiencing
 decreases were Broad Programmes, Education, Social Science, Business & Law, Engineering, Manufacturing
 & Construction, Agriculture & Veterinary, and Health & Welfare and Combined studies.

Figure 2.1 Full-time Undergraduate New Entrants 2011/12 for the University Sector vs. the IOT Sector by Gender and Field of Study

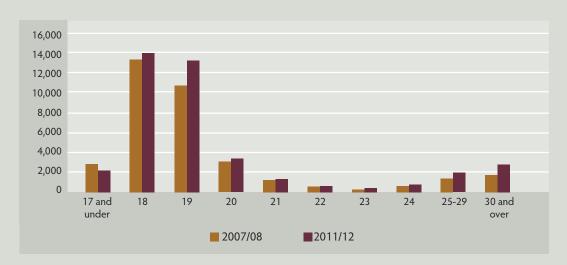


- University sector students dominate most disciplines with the exception of Services and Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction, and Agriculture & Veterinary.
- Services include Leisure, Tourism, Catering and Hotel Management which are in the main offered
 only through the Institutes of Technology.

Table 2.5 Age Distribution of all Full-time Undergraduate New Entrants for all HEA Funded Institutions 2011/12 Vs 2010/11

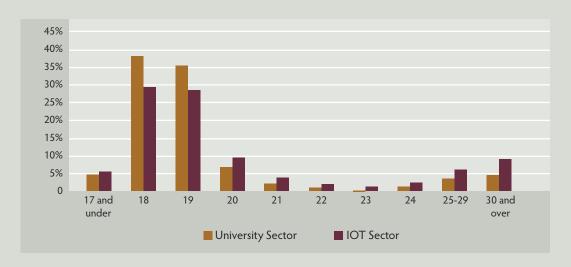
	М	F	Age as % of Total	2011/12 Total	2010/11 Total
17 and under	1,086	1,113	5.4%	2,199	2,416
18	6,730	7,226	34.2%	13,956	13,846
19	6,531	6,709	32.4%	13,240	12,483
20	1,664	1,739	8.3%	3,403	3,285
21	692	606	3.2%	1,298	1,344
22	362	321	1.7%	683	727
23	261	200	1.1%	461	491
24	445	373	2.0%	818	906
25-29	1,176	858	5.0%	2,034	2,237
30 and over	1,574	1,197	6.8%	2,771	3,013
Age Unknown	2		0.0%	2	1
Total	20,523	20,342	0.3%	40,865	40,749

Figure 2.2 Age Distribution of Undergraduate Full-time New Entrants 2007/08 Vs 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions



^{*}Those students whose age is unknown have been removed

Figure 2.3 Age Distribution of Undergraduate Full-time New Entrants: the University Sector Vs the Institute of Technology Sector in 2011/12



^{*}Those students whose age is unknown have been removed

Section 3: Full-time Enrolment Data

KEY POINTS

Combined HEA Funded Institutions

- Full-time enrolment on Honours Bachelor Degree (level 8) programmes increased by 3.1% between 2010/11 and 2011/12. In the same time period full-time enrolments in other undergraduate programmes (Ordinary Degrees, Certificates, Diplomas and Occasional Programmes) decreased by 3.8%.
- Full-time enrolments in Humanities & Arts, Science, Agriculture & Veterinary, Health & Welfare and services increased in 2011/12. There were decreases in full-time enrolments in General Programmes, Education, Social Sciences, Business & Law, Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction and Combined Programmes in 2011/12.
- Overall full-time postgraduate enrolments fell with a 1.5% decrease over the 2010/11 cohort.
- Nearly 49% of all full-time postgraduate research enrolments are female.
- Full-time enrolment on PhD research programmes increased by 2.3% in 2011/12 while those on Masters research programmes have decreased by 18.3%.

Table 3.1 Full-time Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Level for all HEA Funded Institutions

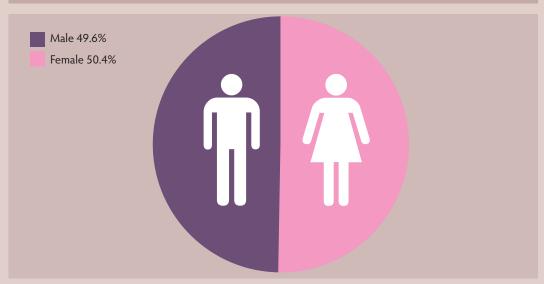
Full-time Undergraduate	Male	Female	All	All 2010/11	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Hons Bachelor Degree	51,399	58,860	110,259	106,918	3.1%
Ordinary Degree	14,687	8,318	23,005	23,244	-1.0%
Diploma and Certificate/Higher Certificate	3,288	2,548	5,836	6,605	-11.6%
Occasional	705	1,421	2,126	2,325	-8.6%
Total Full-time Undergraduate	70,079	71,147	141,226	139,092	1.5%

Full-time Postgraduate					
PhD	3,907	3,777	7,684	7,512	2.3%
Research Master	643	547	1,190	1,457	-18.3%
Taught Master	4,262	4,875	9,137	9,171	-0.4%
Postgrad Diploma and Cert	1,285	2,105	3,390	3,620	-6.4%
Occasional	84	75	159	120	32.5%
Total Full-time Postgraduate	10,181	11,379	21,560	21,880	-1.5%
Overall Grand Total	80,260	82,526	162,786	160,972	1.1%

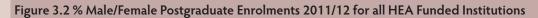
Red cells indicate a decline in enrolments from the previous year.

- Full-time enrolment on Honours Bachelor Degree (level 8) programmes increased by 3.1% between 2010/11 and 2011/12. In the same time period full-time Certificate/Diploma enrolments decreased by 11.6%.
- Full-time enrolment on postgraduate programmes decreased by 1.5% between 2010/11 and 2011/12.
 Only full-time PhD and research occasional students increased over the year.

Figure 3.1 % Male/Female Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions



• The gender split for HEA funded institutions as a whole is slightly weighted towards females at 50.4%.



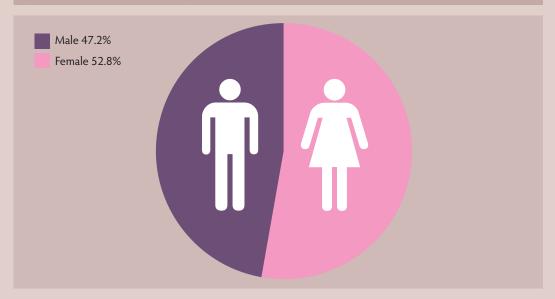


Table 3.2 Age Distribution of Full-time Enrolments 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions

			Age as % of Total	2011/12	2010/11
	М	F	Total	Total	Total
17 and under	1,091	1,119	1.4%	2,210	2,435
18	7,732	8,318	9.9%	16,050	16,221
19	13,150	14,253	16.8%	27,403	27,448
20	13,094	15,022	17.3%	28,116	28,301
21	11,271	12,554	14.6%	23,825	22,768
22	7,514	7,625	9.3%	15,139	14,840
23	4,404	4,084	5.2%	8,488	8,275
24	3,100	2,637	3.5%	5,737	5,869
25-29	9,142	8,042	10.6%	17,184	16,886
30 and over	9,751	8,855	11.4%	18,606	17,917
Age Unknown	11	17	0.0%	28	12
Total	80,260	82,526	100.0%	162,786	160,972

SECTION 3: Full-time Enrolment Data



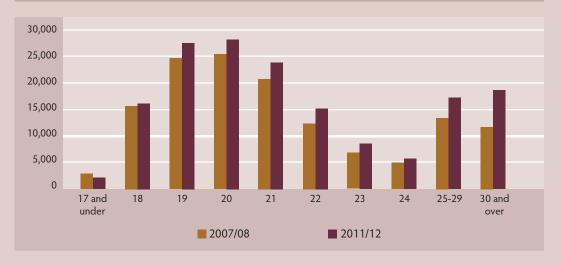


Table 3.3 Full-time Enrolments 2011/12 by Level and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions

				Hons						
Field of Study by Selected ISCED	Occasional	Cert/Higher Cert/Diploma	Ordinary Degree	Bachelor Degree	Postgraduate Occasional	Postgraduate Cert/ Diploma	Masters Taught	Masters Research	PhD (Level 10)	Grand Total 2011/12
				(Level 8)					<u> </u>	
General Programmes	307	35	0	0	2	0	9	0	0	353
Education	0	0	34	5,152	1	1,595	232	31	204	7,249
Humanities & Arts	860	179	1,549	23,730	15	120	1,822	241	1,306	29,822
Social Sciences, Business & Law	175	1,763	4,718	27,539	78	606	4,115	126	1,153	40,273
Combined Social Sciences, Business & Law	9	50	303	7,550	28	197	1,180	51	647	10,015
Journalism & Information	0	0	0	367	0	29	152	1	6	555
Business & Administration	155	1,623	4,397	16,293	50	356	2,298	60	267	25,499
Law	11	90	18	3,329	0	24	485	14	233	4,204
Science	204	915	3,687	17,768	2	462	1,082	406	2,509	27,035
Combined Science, Mathematics & Computing	59	26	21	3,119	2	0	26	23	203	3,479
Life Sciences	135	239	1,244	6,001	0	12	224	181	858	8,894
Physical Sciences	0	103	325	2,725	0	16	59	120	866	4,214
Mathematics & Statistics	2	0	0	863	0	133	35	20	141	1,194
Computer Science & Use	8	547	2,097	5,060	0	301	738	62	441	9,254
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	29	801	5,942	10,674	10	34	725	216	1,068	19,499
Combined Engineering	14	27	376	2,400	10	4	107	55	523	3,516
Mechanics & Metal work	0	250	1,213	1,052	0	0	4	33	33	2,585
Electricity & Energy	3	220	1,989	1,494	0	18	159	34	216	4,133
Chemical & Process Engineering	6	148	658	1,410	0	12	263	39	94	2,630
Architecture, Town Planning & Civil Engineering	6	156	1,706	4,318	0	0	192	55	202	6,635
Agriculture & Veterinary	4	229	992	1,828	0	3	70	51	129	3,306
Agriculture (& sub- disciplines)	3	229	732	1,176	0	3	70	38	94	2,345
Veterinary	1	0	260	652	0	0	0	13	35	961
Health & Welfare	51	749	2,216	21,334	51	558	931	98	1,241	27,229
Combined Health & Welfare	11	1	0	456	0	0	51	4	171	694
Medicine & Diagnostics	12	39	130	6,697	24	23	227	49	798	7,999
Nursing & Caring	21	51	113	6,719	21	407	77	10	61	7,480
Dental Studies	0	141	13	435	6	0	0	1	37	633
Therapy, Rehabilitation & Counselling	0	412	1,849	6,207	0	128	565	31	111	9,303
Pharmacy	7	105	111	820	0	0	11	3	63	1,120
Services	3	1,165	3,867	2,234	0	12	151	21	73	7,526
Combined	493	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	494
Totals	2,126	5,836	23,005	110,259	159	3,390	9,137	1,190	7,684	162,786

Full-time Undergraduate Enrolments

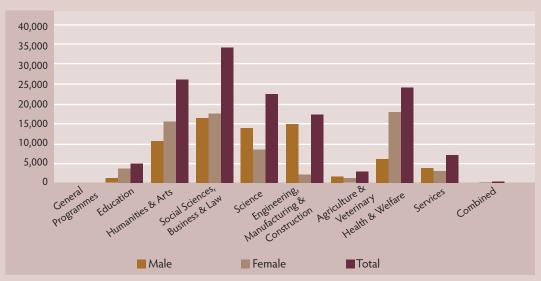
Table 3.4 Full-time Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 Vs 2010/11 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study	Field of Study as % of Total	Grand Total 2011/12	Grand Total 2010/11	% Change 2010/11-2011/12
General Programmes	0.2%	342	671	-49.0%
Education	3.7%	5,186	5,302	-2.2%
Humanities & Arts	18.6%	26,318	25,632	2.7%
Social Sciences, Business & Law	24.2%	34,195	34,496	-0.9%
Science	16.0%	22,574	21,039	7.3%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	12.4%	17,446	18,332	-4.8%
Agriculture & Veterinary	2.2%	3,053	2761	10.6%
Health & Welfare	17.2%	24,350	23,385	4.1%
Services	5.1%	7,269	6,962	4.4%
Combined	0.3%	493	512	-3.7%
Totals	100.0%	141,226	139,092	1.5%

Red cell indicates a decline in enrolments from the previous year.

 Full-time enrolments increased overall by 1.5% in 2011/12 over 2010/11. The largest increases in enrolments were seen in Science and Agriculture & Veterinary. The area of largest decrease was General Programmes.

Figure 3.4 Full-time Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions



- Females outnumber males in most disciplines with the exceptions of Science, Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction and Agriculture & Veterinary.
- The vast majority of enrolments in Engineering courses are male at 86.6%.

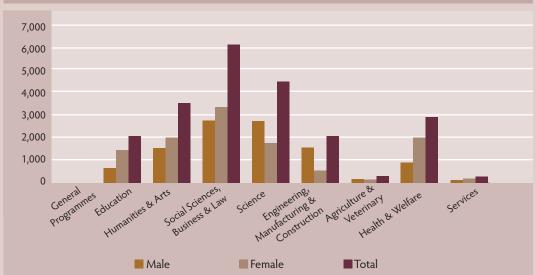
Full-time Postgraduate Enrolments

Table 3.5 Full-time Postgraduate Enrolments 2011/12 Vs 2010/11 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study	Field of Study as % of Total	Grand Total 2011/12	Grand Total 2010/11	% change 2010/11 - 2011/12
General Programmes	0.1%	11	53	-79.2%
Education	9.6%	2,063	2,186	-5.6%
Humanities & Arts	16.3%	3,504	3,593	-2.5%
Social Sciences, Business & Law	28.2%	6,078	6,230	-2.4%
Science	20.7%	4,461	4,445	0.4%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	9.5%	2,053	2,073	-1.0%
Agriculture & Veterinary	1.2%	253	277	-8.7%
Health & Welfare	13.4%	2,879	2,781	3.5%
Services	1.2%	257	240	7.1%
Combined	0.0%	1	2	N/A
Totals	100.0%	21,560	21,880	-1.5%

- Five of the ten disciplines show decreases in full-time postgraduate enrolments in 2010/11.
- Overall, there has been a decrease of 1.5% in full-time postgraduate enrolments in all HEA funded institutions on the previous year.

Figure 3.5 Full-time Postgraduate Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions



SECTION 3: Full-time Enrolment Data

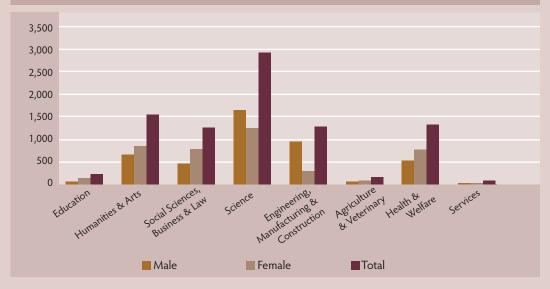
Table 3.6 Full-time Postgraduate Research Enrolments 2011/12 Vs 2010/11 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Full-time Research Postgraduate	Male	Female	All 2011/12	All 2010/11	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
PhD	3,907	3,777	7,684	7,512	2.3%
Masters Degree Research	643	547	1,190	1,457	-18.3%
Total Full-time	4,550	4,324	8,874	8,969	-1.1%

Table 3.7 Full-time Postgraduate Research Enrolment Trends 2007/08 to 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Full-time Research Postgraduate	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	% Change 2007/08-2011/12
PhD	5,219	6,330	7,414	7,512	7,684	47.2%
Masters Degree Research	2,531	2,206	1,715	1,457	1,190	-53.0%
Total Full-time	7,750	8,536	9,129	8,969	8,874	14.5%

Figure 3.6 Full-time Postgraduate Research Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions



Section 4: Part-time & Flexible Learning Enrolment Data

KEY POINTS

Combined HEA Funded Institutions

- There are 33,401 students enrolled on part-time programmes in the HEA-funded institutions.
- Part-time enrolment on Honours Bachelor Degree (level 8) programmes decreased by 3.6% between 2010/11 and 2011/12. In the same time period part-time Certificate/Diploma enrolments increased by 29.4%.
- Part-time undergraduate enrolments in Science, Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction, and Health & Welfare increased in 2011/12, with increases of 53.3%, 16.5% and 15.0% respectively.
- Overall part-time postgraduate enrolments have fallen slightly in 2011/12 with a 0.6% increase over the 2010/11 cohort.
- A total of 47.2% of part-time research students are male.
- Part-time enrolment on PhD research programmes continues to rise with an increase of 7.8% in 2011/12 from 2010/11 and by 85.1% over 2007/08 levels.
- Social Science, Business & Law is the most popular choice for part-time postgraduates followed by Health & Welfare and Education.

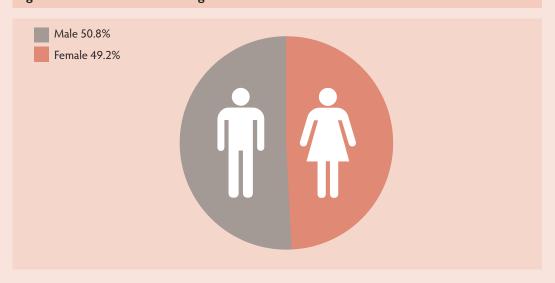
Table 4.1 Part-time Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Level for all HEA Funded Institutions

Part-time Undergraduate	Male	Female	All 2011/12	All 2010/11	% Change 2010/11 - 2011/12
Hons Bachelor Degree	2,045	2,735	4,780	4,956	-3.6%
Ordinary Degree	2,038	1,161	3,199	3,582	-10.7%
Diploma and Certificate/Higher Certificate	3,299	3,753	7,052	5,451	29.4%
Occasional	3,082	2,503	5,585	5,366	4.1%
Total Undergraduate Part-time	10,464	10,152	20,616	19,355	6.5%
Part-time Postgraduate					
PhD	519	623	1,142	1,059	7.8%
Research Master	185	166	351	370	-5.1%
Taught Master	3,187	3,675	6,862	6,383	7.5%
Postgrad Diploma and Cert	1,481	2,374	3,855	4,351	-11.4%
Occasional	140	435	575	697	-17.5%
Total Postgraduate Part-time	5,512	7,273	12,785	12,860	-0.6%
Overall Part-time Total	15,976	17,425	33,401	32,215	3.7%

Red cells indicate a decline in enrolments from the previous year.

- Part-time enrolment on Honours Bachelor Degree (level 8) programmes decreased by 3.6% between 2010/11 and 2011/12. In the same time period full-time Certificate/Diploma enrolments increased by 29.4%.
- Part-time enrolments increased overall by 3.7% from 2010/11 to 2011/12 with an increase of 6.5% in part-time undergraduate enrolments.

Figure 4.1 % Male/Female Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions



Gender split for HEA funded institutions as a whole is slightly weighted towards males at 50.8%.

Figure 4.2 % Male/Female Postgraduate Enrolments 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions

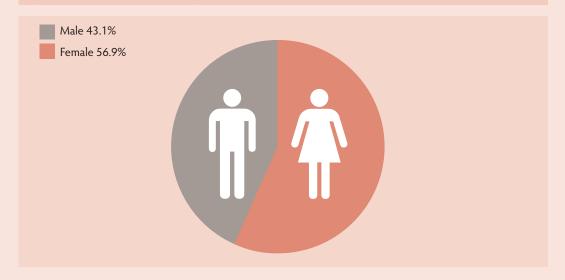


Table 4.2 Age Distribution of part-time Enrolments 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions

	М	F	Age as % of Total	2011/12 Total	2010/11 Total
17 and under	42	31	0.2%	73	136
18	56	67	0.4%	123	157
19	171	184	1.1%	355	313
20	308	276	1.7%	584	562
21	272	311	1.7%	583	483
22	309	351	2.0%	660	562
23	377	406	2.3%	783	783
24	496	474	2.9%	970	1,016
25-29	3,430	2,858	18.8%	6,288	6,615
30 and over	11,898	10,969	68.5%	22,867	21,437
Age Unknown	66	49	0.3%	115	151
Total	17,425	15,976	100.0%	33,401	32,215

SECTION 4: Part-time & Flexible Learning Enrolment Data

Table 4.3 Part-time Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 by Level and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study by Selected ISCED	Occasional	Certs/Higher Certs/Diploma	Ordinary Degrees	Hons Bachelor Degree	Postgraduate Occasional	Postgraduate Cert/ Diploma	Masters Taught	Masters Research	PhD (Level 10)	Grand Total 2011/12
General Programmes	549	422	0	1	36	26	74	0	0	1,108
Education	107	238	36	509	53	977	1,232	20	269	3,441
Humanities & Arts	764	1,132	218	389	20	90	464	45	158	3,280
Social Sciences, Business & Law	1,283	1,810	851	2,013	54	1,034	2,090	91	248	9,474
Combined Social Sciences, Business & Law	132	771	41	481	37	116	467	32	87	2,164
Journalism & Information	7					2	18	0	2	29
Business & Administration	1,084	1,025	667	1,108	15	839	1,540	49	115	6,442
Law	60	14	143	424	2	77	65	10	44	839
Science	1,000	757	435	521	14	244	1,012	65	137	4,185
Combined Science, Mathematics & Computing	179	48	3	25		23	62	5	10	355
Life Sciences	80	170	20	64	4	26	70	15	13	462
Physical Sciences	46	67	37	15		12	29	27	34	267
Mathematics and Statistics	24		7	95		52	42	3	15	238
Computer Science & Use	671	472	368	322	10	131	809	15	65	2,863
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	1,027	742	1,057	461	6	169	455	62	109	4,088
Combined Engineering	154	59	158	1		40	95	21	42	570
Mechanics and Metal work	173	27	192	60	3		0	3	2	460
Electricity and Energy	218	294	403	77			175	13	44	1,224
Chemical and Process Engineering	330	136	96	230		10	97	8	4	911
Architecture, Town Planning & Civil Engineering	152	226	208	93	3	119	88	17	17	923
Agriculture & Veterinary	21	45	9	0	37	31	4	9	5	161
Agriculture (& sub- disciplines)	21	40	8				4	6	4	83
Veterinary		5	1		37	31	0	3	1	78
Health & Welfare	484	1,645	318	858	355	1,170	1,407	53	213	6,503
Combined Health & Welfare	156	74	0	3	103	32	108	2	1	479
Medicine and Diagnostics	43	30	7	8	60	217	384	10	115	874
Nursing and Caring	151	190	0	299	191	593	459	25	54	1,962
Dental Studies		37	0	0		40	0	0	10	87
Therapy, Rehabilitation and Counselling	134	1,303	311	547	1	223	388	14	30	2,951
Pharmacy		11	0	1		65	68	2	3	150
Services	299	261	275	28		114	124	6	3	1,110
Combined	51									51
Totals	5,585	7,052	3,199	4,780	575	3,855	6,862	351	1,142	33,401

Part-time Undergraduate Data

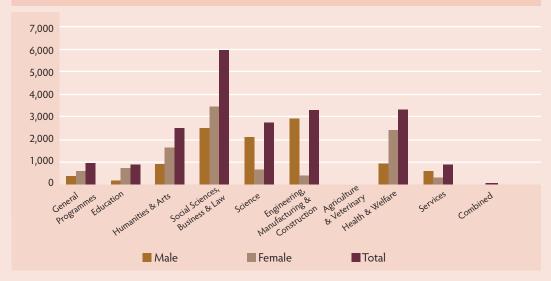
Table 4.4 Part-time Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 Vs 2010/11 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study	Field of Study as % of Total	Grand Total 2011/12	Grand Total 2010/11	% Change 2010/11-2011/12
General Programmes	4.7%	972	894	8.7%
Education	4.3%	890	994	-10.5%
Humanities & Arts	12.1%	2,503	2,466	1.5%
Social Sciences, Business & Law	28.9%	5,957	6,326	-5.8%
Science	13.2%	2,713	1,770	53.3%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	15.9%	3,287	2,822	16.5%
Agriculture & Veterinary	0.4%	75	76	-1.3%
Health & Welfare	16.0%	3,305	2,874	15.0%
Services	4.2%	863	1,078	-19.9%
Combined	0.2%	51	55	-7.3%
Totals	100.0%	20,616	19,355	6.5

Red cell indicates a decline in enrolments from the previous year.

 Part-time undergraduate enrolments in Science, Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction, and Health & Welfare increased in 2011/12, with increases of 53.3%, 16.5% and 15.0% respectively.

Figure 4.3 Part-time Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions



- Females outnumber males in most disciplines with the exceptions Science, Engineering, Manufacturing &
 Construction, Agriculture & Veterinary and Services. However, the disparity in these disciplines is greater
 than the disparity of female-dominated disciplines, resulting in fewer females than males overall.
- The vast majoring of enrolments in Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction programmes are male at 88.4%.

SECTION 4: Part-time & Flexible Learning Enrolment Data

Part-time Postgraduate Data

Table 4.5 Part-time Postgraduate Enrolments 2011/12 vs 2010/11 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study	Field of Study as % of Total	Grand Total 2011/12	Grand Total 2010/11	% change 2010/11-2011/12
General Programmes	1.1%	136	132	3.0%
Education Science	20.0%	2,551	2,539	0.5%
Humanities & Arts	6.1%	777	736	5.6%
Social Science, Business & Law	27.5%	3,517	3,785	-7.1%
Science	11.5%	1,472	1,249	17.9%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	6.3%	801	821	-2.4%
Agriculture & Veterinary	0.7%	86	74	16.2%
Health & Welfare	25.0%	3,198	3,230	-1.0%
Services	1.9%	247	294	-16.0%
Totals	100.0%	12,785	12,860	-0.6%

- Four disciplines show decreases in Part-time postgraduate enrolments in 2011/12. These are Social Science, Business & Law, Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction, Health & Welfare and services.
- Overall, there has been a decrease of 0.6% in Part-time enrolments in all HEA funded institutions on the previous year.

Figure 4.4 Part-time Postgraduate Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions

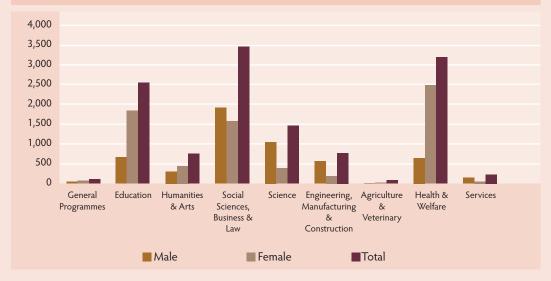


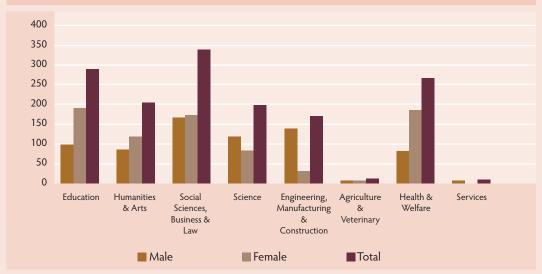
Table 4.6 Part-time Postgraduate Research Enrolments 2011/12 Vs 2010/11 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Part-time Research Postgraduate	Male	Female	All 2011/12	All 2010/11	% Change 2010/11-2011/12
PhD	519	623	1,142	1,059	7.8%
Masters Degree Research	185	166	351	370	-5.1%
Total Part-time	704	789	1,493	1,429	4.5%

Table 4.7 Part-time Postgraduate Research Enrolment Trends 2007/08 to 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Part-time Research Postgraduate	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	All 2011/12	% Change 2007/08-2011/12
PhD	617	770	920	1,059	1,142	85.1%
Masters Degree Research	629	429	450	370	351	-44.2%
Total Part-time	1,246	1,199	1,370	1,429	1,493	19.8%

Figure 4.5 Part-time Postgraduate Research Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions



SECTION 4: Part-time & Flexible Learning Enrolment Data

Flexible Learning Data including Distance Education, E-Learning & In-Service Education

Please note that not all institutions have returned data relating to this mode of delivery to the HEA. Therefore, we are aware that this may provide an incomplete picture. See below for institutions who have returned data to the HEA in respect of Distance Education, E-Learning and In-service Education:

IT Blanchardstown, Dublin City University, DIT, Galway Mayo IT, NUI Galway, NUI Maynooth, Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, IT Sligo, IT Tallaght, Trinity College Dublin, University College Cork, University of Limerick.

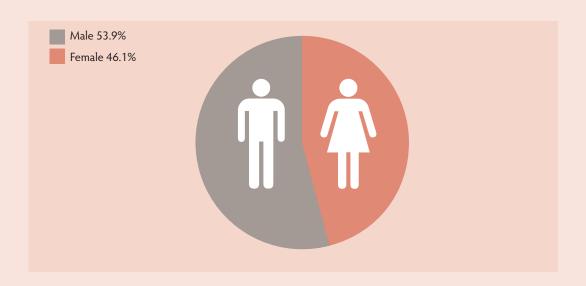
Table 4.8 Flexible Learning Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Level for all HEA Funded Institutions

Flexible Learning Undergraduate	Male	Female	All 2011/12	All 2010/11	% Change 2010/11-2011/12
Hons Bachelor Degree	650	512	1,162	1,497	-22.4%
Ordinary Degree	473	79	552	364	51.6%
Diploma and Certificate/Higher Certificate	566	296	862	874	-1.4%
Occasional	109	65	174	74	135.1%
Total Undergraduate	1,798	952	2,750	1,958	40.4%
Flexible Learning Postgraduate					
PhD	1	2	3	3	0.0%
Research Master	0	0	0	0	
Taught Master	421	324	745	594	25.4%
Postgrad Diploma and Cert	38	27	65	243	-73.3%
Occasional	117	141	258	217	18.9%
Total Postgraduate	577	494	1,071	981	9.2%
Overall Flexible Learning Total	2,375	1,446	3,821	2,939	30.0%

Figure 4.6 % Male/Female Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions



Figure 4.7 % Male/Female Postgraduate Enrolments 2011/12 for all HEA Funded Institutions

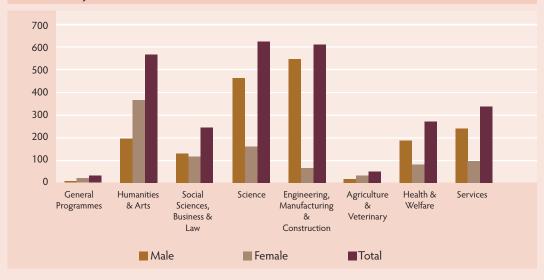


Flexible Undergraduate Data

Table 4.9 Part-time Flexible Learning Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 vs 2010/11 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study	Field of Study as % of Total	Grand Total 2011/12	Grand Total 2010/11	% Change 2010/11-2011/12
General Programmes	1.2%	33	35	-5.7%
Education	0.0%	0	0	N/A
Humanities & Arts	20.6%	567	592	-4.2%
Social Sciences, Business & Law	9.0%	248	477	-48.0%
Science	22.8%	627	305	105.6%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	22.3%	613	756	-18.9%
Agriculture & Veterinary	1.9%	52	67	-22.4%
Health & Welfare	9.9%	272	425	-36.0%
Services	12.3%	337	152	121.7%
Combined	0.0%	1	0	N/A
Totals	100.0%	2,750	2,809	-2.1%

Figure 4.8 Part-time Flexible Learning Undergraduate Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions

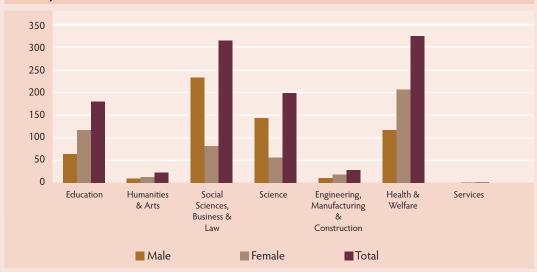


Flexible Postgraduate Data

Table 4.10 Part-time Flexible Learning Postgraduate Enrolments 2011/12 vs 2010/11 for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study	Field of Study as % of Total	Grand Total 2011/12	Grand Total 2010/11	% change 2010/11 - 2011/12
General Programmes	0.0%	0	0	N/A
Education Science	16.8%	180	217	-17.1%
Humanities & Arts	2.2%	24	20	20.0%
Social Science, Business & Law	29.4%	315	271	16.2%
Science	18.5%	198	162	22.2%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	2.6%	28	34	-17.6%
Agriculture & Veterinary	0.0%	0	0	N/A
Health & Welfare	30.3%	324	344	-5.8%
Services	0.2%	2	5	-60.0%
Totals	100.0%	1,071	1,053	1.7%

Figure 4.9 Part-time Flexible Learning Postgraduate Enrolments 2011/12 by Gender and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions



Section 5: Graduate Data

KEY POINTS

Combined HEA Funded Institutions

- A total of 59,983 students graduated from HEA funded institutions in 2011. Of this figure, 42,342 graduated from undergraduate programmes and 17,641 graduated from postgraduate programmes.
- Between them Humanities & Arts and Social Sciences, Business & Law graduates constituted 48.4% of all Honours Bachelor Degree graduates in 2011. They comprised 33.3% of all Ordinary Degrees in 2011.
- Science graduates constituted 13.0% of all Honours Bachelor Degree graduates and Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction graduates constituted 11.3% of all Honours Bachelor Degree graduates in 2011.
- Female graduates represent 53.5% of all undergraduate graduates and 57.0% of postgraduate graduates.

Table 5.1 Graduates 2011 by Gender, Level and Field of Study for all HEA Funded Institutions

				Under	gradu	ate							Postgr	aduate						Overall	
Field of Study				_	Ĭ	inary	Но	ne					Tau	ıght		arch					
(ISCED)		ficate		omas	Deg	rees	Deg	gree		ficate		omas	(Lev	sters rel 9)	(Lev	ters el 9)		nD			
	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	Total
General Programmes	151	233	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	6	0	0	14	22	0	0	0	0	165	263	428
Education	1	30	8	10	1	10	369	1,437	26	113	573	1,514	157	566	8	11	9	27	1,152	3,718	
Humanities & Arts Social Science	107	167	130	358	219	221	2,029	3,320	7	15	89	136	658	1,040	34	40	94	139	3,367	5,436	8,803
Business & Law	608	976	164	191	868	1,235	3,457	4,438	61	71	538	477	2,205	2,308	38	25	83	135	8,022	9,856	17,878
Combined Social Science, Business & Law	105	327	36	83	31	43	702	1,180	5	14	73	98	441	680	8	10	36	84	1,437	2,519	3,956
Journalism and Information	1	2	0	0	0	0	23	36	0	0	4	15	46	50	0	0	0	1	74	104	178
Business and Administration	490	628	122	101	816	1,155	2,351	2,697	56	57	374	312	1,548	1,303	30	13	29	37	5,816		12,119
Law	12	19	6	7	21	37	381	525	0	0	87	52	170	275	0	2	18	13	695	930	1,625
Science	254	145	68	42	619	270	2,002	1,582	24	19	263	144	679	386	61	72	281	231	4,251	2,891	7,142
Combined Science, Mathematics and Computing	15	9	0	0	0	0	212	293	0	0	10	12	5	12	12	12	27	33	281	371	652
Life Science	45	38	20	21	121	143	429	734	2	2	8	8	120	141	13	26	61	111	819	1,224	2,043
Physical Science	22	40	12	5	55	22	284	220	0	0	8	0	42	29	10	16	117	60	550	392	942
Maths and Statistics	3	1	0	0	0	1	145	67	9	16	73	60	36	32	11	7	24	11	301	195	496
Computer Science & Use	169	57	36	16	443	104	932	268	13	1	164	64	476	172	15	11	52	16	2,300	709	3,009
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	518	49	48	79	2,011	190	2,551	553	5	1	120	39	467	213	56	15	156	48	5,932	1,187	7,119
Combined Engineering	57	2	0	0	93	4	310	60	1	0	31	11	94	30	15	5	79	20	680	132	812
Mechanics and Metal work	92	2	0	0	362	15	343	22	0	0	0	0	1	0	16	2	8	2	822	43	865
Electricity and Energy	153	5	0	0	646	39	450	51	4	1	16	4	184	44	9	0	37	6	1,499	150	1,649
Process Engineering	44	21	12	6	132	45	295	116	0	0	21	10	90	88	4	4	14	12	612	302	914
Architecture, Town Planning & Civil Engineering	172	19	36	73	778	87	1,153	304	0	0	52	14	98	51	12	4	18	8	2,319	560	2,879
Agriculture & Veterinary	126	24	5	38	188	69	175	126	0	0	1	0	13	20	3	1	8	7	519	285	804
Agriculture (& sub- disciplines)	126	24	5	6	185	23	157	74	0	0	1	0	13	20	3	1	7	6	497	154	651
Veterinary	0	0	0	32	3	46	18	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	22	131	153
Health & Welfare	339	731	160	423	122	663	772	3,834	28	172	186	897	344	850	16	29	96	117	2,063	7,716	9,779
Combined Health & Welfare	0	0	1	13	0	0	11	38	0	12	7	4	58	124	0	2	1	2	78	195	273
Medicine & Diagnostic	0	1	83	34	15	14	373	571	20	46	57	58	98	104	13	12	74	73	733	913	1,646
Nursing and caring	18	179	5	44	2	43	122	1,789	6	105	49	635	30	171	0	4	2	13	234	2,983	3,217
Dental Studies	2	31	4	80	0	0	32	40	0	0	2	6	2	4	0	0	7	7	49	168	217
Therapy & Rehabilitation & Counselling	275	432	67	252	81	590	187	1,269	2	9	45	177	64	263	2	8	7	14	730	3,014	3,744
Pharmacy	44	88	0	0	24	16	47	127	0	0	26	17	92	184	1	3	5	8	239	443	682
Services	716	347	51	27	526	428	317	414	1	9	50	30	122	93	7	6	7	8	1,797	1,362	
Combined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
Totals	2,820	2,702	634	1,168	4,554	3,088	11,672	15,704	152	406	1,820	3,237	4,659	5,498	223	199	735	712	27,269	32,714	59,983

Data includes graduates from all levels

- Between them Humanities & Arts and Social Sciences, Business & Law graduates constituted 48.4% of all Honours Bachelor Degree graduates in 2011. They comprised 33.3% of all Ordinary Degrees in 2011.
- Science graduates constituted 13.1% of all Honours Bachelor Degree graduates while Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction graduates constituted 11.3% of all Honours Bachelor Degree graduates in 2011.
- Social Sciences, Business & Law graduates also constituted the largest undergraduate graduate bloc with 28.8%.
- Female graduates represent 53.5% of all undergraduate graduates and 57.0% of postgraduate graduates.

Table 5.2 All Undergraduate Awards for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study (ISCED)	Field as % of Total	2011	2010	% Change 2011 v 2010
General Programmes	0.9%	386	130	196.9%
Education	4.4%	1,866	1,781	4.8%
Humanities & Arts	15.5%	6,551	6,412	2.2%
Social Science Business & Law	28.2%	11,937	11,745	1.6%
Science	11.8%	4,982	4,488	11.0%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	14.2%	5,999	5,854	2.5%
Agriculture & Veterinary	1.8%	751	652	15.2%
Health & Welfare	16.6%	7,044	6,406	10.0%
Services	6.7%	2,826	2,633	7.3%
Totals	100.0%	42,342	40,101	5.6%

[•] All disciplines reported increases in graduate numbers in 2011 compared with 2010.

Table 5.3 All Postgraduate Awards for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study (ISCED)	Field as % of Total	2011	2010	% Change 2011 v 2010
General Programmes	0.2%	42	26	61.5%
Education	17.0%	3,004	3,204	-6.2%
Humanities & Arts	12.8%	2,252	2,143	5.1%
Social Science Business & Law	33.7%	5,941	6,089	-2.4%
Science	12.2%	2,160	2,048	5.5%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	6.3%	1,120	1,295	-13.5%
Agriculture & Veterinary	0.3%	53	106	-50.0%
Health & Welfare	15.5%	2,735	2,798	-2.3%
Services	1.9%	333	411	-19.0%
Combined	0.0%	1	1	0.0%
Totals	100.0%	17,641	18,121	-2.6%

Red cell indicates a decline in graduates from the previous year.

• Overall, the number of postgraduate graduates decreased in 2011 compared with 2010.

SECTION 5: Graduate Data

Table 5.4 % Breakdown of All Awards (Level 6-10) by Gender for all HEA Funded Institutions

Grade	M	F	Т
1st Class Honours	42.6%	57.4%	100.0%
2nd Class Honours (Grade 1)	39.6%	60.4%	100.0%
2nd Class Honours (Grade 2)	45.0%	55.0%	100.0%
Other Honours & Unclassified	50.9%	49.1%	100.0%
Pass	53.2%	46.8%	100.0%
Totals	45.6%	54.4%	100.0%

• Overall 86.2% of female and 89.8% of male graduates received an honour in 2011.

Table 5.5 % Breakdown of Honours Bachelor Degree (Level 8) Awards and Gender for all HEA Funded Institutions

Grade	М	F	Т
1st Class Honours	43.9%	56.1%	100.0%
2nd Class Honours (Grade 1)	39.1%	60.9%	100.0%
2nd Class Honours (Grade 2)	44.9%	55.1%	100.0%
Other Honours & Unclassified	39.8%	60.2%	100.0%
Pass	55.0%	45.0%	100.0%
Totals	42.6%	57.3%	100.0%

• Overall 91.6% of female and 94.8% of male graduates received an honour in 2011.

Table 5.6 % Breakdown of all Awards (Level 6 - 10) by Level of Award and Discipline for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study	1H1	2H1	2H2	Other Honours and Unclassified	Pass	Total
Broad Programmes	17.4%	21.6%	6.2%	22.0%	32.8%	100.0%
Education	17.4%	47.2%	14.4%	16.2%	4.8%	100.0%
Humanities & Arts	14.6%	38.2%	24.0%	16.5%	6.7%	100.0%
Social Science Business & Law	12.4%	32.7%	17.7%	26.3%	11.0%	100.0%
Combined Social Science, Business & Law	17.0%	39.5%	20.1%	17.3%	6.2%	100.0%
Journalism and Information	12.4%	43.8%	19.1%	16.3%	8.4%	100.0%
Business and Administration	10.9%	28.7%	17.0%	30.1%	13.3%	100.0%
Law	11.7%	45.4%	16.5%	21.1%	5.3%	100.0%
Science	16.7%	25.8%	14.0%	29.3%	14.2%	100.0%
Combined Science, Mathematics and Computing	14.5%	34.1%	22.0%	17.8%	11.6%	100.0%
Life Science	15.1%	31.3%	15.7%	27.4%	10.5%	100.0%
Physical Science	16.9%	23.8%	15.4%	32.8%	11.1%	100.0%
Maths and Statistics	24.0%	18.6%	11.8%	24.6%	20.8%	100.0%
Computer Science & Use	17.1%	22.0%	10.8%	32.9%	17.1%	100.0%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	10.2%	19.5%	15.3%	38.9%	16.0%	100.0%
Combined Engineering	10.7%	18.3%	15.3%	43.6%	12.2%	100.0%
Mechanics and metal work	7.3%	17.1%	13.1%	44.5%	18.0%	100.0%
Electricity and energy	10.5%	14.8%	10.6%	48.2%	15.9%	100.0%
Process Engineering	12.8%	22.4%	17.8%	36.5%	10.5%	100.0%
Architecture, Town Planning & Civil Engineering	10.0%	22.4%	18.0%	31.3%	18.4%	100.0%
Agriculture & Veterinary	5.1%	17.3%	19.4%	47.4%	10.8%	100.0%
Agriculture	5.1%	16.0%	20.4%	46.7%	11.8%	100.0%
Veterinary	5.2%	22.9%	15.0%	50.3%	6.5%	100.0%
Health & Welfare	11.3%	27.8%	16.0%	29.9%	15.0%	100.0%
Health & Welfare	19.4%	38.8%	22.3%	11.0%	8.4%	100.0%
Medicine & Diagnostics	7.7%	16.2%	10.6%	40.5%	25.1%	100.0%
Nursing and caring	10.0%	32.6%	22.8%	20.3%	14.3%	100.0%
Dental Studies	1.8%	0.5%	0.9%	49.8%	47.0%	100.0%
Therapy & Counselling	9.6%	31.9%	14.6%	32.4%	11.4%	100.0%
Pharmacy	35.3%	15.4%	7.1%	36.8%	5.4%	100.0%
Services	10.8%	19.7%	15.6%	40.9%	13.0%	100.0%
Combined	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Totals	13.1%	30.5%	17.1%	27.5%	11.8%	100.0%

SECTION 5: Graduate Data

Table 5.7 % Breakdown of Honours Bachelor Degree (Level 8) Awards by Level of Award and Discipline for all HEA Funded Institutions

Field of Study	1H1	2H1	2H2	Other Honours and Unclassified	Pass	Total
Broad Programmes						
Education	11.1%	58.3%	27.0%	3.4%	0.2%	100.0%
Humanities & Arts	11.8%	47.8%	34.2%	2.9%	3.2%	100.0%
Social Science Business & Law	14.1%	44.8%	31.6%	3.2%	6.2%	100.0%
Combined Social Science, Business & Law	12.1%	50.1%	31.6%	3.5%	2.8%	100.0%
Journalism and Information	11.9%	55.9%	25.4%	6.8%	0.0%	100.0%
Business and Administration	14.7%	40.6%	33.3%	3.2%	8.1%	100.0%
Law	15.1%	56.8%	22.7%	2.4%	2.9%	100.0%
Science	21.5%	42.7%	24.2%	4.4%	7.1%	100.0%
Combined Science, Mathematics and Computing	17.6%	43.6%	29.3%	3.4%	6.1%	100.0%
Life Science	19.3%	47.8%	25.8%	2.1%	5.0%	100.0%
Physical Science	25.8%	37.3%	25.6%	5.4%	6.0%	100.0%
Maths and Statistics	37.7%	26.9%	16.0%	14.2%	5.2%	100.0%
Computer Science & Use	20.7%	42.3%	21.5%	5.0%	10.5%	100.0%
Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	18.6%	38.2%	33.0%	2.6%	7.7%	100.0%
Combined Engineering	19.2%	37.8%	32.2%	4.6%	6.2%	100.0%
Mechanics and metal work	17.3%	40.3%	31.0%	1.6%	9.9%	100.0%
Electricity and energy	22.6%	34.7%	29.9%	1.8%	11.0%	100.0%
Process Engineering	16.8%	32.8%	34.8%	11.4%	4.1%	100.0%
Architecture, Town Planning & Civil Engineering	17.8%	40.4%	34.2%	0.1%	7.5%	100.0%
Agriculture & Veterinary	9.3%	37.2%	44.5%	0.3%	8.6%	100.0%
Agriculture	8.7%	33.3%	48.1%	0.4%	9.5%	100.0%
Veterinary	11.4%	50.0%	32.9%	0.0%	5.7%	100.0%
Health & Welfare	11.6%	39.8%	24.4%	12.8%	11.3%	100.0%
Health & Welfare	10.2%	46.9%	26.5%	16.3%	0.0%	100.0%
Medicine & Diagnostics	8.9%	20.3%	12.6%	30.8%	27.3%	100.0%
Nursing and caring	12.8%	42.8%	27.7%	9.9%	6.8%	100.0%
Dental Studies	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	43.1%	55.6%	100.0%
Therapy & Counselling	10.7%	49.3%	28.9%	4.9%	6.2%	100.0%
Pharmacy	25.9%	48.3%	23.6%	0.0%	2.3%	100.0%
Services	13.8%	37.3%	37.6%	0.0%	11.2%	100.0%
Totals	14.5%	44.1%	30.1%	4.8%	6.5%	100.0%

Section 6: Mature New Entrants

KEY POINTS

- 14% (5,500) of full-time new entrants are mature students.
- 88% (1,412) of part-time new entrants are mature students.
- 17% (6,912) of combined full-time and part-time new entrants are mature students.
- 10% (2,029) of full-time new entrants to the Universities are mature students compared to 18% (3,471) in the Institutes of Technology.
- 96% (899) of part-time new entrants in the Universities are mature compared to 77% (513) in the Institutes of Technology.
- The most popular discipline for full-time mature new entrants in the Universities is Humanities & Arts while Health & Welfare is the most popular discipline in the Institutes of Technology.
- The most popular discipline for part-time mature new entrants in the universities is Social Science, Business & Law while Engineering, Manufacturing & Technology is the most popular in the Institutes of Technology.
- Males make up the greater proportion of mature new entrants in all HEA funded institutions for both full-time (57%) and part-time (53%) learners together.
- The majority of full-time mature new entrants are in the 23-25 year age group.
- The highest proportion of full-time mature new entrants not domiciled in Ireland come from the EU at 44.7%.
- For part-time new entrants, the EU also represents the highest proportion at 56.7% of the share.
- 7.7% of full-time mature new entrant respondents to the Equal Access survey indicated that they
 had a disability.
- Full-time mature respondents to the Equal Access survey demonstrate a higher rate of disability
 for every category of disability than non-mature respondents except for those with a specific
 learning difficulty.
- The largest proportion of full-time mature new entrant respondents come from a Manual Skilled background, this contrasts with the non-mature respondents whose largest socio-economic group is Employers and Managers.

Introduction

This section outlines the trends in mature student participation in Irish higher education over recent years. It presents a demographic profile of mature new entrants (NE) in higher education and is intended to improve our understanding of mature student engagement.

For this section we have included enrolments for year one of Undergraduate Certificate, Undergraduate Diploma, Ordinary Bachelor Degree and Honours Bachelor Degree courses for our analysis. This is to keep our reporting of mature students and those who responded to the Equal Access survey consistent with any reporting from the National Access Office.

Definitions

A mature new entrant (NE) is defined as a student who was 23 or over on the 1st of January of the year of entry to the higher education institution, i.e. 1st of Jan 2011 for new entrants to the academic year 2011/12. This is consistent with the definition of the criteria for student maintenance grants.

For the purposes of this study undergraduate students include those undertaking Honours and Ordinary Degrees and undergraduate Diplomas and Certificates. Occasional students¹ are not included in the analysis, however they are included in other sections of this report.

The data is obtained through the Student Record System (SRS)².

This chapter presents summaries of key trends over recent years and detail for mature new entrants to undergraduate courses in year 1 for the academic year 2011/2012³.

¹ Occasional students are students taking intra-mural courses of lectures or laboratory instruction which do not lead directly to a third level award. Such students include individuals taking modules for their own interests, students attending access courses teaching study skills, and students taking qualifying courses for admission to postgraduate study.

² The SRS is an electronic Student Record System devised by the institutions and the HEA to allow detailed reporting of higher education students. It introduced the ISCED reporting scheme, and replaced the previous paper-based mode of data collection. To complete the SRS submission, the Registrar (or equivalent) of each institution certifies the dataset as being a true and accurate reflection of that academic year's student cohort.

³ The data excludes RCSI and National College of Ireland.

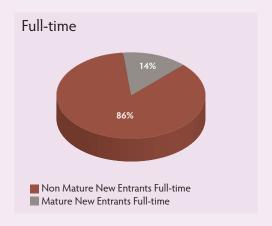
Selected trends for mature new entrants

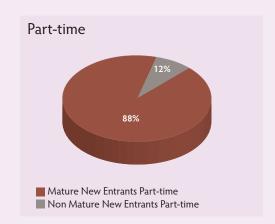
Figure 6.1: CAO Full-time Mature Entrant Applications and Acceptances as a % of all Applications and Acceptances 2008 – 2012



• Figure 1 shows that between 2008 and 2010 there was a steady rise in the proportion of mature student applications, 13.6% (9,349) in 2008 to 18.8% (14,696) in 2010. However, the proportion of both mature applicants and acceptors declined in 2011 and again in 2012. Mature applicants declined from 18.8% (14,696) of all applicants in 2010 to 17.6% (13,516) in 2012. Mature acceptors from 15.6% (7,131) of all acceptors in 2010 to 14.0% (6,467) in 2012.

Figure 6.2: Proportions of Mature and Non-Mature New Entrants for all HEA Institutions Fulltime and Part-time 2011/12





• Figure 6.2 shows that 14% (5,500) of all full-time new entrants and 88% (1,412) of all part-time new entrants were mature in 2011/12.

Figure 6.3: Full and Part-time Mature New Entrants as a % of all New Entrants for all HEA institutions 2007/08 - 2011/12

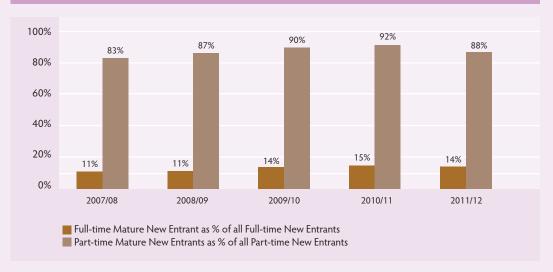


 Figure 6.3 shows that mature new entrant enrolments increased gradually over a number of years and are now decreasing very slightly.

Figure 6.4: Full and Part-time Mature New Entrants as a % of all New Entrants by Sector 2011/12

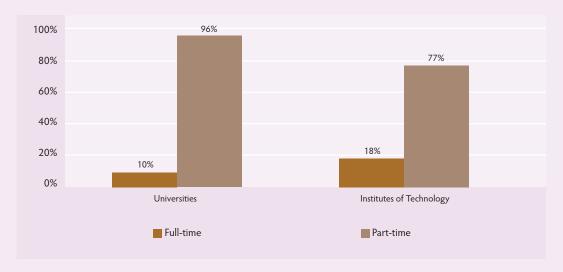
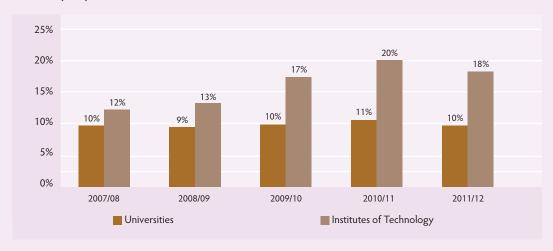


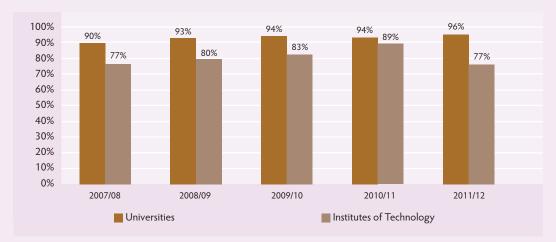
Figure 6.4 shows that full-time mature new entrants represent 10% (2,029) of all full-time new entrants in
the Universities compared to 18% (3,471) in the Institutes of Technology. Mature new entrants represent
96% (899) of all part-time new entrants in Universities compared to 77% (513) in the Institutes of
Technology.

Figure 6.5: Trends in Full and Part-time Mature New Entrants as a % of all New Entrants 2007/08 – 2011/12

Full-time (6.5a)



Part-time (6.5b)



- Figure 6.5a shows the participation of full-time mature new entrants in the two sectors over a five year period. Mature new entrant enrolments have been consistent over this period in the Universities. The Institute of Technology sector however has experienced steady growth of the proportion of full-time mature new entrants up until 2010/11. Between 2010/11 and 2011/12, the proportion dropped from 20% to 18% in this sector.
- Figure 6.5b shows part-time mature new entrants in both sectors. It is here that the Universities demonstrate the greater proportion of mature new entrants. The proportion of mature new entrant enrolments has grown steadily over the 5 year period, from 90% in 2007/08 to 96% in 2011/12. Part-time new entrant enrolments in the Institute of Technology sector have fluctuated during this time period with both increases and decreases. The latest decrease appeared between 2010/11 and 2011/12 when the proportion of mature new entrants in the Institute of Technology sector dropped from 89% to 77%.

Figure 6.6: Proportions of Full and Part-time Mature New Entrants Studying at Levels 6, 7 & 8 in the Universities 2011/12

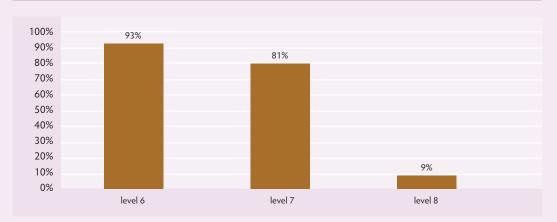
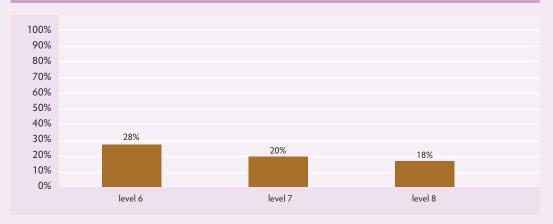


 Figure 6.6 illustrates full and part-time mature new entrant proportions for levels 6, 7 and 8. The chart shows that 9% of all level 8 (Honours Bachelor Degree) new entrants are mature students while 93% of level 6 (Undergraduate Certificate) new entrants are mature students.

Figure 6.7 Proportions of Full and Part-time Mature New Entrants Studying at Levels 6, 7 and 8 in the Institutes of Technology 2011/12



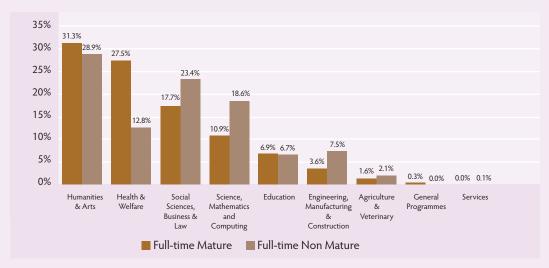
• Figure 6.7 demonstrates full and part-time mature new entrant proportions for levels 6, 7 and 8 in the Institute of Technology sector. This sector has a greater percentage of mature new entrants in level 8 programmes (18%) compared to the 9% in the Universities. However level 7 programmes are much less populated by mature students in this sector (20%) than in the University sector (81%).

Discipline Trends

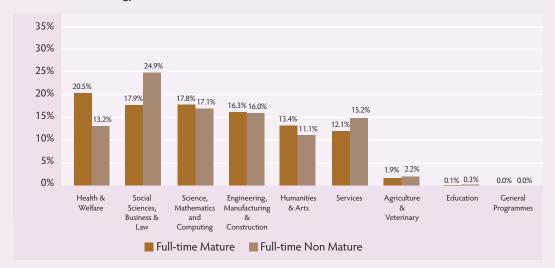
This section examines the discipline choices of both Full and Part-time mature new entrants.

Figure 6.8: Discipline of Full-time Mature New Entrants 2011/12

Universities (6.8a)



Institutes of Technology (6.8b)



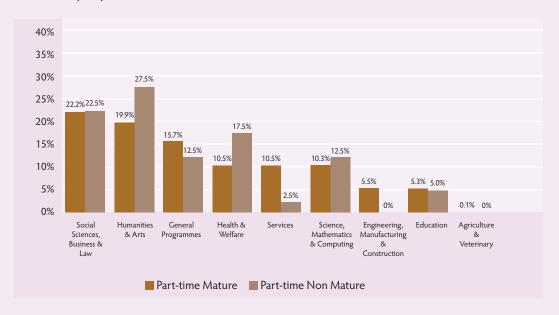
- Figure 6.8a illustrates the discipline for full-time mature new entrants in the University sector. Humanities & Arts is the most popular discipline for mature and non-mature new entrants in the Universities.
- Health & Welfare and Social Sciences, Business & Law are the
- next most popular disciplines for full-time mature new entrants in the Universities.
- The most popular discipline in the Institutes of Technology is Health & Welfare for full-time mature new entrants, followed by Social Sciences, Business & Law and Science, Mathematics

& Computing.

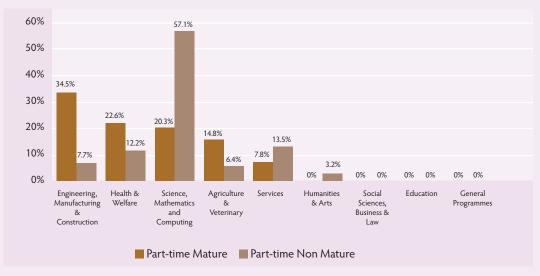
 The poularity of the different disciplines in the Universities and the Institutes of Technology demonstrates the type of discipline provision supplied to mature students in the two sectors.

Figure 6.9: Discipline Choice of Mature Part-time New Entrants 2011/12

Universities (6.9a)



Institutes of Technology (6.9b)



Social Sciences, Business & Law, and Humanities & Arts are the most popular disciplines for part-time
matures students in the Universities while Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction are the most
popular discipline choices in the Institutes of Technology.

Figure 6.10: Male & Female Mature New Entrants Full and Part-time all HEA Institutions 2011/12



Males make up the greater proportion of mature new entrants in all HEA funded institutions for both fulltime and part-time learners. However when the two sectors are separated as shown in the figure below, different patterns emerge in the Universities and Institutes of Technology.

Figure 6.11: Male & Female Mature New Entrants Full and Part-time Universities and Institutes of Technology 2011/12

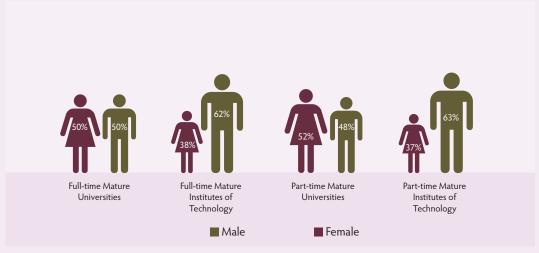


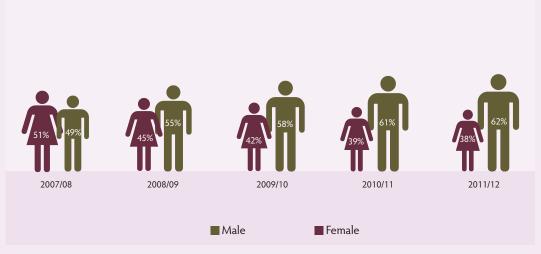
Figure 6.11 shows that the proportion of male and female mature learners is relatively balanced in the Universities while males far outnumber females in the Institute of Technology sector for both modes of study.

Figure 6.12: Male and Female Mature New Entrants Full-time Universities 2007/08 - 2011/12



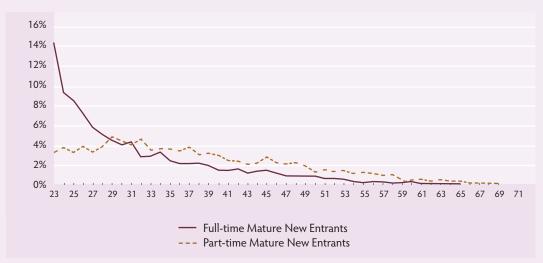
• Figure 6.12 shows a trend of the male female breakdown of full-time mature new entrants in the Universities over a five year period. The proportion breakdown has equaled out over the last three years.

Figure 6.13: Male and Female Mature New Entrants Full-time Institutes of Technology 2007/08 – 2011/12

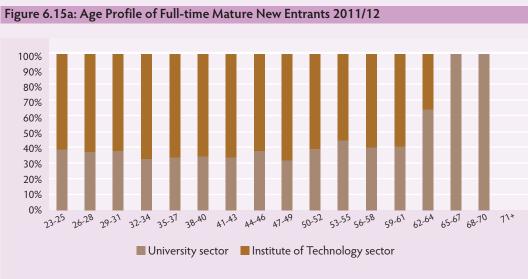


• In the Institute of Technology sector, the male to female proportion of mature learners has in fact reversed to some degree over the five year trend. In 2011/12, 62% were male compared to 49% in 2007/08.

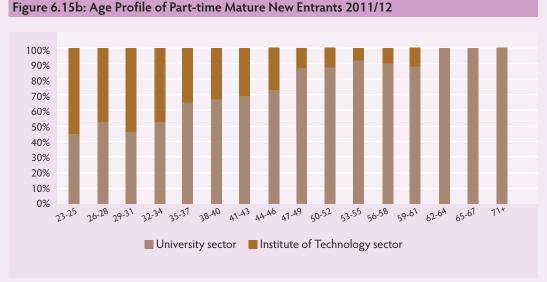
Figure 6.14: Full and Part-time Mature Students by age as a % of the Total Mature New Entrants 2011/12 all HEA Institutions



• Figure 6.14 shows that the majority of full-time mature students are in the 23-25 year age group, this is followed by a gradual decline in numbers of participation for older age groups. However for part-time learners, those aged 23 to 41 years are somewhat equally distributed.







Figures 6.15a and 6.15b illustrate the age profile of mature news entrants in the University and the Institute of Technology sectors for both full-time and part-time respectively. For full-time mature new entrants, the Institute of Technology sector enrols the greater proportion of students across the two sectors. However, the universities enrol higher proportions of older age groups. For part-time mature new entrants, the universities have a much greater share of mature new entrants from age groups 38-40 years and upwards.

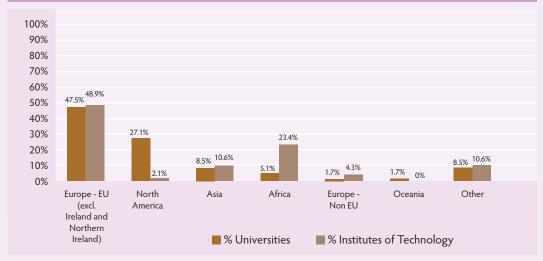
Domiciliary of Origin and Ethnicity of Full and Part-time Mature New Entrants

Figure 6.16: Domiciliary of Origin of Full and Part-time Mature New Entrants all HEA Institutions 2011/12



• The highest proportion of full-time mature new entrants not domiciled in Ireland come from Europe EU at 44.7% followed by 21.3% from North America. For part-time new entrants, the EU represents the highest proportion at 56.7% of the share, followed by 33.3% from Africa.

Figure 6.17: Domiciliary of Origin of Full and Part-time Mature New Entrants in the Universities and Institutes of Technology 2011/12



• Figure 6.17 shows the sector breakdown for domiciliary of origin of all mature new entrants excluding those with a domiciliary of origin in Ireland. In both the University sector and the Institute of Technology sector, the majority of mature new entrants come from the EU, 47.5% and 48.9% respectively. The next largest group represented in the Universities come from North America (27.1%) while in the Institutes of Technology, the next largest proportion of mature new entrants come from Africa (23.4%).

Equal Access survey data of mature new entrants

The Equal Access survey is administered to all new entrants in Higher Education Authority institutions at registration every year. The information in the following tables and figures is taken from the respondents' answers to questions in this survey. All data in this section refer to new entrants full-time year 1 Undergraduate Certificate, Diploma, Ordinary Bachelor Degree and Honours Bachelor Degree*.

Table 6.1: Respondents' Ethnic Group Full-time Mature and Non Mature 2011/12

Ethnic group	Mature Respondents	Non Mature Respondents
Irish	83.4%	92.1%
Irish Traveller	0.1%	0.1%
Any Other White Background	9.5%	4.2%
African	3.6%	1.1%
Any Other Black Background	0.2%	0.1%
Chinese	0.2%	0.6%
Any Other Asian Background	1.1%	1.1%
Other	1.8%	0.9%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Table 6.1 shows the breakdown of ethnic group for all full-time new entrants who responded to the ethnic group question in the Equal Access survey. The proportion of Irish mature new entrants is less than that of non-mature new entrants at 83.4% and 92.1% respectively. Mature respondents are also more populated in the Any Other White background group (9.5%) and African group (3.6%) background compared to non-mature respondents.

Table 6.2 Type of Disability Full-time Mature and Non-Mature 2011/12

	Mature respondents	Non mature respondents
	425	1,741
Type of disability**	As % of total mature respondents with a disability	As % of total non mature respondents with a disability
Blindness, deafness, severe hearing or vision impairment**	11.5%	8.4%
Physical condition**	20.0%	8.3%
Specific learning difficulty**	19.3%	51.9%
Psychological/Emotional condition**	28.9%	14.8%
Other including chronic illness**	38.8%	24.2%
% of people with a disability indicating support required	27.8%	37.2%

^{*}The equal access data in this section excludes the responses from the National College of Ireland (NCI) and RCSI. This is to keep the report consistent with any previously published data. However NCI is included in section 7 Equal Access Data Collection 2011/12.

^{**} % refer to proportion of disabilities as some respondents indicated more than one disability.

- Table 6.2 shows the number of people who responded to the survey and indicated that they have a disability (425 mature respondents, 1,741 non-mature respondents). It also shows the percentage of disabilities as a proportion of those who responded. The percentages measure the number of disabilities reported and not the number of people with a disability, this means that some respondents reported more than one disability.
- Mature respondents demonstrate a higher rate of disability that non mature respondents with exception to the percentage of specific learning difficulties. 19.3% of mature respondents reported this type of disability compared to 51.9% of the non-mature respondent population, who indicated a disability.

Table 6.3: Type of Disability Full-time Mature & Non Mature Respondents as a Proportion of all New Entrants 2011/12

Type of Disability*	No. of disabilities for Mature Respondents as % all Mature New Entrants	No. of disabilities for Non Mature Respondents as % all Non Mature New Entrants
Blindness, deafness, severe vision or hearing impairment*	0.9%	0.4%
Physical Condition*	1.5%	0.4%
Specific Learning Difficulty*	1.5%	2.6%
Psychological/Emotional Condition*	2.2%	0.8%
Other, including Chronic Illness*	3.0%	1.2%
	Mature	Non Mature
Respondents with a disability as % of all new entrants	7.7%	5.1%
Respondents with a disability as % of all respondents to survey	8.6%	5.6%
Those indicating support required as % of all new entrants	2.1%	1.9%

- Table 6.3 shows the proportion of disabilities as a percentage of all new entrants, categorised into mature and non-mature. The individual proportions of the various disabilities are all 3% or under of the total new entrant population.
- Mature new entrant respondents with a disability represent an estimate of 7.7% of the total mature new entrant population while the non-mature new entrant respondents with a disability represent an estimate of 5.1% of the non-mature new entrant population.

 $^{^{\}star}$ % refer to proportion of disabilities as some respondents indicated more than one disability.

Socio Economic Background of Mature New Entrants*

Socio-economic data is gathered by the Equal Access Survey at registration annually. The information below outlines the response rates by mature new entrants to the survey and the results by socio-economic group.

To replicate the report last year, the socio-economic group 'All those Gainfully Employed and Unknown' has been excluded from all socio-economic analyses in this section.

Table 6.4: Response Rates Full-time Mature New Entrants and Non-Mature New Entrants 2011/12

All New entrants 2011/12	Universities	Institutes of Technology	Total
Mature	2,029	3,471	5,500
Non Mature	18,663	15,464	34,127
% of new	entrants responding to E	qual Access survey 2011/12	
Mature	81%	95%	90%
Non Mature	88%	96%	91%
% of respondents for whom a socio-economic classification was assigned			d
Mature	44%	25%	31%
Non Mature	70%	51%	61%

Response rates to the equal access survey for mature new entrants are higher in the Institutes of
Technology sector than in the University sector. Mature new entrants demonstrate a slightly lower response
rate than non-mature respondents for both sectors. However for responses to the socio-economic
questions within the survey, the Universities demonstrate higher response rates than the Institutes of
Technology.

^{*}Section 7 Equal Access Data Collection 2011/12 includes the National College of Ireland in its analysis, however this chapter has excluded the National College of Ireland to replicate last year's report.

Table 6.5: Socio-Economic group of Full-time Mature & Non Mature Respondents for Whom a Classification was assigned all HEA Institutions 2011/12

Socio-economic group	Mature	Non Mature
Employers and Managers	15.6%	22.8%
Higher Professional	8.1%	13.3%
Lower Professional	9.0%	11.1%
Non-manual	11.9%	10.9%
Manual skilled	22.1%	13.3%
Semi-skilled	8.5%	6.2%
Unskilled	5.2%	2.6%
Own account workers	10.9%	9.8%
Farmers	7.4%	9.1%
Agricultural workers	1.3%	1.0%

The largest proportion of mature new entrant respondents come from a Manual Skilled background, this
contrasts with the non-mature respondents whose largest socio-economic group is Employers and
Managers. The smallest proportion of mature and non-mature new entrants come from the Agricultural
Worker group.

Table 6.6: Socio-Economic Group of Full-time Mature and Non Mature Respondents for Whom a Classification was assigned by Sector 2011/12

Socio-economic group	Mature Universities	Non Mature Universities	Mature Institutes of Technology	Non Mature Institutes of Technology
Employers and Managers	16.8%	24.2%	14.6%	20.6%
Higher Professional	10.8%	17.4%	5.6%	7.0%
Lower Professional	9.7%	13.0%	8.3%	8.2%
Non-manual	12.6%	10.2%	11.2%	11.8%
Manual skilled	18.8%	10.2%	25.2%	18.1%
Semi-skilled	7.1%	4.9%	9.8%	8.3%
Unskilled	3.3%	1.7%	6.9%	3.9%
Own account workers	12.1%	8.5%	9.9%	11.8%
Farmers	7.7%	9.1%	7.2%	9.0%
Agricultural workers	1.1%	0.7%	1.5%	1.3%

 Table 6.6 shows that the largest socio-economic group for mature respondents in both the Universities and the Institutes of Technology is the Manual Skilled group. For non-mature new entrants, the largest group in both sectors is the Employers and Managers group.

Table 6.7 Response rates to Equal Access Survey by Institution for Full-time Mature New Entrants 2011/2012

Institution	Response rate % 2011/12
Mater Dei Institute, Dublin	100%
National College of Art and Design	100%
St. Angela's College, Sligo	100%
St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra	100%
University of Limerick	100%
Mary Immaculate College, Limerick	93%
NUI Maynooth	91%
University College Cork	90%
Dublin City University	86%
Trinity College Dublin	85%
University College Dublin	72%
NUI Galway	36%
Athlone IT	100%
DIT	100%
Galway-Mayo IT	100%
IT Sligo	100%
IT Tralee	100%
Waterford IT	99%
Dun Laoghaire IADT	98%
IT Tallaght	96%
Letterkenny IT	94%
Limerick IT	93%
Dundalk IT	91%
IT Blanchardstown	88%
IT Carlow	80%
Cork IT	77%
Total institution response rate	90%

Section 7: Equal Access Data Collection 2011/12

KEY POINTS

- 23 out of the 28 institutes that responded to the survey had a response rate of 90-100%.
- The Institutes of Technology along with the National College of Ireland had the highest response rate to the survey at 96% overall.
- For both the University sector and the Institute of Technology sector, the largest socio-economic group is the Employers and Managers group.
- 6.1% of all respondents to the survey indicated that they had a disability compared to last year's figure of 7.4%.
- 35.7% of those respondents with a disability reported that they require additional support for their disability.
- After those with an Irish background, the majority of respondents to the Ethnic group question came from the Any Other White background group at 4.8%.

SECTION 7: Equal Access Data Collection 2011/12

Important note on the survey data in this section

The figures in this section represent full-time new entrants to year 1 of an Undergraduate Certificate & Diploma, Ordinary Bachelor Degree, and Honours Bachelor Degree. The new entrant figures in other selected sections of this report also contain occasional figures which are excluded here.*

We have also included data from the National College of Ireland (NCI) in this chapter. NCI is the only non HEA funded institution which takes the time to administer this survey therefore we decided to include their data in our Equal Access survey data analysis.

The Equal Access Survey

In 2007, twenty-six higher-education institutions gathered information from the first Equal Access Survey.

The voluntary survey collects information on the social, economic and ethnic background of new students who enter higher education for the first time. The data is crucial in the ongoing process of developing policies that increase access of underrepresented groups in higher education.

The collection is managed jointly by the National Access Office and the Statistics unit of the HEA and is carried out on an annual basis.

Since 2011, the Equal Access data has been used to fully implement the access element of the annual HEA recurrant grant allocation model for the universities as well as the first phase of access funding for the Institutes of Technology.

This funding supports the provision of access and lifelong learning initiatives by higher education institutions. These include outreach programmes and post-support services for mature students.

Since 2010 the Equal Access data has also been used to advise the allocation of the Student Assistance Fund every year to each higher education institution for the support of students in financial need.

This section presents a summary of the key trends emerging from the Equal Access data for the academic year 2011/12.

 $^{^{*}}$ RCSI do not participate in the Equal Access Survey, they are therefore omitted from this section.

Table 7.1 Response rates to the Equal Access Data Survey by Institution 2011/12 and 2010/11

Institution	Response Rate as % of all New Entrants 2011/12	Response Rate as % of all New Entrants 2010/11
National College Art & Design	100%	100%
St. Angela's College, Sligo	100%	100%
St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra	100%	63%
University of Limerick	100%	100%
Dublin City University	98%	38%
NUI Maynooth	98%	97%
University College Dublin	94%	97%
University College Cork	94%	93%
Mater Dei Institute, Dublin	92%	95%
Trinity College Dublin	90%	94%
Mary Immaculate College, Limerick	77%	95%
NUI Galway	42%	33%
Athlone IT	100%	90%
DIT	100%	100%
Galway-Mayo IT	100%	84%
IT Sligo	100%	99%
IT Tralee	100%	97%
Waterford IT	99%	95%
Cork IT	97%	93%
IT Tallaght	96%	100%
Dun Laoghaire IADT	93%	100%
Dundalk IT	93%	88%
Letterkenny IT	91%	94%
Limerick IT	91%	66%
IT Blanchardstown	82%	99%
IT Carlow	75%	100%
National College of Ireland	100%	100%

- Table 7.1 shows the response rate by higher education institutions to the Equal Access Survey 2011/12 with a comparison of the 2010/11 response rates.
- The response rates reflect an overall response rate to the survey from each institution, individual questions within the survey are then answered on a voluntary basis and have their own response rates by each institution.
- 23 out of the 28 institutions that responded to the survey had a response rate of 90-100%. 9 institutions experienced a drop in response rates between the 2010/11 and the 2011/12 survey.

Table 7.2 Response rates by Sector & selected Equal Access Survey Question 2011/12

	New Entrants 2011/12	Response to Access survey 2011/12	% of New Entrants who responded to socio-economic group questions	% of New Entrants who responded to Ethnic Group questions
Universities	20,692	87%	66%	73%
Institutes of Technology & National College of Ireland	19,415	96%	54%	49%
Total	40,107	91%	60%	61%

- Table 7.2 shows response rates by institution sector.
- The Institutes of Technology with the National College of Ireland (NCI) had the highest response rate to the survey at 96% compared to an overall rate of 87% in the Universities.

Table 7.3 Socio-Economic Group of Respondents 2011/12 & 2010/11

Socio-economic group	% of new entrant respondents socio-economic group 2011/12	
Employers and Managers	18.9%	17.9%
Higher Professional	11.0%	10.7%
Lower Professional	9.3%	8.8%
Non-manual	9.3%	9.7%
Manual skilled	11.9%	12.1%
Semi-skilled	5.5%	5.3%
Unskilled	2.4%	2.4%
Own account workers	8.4%	7.6%
Farmers	7.6%	7.9%
Agricultural workers	0.8%	0.8%
All others gainfully occupied & unknown	15.0%	16.8%

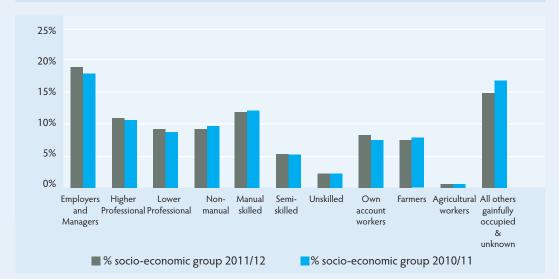


Figure 7.1 Socio-Economic Group of Respondents 2011/12 & 2010/11

- Table 7.3 and Figure 7.1 show the socio-economic group of full-time new entrant respondents.
- The Employer and Manager group has increased slightly since 2010/11 as has the Higher Professional group and the Own Account Workers group.
- The participation of new entrants in the Manual Skilled, Semi-skilled and Unskilled groups has remained more or less the same.

Table 7.4 Socio-Economic Group by Sector 2011/12 – 2010/11

	Universities		Institutes of Technology & National College of Ireland	
	2011/12	2010/11	2011/12	2010/11
Employers and Managers	21.1%	20.0%	16.0%	15.3%
Higher Professional	15.1%	14.9%	5.5%	5.7%
Lower Professional	11.4%	10.7%	6.6%	6.5%
Non-manual	9.2%	9.6%	9.4%	9.8%
Manual skilled	9.5%	9.4%	15.1%	15.3%
Semi-skilled	4.5%	4.6%	6.8%	6.1%
Unskilled	1.6%	1.7%	3.3%	3.3%
Own account workers	7.7%	7.2%	9.2%	8.1%
Farmers	8.0%	8.2%	7.0%	7.4%
Agricultural workers	0.7%	0.7%	1.0%	0.9%
All others gainfully occupied & unknown	11.1%	12.9%	20.1%	21.5%

- The largest socio-economic group in the University sector is the Employer and Manager group followed by the Higher Professional group. The participation of new entrant respondents within these groups has increased slightly between 2010/11 and 2011/12.
- In the Institute of Technology Sector, excluding all others gainfully occupied and unknown, the largest socio-economic group is also the Employers and Managers group, followed by the Manual Skilled group.

SECTION 7: Equal Access Data Collection 2011/12

Table 7.5 Respondents with a Disability 2011/12

Type of disability	% of respondents*	% of new entrants
Blindness, deafness, severe vision or hearing impairment	9.1%	0.5%
Physical Condition	10.6%	0.6%
Specific Learning Difficulty	46.0%	2.5%
Psychological/Emotional Condition	17.2%	0.9%
Other, including Chronic Illness	26.9%	1.5%

Table 7.6 Proportions of respondents with a disability

	%
% of New Entrants with a disability	5.5%
% of total respondents with a disability	6.1%
% of New Entrants requiring support	2.0%
% of respondents with a disability requiring support	35.7%

- Table 7.5 shows that the largest number of respondents who indicated a disability, reported a Learning Difficulty at 46% followed by those with a Psychological/Emotional condition (17.2%).
- Table 7.6 shows the proportions of both new entrants with a disability based on the number of respondents along with proportions of respondents to the overall survey who indicated a disability. It is estimated that 5.5% of the new entrant cohort had one or more disabilities. 6.1% of respondents to the survey indicated that they had one or more disabilities.
- 35.7% of those respondents with a disability reported that they require additional support for their disability.

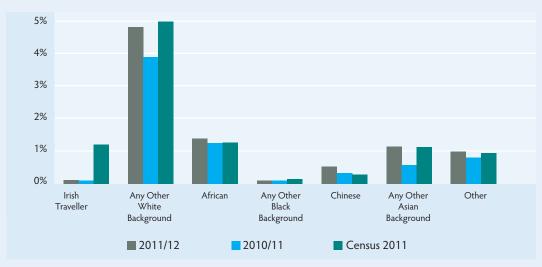
^{*}Some respondents indicated more than one type of disability.

Table 7.7 Ethnic group of respondents 2011/12

Ethnic Group	Universities	Institutes of Technology & National College of Ireland	All institutions
Irish	92.9%	87.9%	90.9%
Irish Traveller	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Any Other White Background	3.4%	7.1%	4.8%
African	0.8%	2.3%	1.4%
Any Other Black Background	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Chinese	0.6%	0.4%	0.5%
Any Other Asian Background	1.0%	1.3%	1.1%
Other	1.1%	0.8%	1.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

- Just over 90% of respondents in all HEA institutions were Irish. After those with an Irish background, the majority of respondents came from the Any Other White background ethnic group at 4.8%.
- The lowest proportion of respondents came from the Irish Traveller group and the Any Other Black Background group.

Figure 7.2 Ethnic group of respondents 2011/12, 2010/11 & Census 2011*



• Figure 7.2 (Those with an Irish background are excluded from figure 7.2) shows that the participation of respondents from the Any Other White background increased by almost 1 percentage point between 2010/11 and 2011/12. Respondents from other ethnic groups also enjoyed marginal increases in participation.

^{*}Census 2011 data taken from 15-19 year age group by ethnic group.

Section 8: Further Education and Training

KEY POINTS

- There were a total number of 7,416 further education and training enrolments in 2011/12.
- Overall, males greatly outnumber female FETAC enrolments, with males comprising 97.4% of all enrolments.
- Construction-related apprenticeships comprise 87.6% of all recruitment to FETAC apprenticeships.
- Electrical and electrical related apprenticeships form the largest single bloc of the construction-related apprenticeships with 29.4% of all apprenticeship enrolments.

The following section provides an overview of enrolments from further education and training in the Institutes of Technology. As the Institutes provide the education element of a number of Fáilte Ireland and FÁS apprenticeships they have returned this data to the HEA. This is also fulfilling their reporting obligations under existing legislation. Previously this information was supplied to the HEA via the Institutes from FÁS. The data detailed in this section includes all apprenticeship enrolments in the calendar year.

There are three bodies associated with Institute of Technology provision of apprenticeships, in addition to the HEA's funding & reporting role:

- The Further Education and Training Awards Council is the national awarding body for further
 education and training in Ireland.
- FÁS has statutory responsibility for the regulation of craft apprenticeships. Completing a FÁS Apprenticeship is the recognised means by which people are trained to become craftspeople in Ireland.
- Fáilte Ireland is the state's tourism development authority and among other roles provides training and training support for those wishing to be employed in the tourism industry.

Since 2003 FETAC assumed has responsibility for the many Certificates formerly awarded by a range of bodies including FÁS, Fáilte Ireland, NCVA, NCEA and Teagasc.

SECTION 8: Further Education and Training

Table 8.1 All Further Education and Training Enrolments carried out in the Institute of Technology Sector 2011/12

	Male	Female	Total
FETAC Certificate	320	41	361
FETAC Advanced Certificate	6,906	149	7,055
Overall Total	7,226	190	7,416

 Overall, male enrolment outnumbers female FETAC enrolment. Females comprise just 2.6% of FETAC enrolments both at Certificate and Advanced Certificate levels.

FETAC National Craft Certificates (Advanced Certificates)

Collaboration between FÁS and the Institutes of Technology allow apprentices to enter the Institutes of Technology for both phases 4 and 6 of their apprenticeship.

Programmes combine workplace, classroom and laboratory learning and are educational and training programmes for employed people. The Institutes of Technology (plus two colleges of further education) are providers for the Off-the-Job Phases 4 and 6 of the programme.

Apprentices are released by employers to attend Institutes of Technology for Phases 4 and 6 of their apprenticeship. These releases normally take place in the apprentice's second and third year of apprenticeship. On successful completion of an apprenticeship, a FETAC Level 6 advanced certificate is awarded; this is recognised nationally as the requirement for craftsperson status and has international status. According to FÁS craft apprentices are recruited into the following broad trade families;

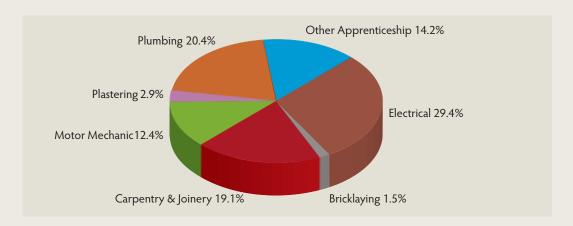
- Electrical Family
- · Engineering Family
- · Construction Family
- · Motor Family
- · Print Media Family

Table 8.2 FÁS National Craft Certificate 2011/12 Phases 4 and 6

	Male	Female	Total
FETAC Certificates & Advanced Certificate (Apprentices Phase 4 and 6)	6,517	34	6,551

 Apprenticeships are still seen as very much a male preserve and once again this is strongly reflected in the gender imbalance. Females make up 0.5% of enrolments.

Figure 8.1 Apprenticeship Enrolments by Trade Family



• Electrical and electrical related apprenticeships from the largest single bloc (29.4%) in both the construction family of trades and overall recruitment.

Section 9: International Profile of HEA Funded Institutions

KEY POINTS

- There are 152,215 full-time enrolments in the HEA funded institutions who are from Ireland. This makes up over 93% of full-time enrolments.
- A total of 10,571 full-time enrolments come from outside Ireland. Of these 30% come from the EU, 32.4% come from Asia and 28.7% come from North America.
- There has been a decline of 896 in the number of non-Irish domiciled full-time enrolments since 2010/11, when there were 11,466 such students.
- The most popular fields of study for non-Irish domiciled new entrants in 2011/12 were Humanities & Arts and Social Sciences, Business & Law.

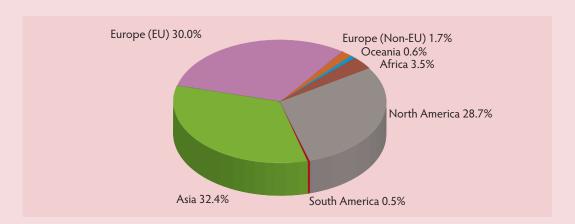
SECTION 9: International Profile of HEA Funded Institutions

Table 9.1 Domiciliary of Origin of all Full-time Enrolments 2011/12 for All HEA Funded Institutions

Country of Origin	As % of Total	М	F	Total 2011/12	Total 2010/11
Ireland (Including Northern Ireland)	93.5%	75,420	76,795	152,215	149,506
Africa	0.2%	225	144	369	531
North America	1.9%	1,006	2,026	3,032	3,309
South America	0.0%	21	29	50	41
Asia	2.1%	1,871	1,556	3,427	3,006
Europe (EU)	1.9%	1,459	1,710	3,169	3,949
Europe (Non-EU)	0.1%	64	120	184	244
Oceania	0.0%	31	30	61	67
Other & Unknown	0.2%	163	116	279	319
Total	100.0%	80,260	82,526	162,786	160,972

- All categories with exception of Ireland, Asia and South America have recorded declines in full-time enrolments from these regions in 2011/12 compared with 2010/11.
- There has been a decline of 896 in the number of non-Irish domiciled full-time enrolments since 2010/11, when there were 11,466 such students.
- There has been a significant decline of 19.8% in full-time enrolments from the EU states.

Figure 9.1 Non-Irish Domiciled Students by Region of Domicile 2011/12 for All HEA Funded Institutions



- Asia now accounts for the single largest bloc represented (when Irish domiciled students are excluded), accounting for 32.4% of enrolments. The EU states and North America are the next largest accounting for 30.0% and 28.7% respectively.
- The remaining regions account for 8.9% of overall full-time enrolments.

Table 9.2 Non-Irish Domiciled Full-time Enrolments & Country of Origin – countries with the highest numbers of such enrolments in HEA-funded institutions.

United States	2,255
China	1,412
Great Britain (excluding Northern Ireland)	1,162
Malaysia	791
Canada	714
France	451
Germany	448
India	285
Saudi Arabia	267
Italy	229

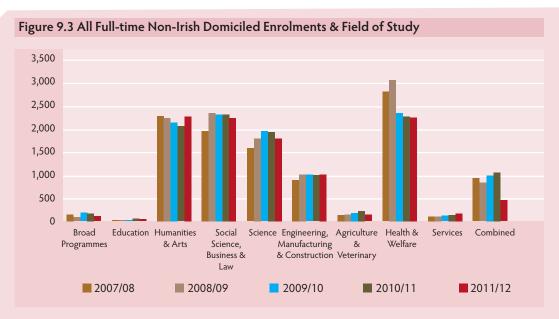
• Students from the US are the largest non-Irish domiciliary in HEA funded institutions followed by China and Great Britain. EU States account for four of the top ten non-Irish domiciled.

Figure 9.2 All Full-time Non-Irish Domiciled New Entrants & Field of Study

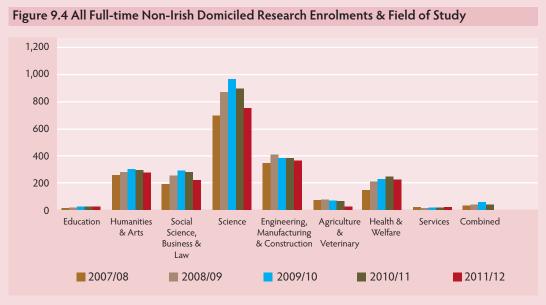


Humanities & Arts and Social Science, Business & Law, and Health & Welfare are the three most consistently
popular disciplines of study for non-Irish domiciled new entrants.

SECTION 9: International Profile of HEA Funded Institutions

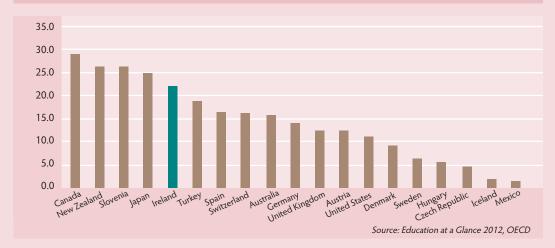


When all Full-time enrolments are taken into account Health & Welfare is the largest single discipline.



• At research level Science is by far the strongest discipline.

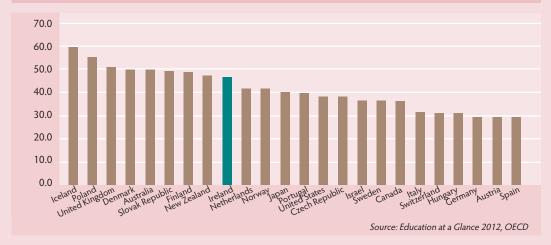
Figure 9.5 % of Tertiary Type B Graduates to the Population at Typical Age of Graduation 2008 for selected OECD Countries



Tertiary Type B graduates correspond to Higher Certificate, University Certificate, Ordinary Degree and University Diploma graduates.

 The average for selected OECD countries is 10.63%. Canada produces the highest number of tertiary type B graduates, and Ireland performs well above average at 22.0%. However, it is important to note that Tertiary Type B programmes may differ in length in different countries and in turn impact on the participation and graduation rates.

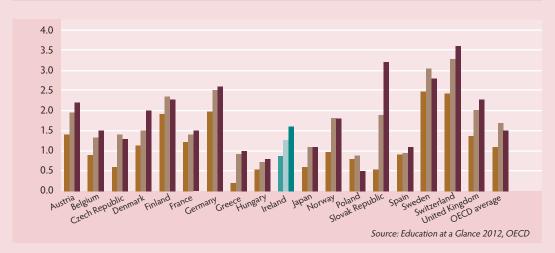
Figure 9.6 % of Tertiary Type A Graduates to the Population at Typical Age of Graduation 2008 for selected OECD Countries



Tertiary Type A graduates correspond to Honours Bachelor Degree and Masters Graduates

- Iceland continues to produce the highest output of graduates for tertiary type A education at 59.8% of the
 population at typical age of graduation.
- At 46.9% the graduation rates of the population at the typical age of graduation in Ireland for tertiary type
 A education are above the average rate (39.4%) for the selected OECD countries.

Figure 9.7 Trends in Net Graduation Rates in Advanced Research Qualifications in Selected OECD Countries, 2000, 2008 and 2010



Advanced Research Qualifications refer to Tertiary programmes that lead directly to the award of an advanced research qualification (PhD)

Table 9.3 % Increase in Graduates across Selected European Countries 2000 – 2010

Selected Countries where data is available	Tertiary-type A (first-time graduation)										
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Austria	15	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	25	29	30
Czech Republic	14	14	15	17	20	23	29	35	36	38	38
Denmark	37	39	41	43	44	46	45	47	47	47	50
Finland	41	45	49	48	47	47	48	48	63	44	49
Germany	18	18	18	18	19	20	21	23	25	28	30
Greece	15	16	18	20	24	25	21	18	m	m	m
Hungary	m	m	m	m	29	32	30	29	30	30	31
Ireland	30	29	32	37	39	38	39	45	46	47	47
Italy	19	21	25	m	36	41	39	35	33	33	32
Japan	29	32	33	34	35	37	39	39	39	40	40
Netherlands	35	35	37	38	40	42	43	43	41	42	42
New Zealand	50	51	46	49	50	51	52	48	48	50	47
Norway	37	40	38	39	45	41	43	43	41	41	42
Poland	34	40	43	44	45	47	47	49	50	50	55
Portugal	23	28	30	33	32	32	33	43	45	40	40
Slovak Republic	m	m	23	25	28	30	35	39	57	61	49
Slovenia	m	m	m	m	m	18	21	20	20	27	29
Spain	29	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	27	27	30
Sweden	28	29	32	35	37	38	41	40	40	36	37
United Kingdom	42	43	43	45	47	47	47	46	48	48	51
United States	34	33	32	32	33	34	36	37	37	38	38
OECD average	28	30	31	33	35	35	36	38	38	38	39

• All the countries above have displayed an increase in net graduation rates between 2000 and 2010. At 68.3%, the percentage increase for Ireland during this period is above the OECD average of 38.1%.

Section 10:

Department of Education and Skills (DES) & Other Department Aided Institutions and Privately Funded Institutions

KEY POINTS

Department of Education and Skills (DES) & Other Department Aided Institutions

- There are 4,643 students enrolled in DES and Other Department Aided Institutions.
- 54.4% of enrolments to DES and Other Department Aided Institutions are undertaking an Honours Degree.
- There is slightly higher participation among females than males in the DES and other Department Aided Institutions, with 50.6% female participation.
- Enrolment at postgraduate level accounts for 17.6% in DES and Other Department Aided Institutions.

Privately Funded Institutions

- There are 943 students enrolled in Privately Funded Institutions who reported to the HEA.
- 25.8% of enrolments to Privately Funded Institutions are undertaking an undergraduate programme for those institutions who reported to the HEA.
- There is slightly higher participation among females than males in the Privately Funded Institutions, with 52.6% female participation.
- Enrolments in privately funded institutions have an older age profile than DES and other Department Aided Institutions.

Table 10.1 Full-time and Part-time Enrolment 2011/12 for the Department Other Aided Sector

Total Full-time and Part-time	Department of Education & Skills and Other Department Aided Institutions			Privately Funded Institutions				
	М	M F T		М	F	Т		
UNDERGRADUATE								
Hons Bachelor Degree	1242	1287	2529	10	15	25		
Ordinary Bachelor Degree	214	197	411	5	4	9		
Diploma & Certificate	232	300	532	118	91	209		
Occasional	191	165	356	0	0	0		
Total UG	1,879	1,949	3,828	133	110	243		
POSTGRADUATE								
PHD	57	42	99	0	0	0		
Masters	178	188	366	313	359	672		
Postgraduate Diploma & Cert	118	151	269	1	27	28		
Occasional	61	20	81	0	0	0		
Total PG	414	401	815	314	386	700		
TOTAL	2,293	2,350	4,643	447	496	943		

- There are 4,643 students enrolled in DES and Other Department Aided Institutions.
- 54.4% of enrolments to DES and Other Department Aided Institutions are undertaking an Honours Degree.
- There are 943 students enrolled in Privately Funded Institutions who reported to the HEA.
- 25.8% of enrolments to Privately Funded Institutions are undertaking an undergraduate programme for those institutions who reported to the HEA.
- It is important to note that no direct comparison can be made with previous years for the Privately Funded Institutions as they are under no obligation to report to the HEA and we are unable to guarantee that the same institutions will report every year.

Figure 10.1 Full-time and Part-time Enrolments in Other Department Aided Colleges at Undergraduate and Postgraduate Level

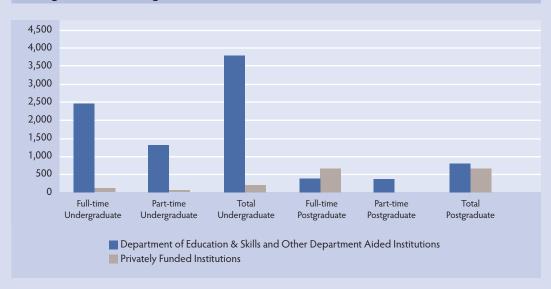
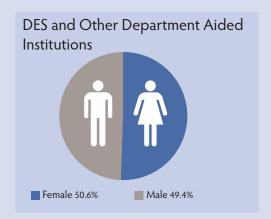
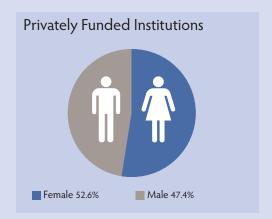


Figure 10.2 Gender Breakdown of Total Enrolments in Other Aided Colleges 2011/12





• Mirroring the University sector, the overall gender breakdown is slightly biased towards females.

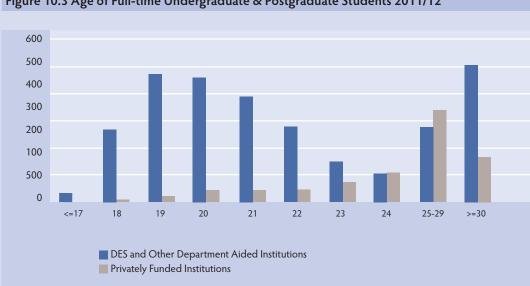


Figure 10.3 Age of Full-time Undergraduate & Postgraduate Students 2011/12

The age distribution of students enrolled in DES and Other Department Aided Institutions shows a younger
age profile than those who enrolled in private institutions. Those whose age group is unknown have been
removed from chart.

Several institutions did not return any New Entrant data and therefore a comparison between the two sectors was not possible.

Section 11: Staffing Statistics

KEY POINTS

- There are 17,701 core whole-time equivalent (WTE) staff employed in HEA Funded Institutions in 2011.
- Staffing numbers have decreased since the introduction of the Employment Control Framework (ECF) in 2009. The ECF has imposed reductions in the number of staff employed in the institutions.

Universities and Colleges

- There are 10,300 WTE core staff employed in Universities and Colleges, of which 4,701 are academic and 5,599 are non-academic.
- There are 4,172 research/specialist staff employed. Of these, 2,345 are funded through the Irish Exchequer.
- Core staff numbers have decreased by 12% since 2008 and the introduction of the ECF.
- Over 57% of academic staff employed are male. At professorial level, 81% of staff are male. Nearly 65% of non-academic staff employed in the Universities are female.

Institutes of Technology

- There are 7,401 WTE core staff employed in Institutes of Technology, of which 4,518 are academic and 2,883 are non-academic.
- There are 708 research staff employed. Of these 310 are funded through the Irish Exchequer.
- Core staff numbers have decreased by 11.7% since 2008 and the introduction of the ECF.
- 57.5% of academic staff employed are male. At senior lecturer level, 70.9% of staff are male. Nearly 59% of non-academic staff employed in the Institutes of Technology are female.

Staff statistics are collected from the HEA funded institutions on a quarterly basis (March, June, September and December). Details of academic, non-academic, research and other specialist staff are collected as part of these returns.

Table 11.1 Staffing Levels for the University Sector at December 2011 (WTEs)

	Academic Staff	Non- Academic Staff	Total Core Staff	Exchequer Funded Research Staff	Non-Exchequer Funded Research / Other Specialist Staff	Total
University College Dublin	944	1,140	2,084	577	317	2,978
University College Cork	701	1,013	1,714	438	355	2,507
NUI Galway	732	818	1,551	304	148	2,003
NUI Maynooth	260	287	547	133	69	749
Trinity College Dublin	680	1,072	1,752	444	623	2,819
University of Limerick	498	521	1,019	176	240	1,436
Dublin City University	472	404	875	268	66	1,209
Mary Immaculate College	127	128	255	1	7	264
St. Patrick's College	136	75	211	4	0	214
NCAD	68	71	139	0	1	140
Mater Dei	27	16	43	0	0	43
St. Angela's College	56	55	110	0	0	110
Total	4,701	5,599	10,300	2,345	1,827	14,472

[•] There are 10,300 WTE core staff employed in Universities and Colleges, of which 4,701 (45.6%) are academic and 5,599 (54.4%) are non-academic.

There are 4,172 research/specialist staff employed. Of these, 2,345 are funded through the Irish Exchequer.

Table 11.2 Staffing Levels for Institute of Technology Sector at December 2011 (WTEs)

	Academic Staff	Non- Academic Staff	Total Core Staff	Exchequer Funded Research Staff	Non-Exchequer Funded Research / Other Specialist Staff	Total
Athlone IT	248	196	444	34	31	509
IT Blanchardstown	115	76	191	0	19	210
IT Carlow	194	125	319	4	37	359
Cork IT	578	307	885	68	9	962
Dundalk IT	268	159	427	13	58	498
IADT	117	73	190	3	9	202
Galway-Mayo IT	352	272	624	10	13	647
Letterkenny IT	179	140	319	9	7	335
Limerick IT	293	164	457	3	34	494
IT Sligo	262	158	420	1	40	461
IT Tallaght	190	114	304	7	24	335
IT Tralee	201	105	306	13	0	319
Waterford IT	501	255	756	50	84	890
Dublin IT	1,020	739	1,759	95	33	1,888
Total	4,518	2,883	7,401	310	398	8,109

[•] There are 7,401 WTE core staff* employed in Institutes of Technology, of which 4,518 (61%) are academic and 2,883 (39%) are non-academic.

There are 708 research/other specialist staff employed. Of these 310 are funded through the Irish Exchequer.

^{*} Note: A number of posts funded from the Student Services Charge (c. 100 posts) are included in Core Staff

Figure 11.1 Core Academic and Non-Academic Staff in the HEA funded Institutions at December 2011 (WTEs)

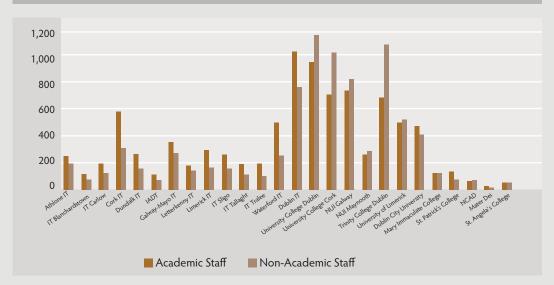


Table 11.3 Staffing Trends Universities 2007-2011 (WTEs)

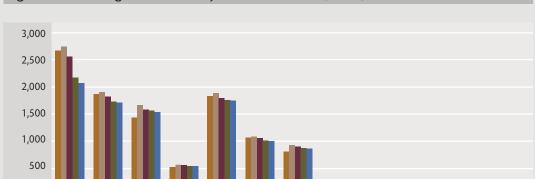
	_	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Change	Change
	Academic	1.1/0	1 100	1.004	1.002	944	10-11 -5.9%	07-11 -18.7%
	Non academic	1,160	1,190	1,084	1,003		-5.9% -4.1%	-18.7%
University		1,519	1,562	1,483	1,188	1,140		
College Dublin	Research - Academic	561	623	704	630	563	-10.6%	0.4%
Dubiiii	Research - Non Academic	5	4	12	274	331	20.9%	6529.0%
	Total	3,245	3,379	3,283	3,095	2,978	-3.8%	-8.2%
	Academic	748	781	742	709	701	-1.0%	-6.2%
Univeristy	Non academic	1,135	1,131	1,081	1,032	1,013	-1.9%	-10.8%
College Cork	Research - Academic	478	521	588	545	519	-4.7%	8.6%
8	Research - Non Academic	206	242	258	264	274	3.6%	33.4%
	Total	2,567	2,674	2,669	2,550	2,507	-1.7%	-2.3%
	Academic	649	781	757	734	732	-0.2%	12.9%
	Non academic	803	890	842	835	818	-1.9%	1.9%
NUI Galway	Research - Academic	337	401	411	402	413	2.8%	22.5%
	Research - Non Academic	70	45	47	44	39	-12.0%	-44.5%
	Total	1,859	2,116	2,057	2,015	2,003	-0.6%	7.7%
	Academic	249	262	256	262	260	-0.8%	4.4%
	Non academic	291	319	309	290	287	-1.0%	-1.4%
NUI	Research - Academic	277	233	175	177	149	-15.8%	-46.2%
Maynooth	Research - Non Academic	4	4	17	53	53	0.8%	1418.6%
	Total	821	817	756	782	749	-4.2%	-8.7%
	Academic	741	758	710	696	680	-2.3%	-8.2%
Trinity	Non academic	1,099	1,134	1,093	1,080	1,072	-0.8%	-2.5%
College	Research - Academic	598	686	710	705	680	-3.5%	13.7%
Dublin	Research - Non Academic	50	67	67	460	387	-16.0%	673.5%
	Total	2,488	2,644	2,579	2,941	2,819	-4.2%	13.3%
	Academic	510	522	510	502	498	-0.8%	-2.3%
	Non academic	569	577	555	530	521	-1.6%	-8.4%
University of	Research - Academic	164	171	183	274	293	7.0%	78.8%
Limerick	Research - Non Academic	48	53	60	123	123	0.0%	156.3%
	Total	1,291	1,323	1,308	1,428	1,436	0.5%	11.2%
	Academic	378	502	485	477	472	-1.2%	24.8%
	Non academic	441	442	426	409	404	-1.3%	-8.4%
Dublin City	Research - Academic	211	241	306	288	264	-8.5%	24.9%
University	Research - Non Academic	0	41	49	68	70	2.1%	2 1.770
	Total	1,030	1,226	1,267	1,243	1,209	-2.7%	- 17.4%
	Academic	4,434	4,796	4,544	4,382	,	-2.7%	-3.3%
		'	,	'	'	4,287		
T . 1	Non academic	5,858	6,054	5,788	5,363	5,255	-2.0%	-10.3%
Total	Research - Academic	2,626	2,875	3,077	3,020	2,881	-4.6%	9.7%
	Research - Non Academic	382	455	509	1,288	1,277	-0.8%	234.2%
	Total	13,301	14,180	13,918	14,053	13,701	-2.5%	3.0%

Table 11.4 Staffing Trends Colleges 2007-2011 (WTEs)

_		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Change 10-11	Change 07-11
	Academic	177	146	141	138	136	-1.1%	-23.2%
	Non academic	93	81	79	76	75	-1.3%	-19.8%
St. Patrick's College	Research - Academic	13	10	5	2	2	0.0%	-81.6%
Conce	Research - Non Academic	2	3	3	2	2	0.0%	-25.0%
	Total	285	239	228	217	214	-1.2%	-24.7%
	Academic	28	27	26	27	27	0.0%	-5.2%
	Non academic	19	19	17	16	16	0.0%	-14.6%
Mater Dei	Research - Academic	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
	Research - Non Academic	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
	Total	48	46	43	43	43	0.0%	-9.0%
	Academic	128	136	134	129	127	-1.2%	-0.4%
Mary	Non academic	119	129	133	129	128	-1.2%	7.0%
Immaculate	Research - Academic	17	28	16	15	0	-100.0%	-100.0%
College	Research - Non Academic	1	3	3	3	8	144.9%	503.6%
	Total	266	296	287	277	264	-4.7%	-0.8%
	Academic	74	78	73	69	68	-1.4%	-7.3%
	Non academic	69	72	74	72	71	-1.1%	3.5%
NCAD	Research - Academic	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
	Research - Non Academic	0	0	0	0	1	-	-
	Total	142	150	148	141	140	-0.5%	-1.3%
	Academic	60	58	53	57	56	-2.6%	-7.5%
6.4.11	Non academic	52	60	58	54	55	1.9%	5.8%
St Angela's College	Research - Academic	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
	Research - Non Academic	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
	Total	112	118	110	111	110	-0.5%	-1.3%
	Academic	467	445	427	420	414	-1.3%	-11.3%
	Non academic	352	362	362	346	344	-0.7%	-2.1%
Total	Research - Academic	30	37	21	17	2	-86.7%	-92.2%
	Research - Non Academic	3	5	6	5	11	123.2%	225.0%
	Total	852	849	815	788	772	-2.1%	-9.4%

[•] Since December 2008, reductions of 12% in core staffing numbers have been required in the HEA funded institutions as a result of the introduction of the Employment Control Framework.

[•] Growth in research and other non-Exchequer funded posts has not been restricted as part of the ECF.



University of Limerick Dublin City University

2009

Trinity College Dublin

2008

NUI Maynooth Mater Dei

2010

Mary Immaculate College

2011

St. Patrick's College

Figure 11.2: Staffing in the University Sector 2007-2011 (WTEs)

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Jniversity College Dublin Univeristy College Cork NUI Galway

2007

Table 11.5: Staffing Trends Institutes of Technology 2007-2011 (WTEs)

Academic			2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Change 10-11	Change 07-11
Athlone IT Research - Academic Research - Non Academic Total		Academic	226		255	254	248	_	
Research - Non Academic 1 32 31 49 47 4.9% 5466.9% 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		Non academic	222	242	218	198	196	-1.4%	-12.0%
Research - Non Academic Total 450 547 504 522 509 -2.5% 13.2%	Athlone IT	Research - Academic				20	19	-6.1%	
Academic 112 120 134 120 115 -4.2% 3.0% Non academic 91 83 83 72 76 5.5% -15.9% Research - Academic 0 0 14 11 -17.9% -		Research - Non Academic	1	32	31	49	47	-4.9%	5466.9%
Non academic 91 83 83 72 76 5.5% -15.9%		Total	450	547	504	522	509	-2.5%	13.2%
Research - Academic Research - Non Academic Research - Academic Research - Academic Research - Academic Research - Non Acade		Academic	112	120	134	120	115	-4.2%	3.0%
Research - Academic Research - Non Academic Research - Non Academic Total 203 203 218 216 210 -2.7% 3.8% -2.7% 3.8% Academic 220 222 212 199 194 -2.8% -12.1% Non academic 145 153 142 116 125 7.8% -13.9% 17 18 16 22 40.8% 1938.0% 17 18 16 22 40.8% 1938.0% 18 18 -24.5% 1938.0% 18 18 -24.5% 1938.0% 18 18 -24.5% 1938.0% 18 18 -24.5% 1938.0% 18 18 -24.5% 1938.0% 18 18 -24.5% 1938.0% 18 18 -24.5% 1938.0% 18 18 -24.5% 1938.0% 18 -24.5% 1		Non academic	91	83	83	72	76	5.5%	-15.9%
Research - Non Academic Total 203 203 218 216 210 -2.7% 3.8%	1	Research - Academic				14	11	-17.9%	
Academic 220 222 212 199 194 -2.8% -12.1% Non academic 145 153 142 116 125 7.8% -13.9% 1938.0% 1638.0% 1638.	Blanchardstown	Research - Non Academic	0	0	0	10	7	-23.1%	-
Non academic		Total	203	203	218	216	210	-2.7%	3.8%
Transistant		Academic	220	222	212	199	194	-2.8%	-12.1%
Transistant		Non academic	145	153	142	116	125	7.8%	-13.9%
Research - Non Academic 24 18 -24.5% Total 367 379 358 355 359 1.1% -2.2% Academic 652 656 608 598 578 -3.4% -11.4% Non academic 328 328 310 299 307 2.6% -6.5% Research - Academic 29 26 37 2 3 53.0% 166.8% Research - Non Academic 700 1,010 955 961 962 0.2% -4.7% Academic 967 954 1,111 1,044 1,020 -2.3% 5.5% Non academic 944 1,024 817 755 739 -2.1% -21.7% Politic Research - Academic 107 148 123 3 5 83.3% 20.7% Research - Non Academic 107 148 123 3 5 83.3% 20.7% Total 2,018 2,126 2,051 1,959 1,888 -3.6% -6.5% Academic 300 300 291 274 268 -2.2% -10.6% Non academic 205 204 198 159 159 -0.4% -22.6% Dundalk IT Research - Academic Research - Non Academic 23 40 34 19 18 -5.3% 209.3% Total 528 543 522 513 498 -2.9% -5.7% IADT Research - Academic 89 88 84 74 73 -1.1% -17.7% Research - Non Academic 1 3 5 7 29.2% -9.0% Total 219 217 206 208 202 -3.2% -8.1% -8.9% Galway-Mayo IT Research - Academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% -8.9% Galway-Mayo IT Research - Non Academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% -8.9% Galway-Mayo IT Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% 85.3% -35.3%	IT Carlow					16	22	40.8%	
Academic Academic		Research - Non Academic	2	4	4	24	18	-24.5%	1938.0%
Non academic 328 328 310 299 307 2.6% -6.5%		Total	367	379	358	355	359	1.1%	-2.2%
Research - Academic Research - Non Academic Pof		Academic	652	656	608	598	578	-3.4%	-11.4%
Research - Non Academic 29 26 37 62 75 21.6% 166.8% 166.8% 160.8		Non academic	328	328	310	299	307	2.6%	-6.5%
Research - Non Academic Total 1,009 1,010 955 961 962 0.2% -4.7%	Cork IT	Research - Academic				2	3	53.0%	
Academic 967 954 1,111 1,044 1,020 -2.3% 5.5% Non academic 944 1,024 817 755 739 -2.1% -21.7% Research - Academic 107 148 123		Research - Non Academic	29	26	37	62	75	21.6%	166.8%
Non academic 944 1,024 817 755 739 -2.1% -21.7%		Total	1,009	1,010	955	961	962	0.2%	-4.7%
DIT Research - Academic Research - Non Academic Research - Academic Research - Academic Research - Academic Research - Non Academic Research - Non Academic Research - Non Academic Research		Academic	967	954	1,111	1,044	1,020	-2.3%	5.5%
Research - Non Academic 107		Non academic	944	1,024	817	755	739	-2.1%	-21.7%
Research - Non Academic Total 2,018 2,126 2,051 1,959 1,888 -3.6% -6.5%	DIT	Research - Academic	407	4.40	400	3	5	83.3%	20 70/
Academic 300 300 291 274 268 -2.2% -10.6% Non academic 205 204 198 159 159 -0.4% -22.6% Research - Academic 23 40 34 19 18 -5.3% 209.3% Total 528 543 522 513 498 -2.9% -5.7% Academic 129 128 120 119 117 -1.2% -9.0% Non academic 89 88 84 74 73 -1.1% -17.7% Research - Academic 1 1 3 5 7 29.2% 960.0% Total 219 217 206 208 202 -3.2% -8.1% Academic 397 394 372 361 352 -2.3% -11.3% Non academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% Galway-Mayo IT Research - Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% 85.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 85.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 36.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17		Research - Non Academic	107	148	123	157	123	-21.5%	20.7%
Non academic 205 204 198 159 159 -0.4% -22.6%		Total	2,018	2,126	2,051	1,959	1,888	-3.6%	-6.5%
Dundalk IT Research - Academic Research - Non Academic 23 40 34 19 18 -5.3% -5.3% -5.3% -5.2% 209.3% Total 528 543 522 513 498 -2.9% -5.7% -5.7% Academic 129 128 120 119 117 -1.2% -9.0% -9.0% Non academic 89 88 84 74 73 -1.1% -17.7% -17.7% Research - Non Academic 1 1 3 5 7 29.2% -90.0% 960.0% Total 219 217 206 208 202 -3.2% -8.1% Academic 397 394 372 361 352 -2.3% -11.3% Non academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% Galway-Mayo IT Research - Academic Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% -35.4% 85.3%		Academic	300	300	291	274	268	-2.2%	-10.6%
Research - Non Academic 23 40 34 61 53 -12.5% 209.3%		Non academic	205	204	198	159	159	-0.4%	-22.6%
Research - Non Academic 528 543 522 513 498 -2.9% -5.7%	Dundalk IT	Research - Academic	22	40	2.4	19	18	-5.3%	200 20/
Academic 129 128 120 119 117 -1.2% -9.0% Non academic 89 88 84 74 73 -1.1% -17.7% PResearch - Academic Research - Non Academic Total 219 217 206 208 202 -3.2% -8.1% Academic Non academic 397 394 372 361 352 -2.3% -11.3% Non academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% Proceedings of the search - Academic Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% 85.3% Research - Non Academic Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2%		Research - Non Academic	23	40	34	61	53	-12.5%	209.3%
Non academic 89 88 84 74 73 -1.1% -17.7%		Total	528	543	522	513	498	-2.9%	-5.7%
Research - Academic Research - Non Academic 1 1 3 5 7 29.2% 960.0%		Academic	129	128	120	119	117	-1.2%	-9.0%
Research - Non Academic Total 219 217 206 208 202 -3.2% -8.1% Academic Non academic Non academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% Research - Academic Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% 85.3%		Non academic	89	88	84	74	73	-1.1%	-17.7%
Research - Non Academic Total 219 217 206 208 202 -3.2% -8.1% Academic Non academic Non academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% Galway-Mayo IT Research - Academic Research - Non Academic	IADT	Research - Academic	1	1	2	5	7	29.2%	0/0.00/
Academic 397 394 372 361 352 -2.3% -11.3% Non academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% Galway-Mayo IT Research - Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 85.3%		Research - Non Academic	1	'	3	10	4	-62.0%	960.0%
Non academic 299 298 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% -8.9% 280 280 268 272 1.4% -8.9% 280		Total	219	217	206	208	202	-3.2%	-8.1%
Galway-Mayo IT Research - Academic 12 14 17 18 12 -35.4% 85.3% Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 85.3%		Academic	397	394	372	361	352	-2.3%	-11.3%
Research - Non Academic 12 14 17 11 11 -3.2% 85.3%		Non academic	299	298	280	268	272	1.4%	-8.9%
Research - Non Academic 11 11 -3.2%	Galway-Mayo IT	Research - Academic	12	1.4	17	18	12	-35.4%	0.5.20/
Total 708 706 669 658 647 -1.7% -8.7%		Research - Non Academic	12	14	17	11	11	-3.2%	03.3%
		Total	708	706	669	658	647	-1.7%	-8.7%

Table 11.5 (Ctd): Staffing Trends Institutes of Technology 2007-2011 (WTEs)

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Change 10-11	Change 07-11
	Academic	200	198	178	193	179	-7.6%	-10.5%
	Non academic	163	136	164	148	140	-5.1%	-13.8%
Letterkenny IT	Research - Academic	9	8	14	1	0	-100.0%	82.9%
	Research - Non Academic	9	0	14	20	16	-17.2%	02.9%
	Total	372	341	355	362	335	-7.4%	-9.7%
	Academic	293	308	307	299	293	-2.2%	-0.1%
	Non academic	181	200	194	157	164	4.2%	-9.6%
Limerick IT	Research - Academic	1	1	6	15	15	2.3%	3674.0%
	Research - Non Academic	'	,	O	29	22	-21.9%	J07 4.070
	Total	475	508	508	500	494	-1.2%	4.0%
	Academic	292	301	294	269	262	-2.6%	-10.3%
	Non academic	186	180	167	158	158	0.0%	-15.3%
IT Sligo	Research - Academic	8	7	9	27	27	0.0%	412.5%
	Research - Non Academic	J	,	,	13	14	7.7%	112.570
	Total	486	488	470	467	461	-1.3%	-5.2%
	Academic	199	212	208	192	190	-1.1%	-4.9%
	Non academic	139	143	133	118	114	-4.0%	-18.4%
IT Tallaght	Research - Academic	7	13	15	14	22	61.8%	356.6%
	Research - Non Academic	,	13	13	23	10	-57.6%	330.070
	Total	346	368	356	347	335	-3.3%	-3.1%
	Academic	230	226	212	214	201	-6.0%	-12.9%
	Non academic	128	135	121	107	105	-1.8%	-17.8%
IT Tralee	Research - Academic	5	7	10	0	1	52.3%	173.4%
	Research - Non Academic		,		19	13	-29.7%	17 51 170
	Total	363	368	343	339	319	-5.9%	-12.1%
	Academic	581	579	540	508	501	-1.3%	-13.7%
	Non academic	302	296	301	258	255	-1.4%	-15.5%
Waterford IT	Research - Academic	170	212	122	12	17	41.2%	-21.2%
	Research - Non Academic				128	117	-8.1%	
	Total	1,053	1,088	964	906	890	-1.7%	-15.5%
	Academic	4,800	4,869	4,843	4,644	4,517	-2.7%	-5.9%
	Non academic	3,422	3,509	3,212	2,888	2,882	-0.2%	-15.8%
Total	Research - Academic	375	513	425	166	180	7.9%	89.5%
	Research - Non Academic				614	531	-13.5%	
	Total	8,596	8,891	8,479	8,313	8,109	-2.4%	-5.7%

[•] Since December 2008, reductions of 12% in core staffing numbers have been required in the lnstitutes of Technology as a result of the introduction of the Employment Control Framework.

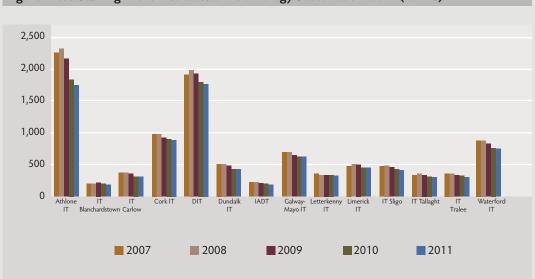


Figure 11.3: Staffing in the Institutes of Technology Sector 2007-2011 (WTEs)

Gender Details

The HEA has recently commenced collection of gender details of academic staff in the HEA institutions. The first such return is given below.

Table 11.6: Gender Details of Academic Staff in the Universities at September 2012

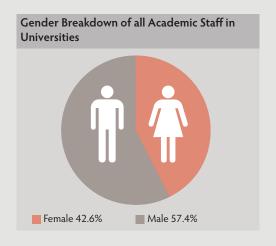
	Col	ersity lege blin	Univ Colleg	ersity e Cork	NUIC	Galway	N Mayr	UI nooth	Col	nity lege blin		ersity nerick	Dubli Univ	n City ersity	То	tal
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Professor	78.6%	21.4%	82.7%	17.3%	88.2%	11.8%	76.7%	23.3%	87.3%	12.7%	66.0%	34.0%	84.1%	15.9%	81.0%	19.0%
Associate Professor	75.6%	24.4%	71.0%	29.0%	98.7%	1.3%	86.1%	13.9%	65.9%	34.1%	83.3%	16.7%	28.6%	71.4%	74.0%	26.0%
Senior Lecturer	62.0%	38.0%	71.1%	28.9%	76.5%	23.5%	74.8%	25.2%	64.4%	35.6%	61.1%	38.9%	68.1%	31.9%	67.2%	32.8%
Lecturer	49.8%	50.2%	51.5%	48.5%	48.8%	51.2%	52.8%	47.2%	52.6%	47.4%	53.7%	46.3%	46.6%	53.4%	50.7%	49.3%
Other	52.4%	47.6%	54.1%	45.9%	48.7%	51.3%	61.5%	38.5%	35.4%	64.6%	50.6%	49.4%	46.2%	53.8%	50.7%	49.3%
Total	56.3%	43.7%	59.3%	40.7%	58.9%	41.1%	64.0%	36.0%	59.2%	40.8%	55.4%	44.6%	52.5%	47.5%	57.4%	42.6%

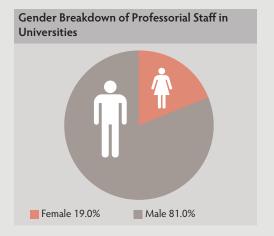
Table 11.7: Gender Details of Academic Staff in the Colleges at September 2012*

	Mate	r Dei	NC	AD		ngela's lege		nmaculate bllege	Тс	otal
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Senior Lecturer	100.0%	0.0%	66.7%	33.3%	33.3%	66.7%	53.3%	46.7%	57.7%	42.3%
Lecturer	77.9%	22.1%	49.0%	51.0%	16.8%	83.2%	32.2%	67.8%	33.9%	66.1%
Assistant Lecturer	32.1%	67.9%	40.0%	60.0%			19.1%	80.9%	27.3%	72.7%
Part-time Academic			45.8%	54.2%					45.8%	54.2%
Total	60.2%	39.8%	51.2%	48.8%	17.7%	82.3%	36.1%	63.9%	38.6%	61.4%

^{*} Note: St. Patrick's College has not returned information.

Figure 11.4 Gender Details of Total Academic Staff and Professorial Staff in the Universities





[•] Over 57% of academic staff in Universities, and nearly 39% of academic staff in the colleges are male. At professorial level, 81% of academic staff in the Universities, and 57.7% in the colleges are male.

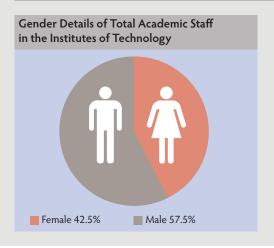
Table 11.8: Gender Details of Academic Staff in the Institutes of Technology at September 2012

	Athlo	ne IT	I7 Blanchar	r dstown	IT Ca	arlow	Cor	k IT	Dund	alk IT	IA	DT	Galway I	y-Mayo T
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Senior Lecturer	88.2%	11.8%	50.0%	50.0%	86.7%	13.3%	74.9%	25.1%	82.1%	17.9%	45.5%	54.5%	60.9%	39.1%
Lecturer	56.2%	43.8%	74.9%	25.1%	55.2%	44.8%	62.7%	37.3%	57.0%	43.0%	60.9%	39.1%	45.2%	54.8%
Assistant Lecturer	47.4%	52.6%	47.9%	52.1%	54.5%	45.5%	41.5%	58.5%	54.9%	45.1%	44.8%	55.2%	47.9%	52.1%
Other	72.2%	27.8%					57.5%	42.5%			57.7%	42.3%	59.5%	40.5%
Total	56.7%	43.3%	64.9%	35.1%	57.5%	42.5%	58.5%	41.5%	59.1%	40.9%	55.0%	45.0%	47.2%	52.8%

	Letter I	kenny T	Lime	rick IT	IT S	lligo	IT Ta	llaght	IT Ti	ralee	Water	ford IT	D	IT	То	otal
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Senior Lecturer	60.0%	40.0%	61.5%	38.5%	73.9%	26.1%	67.9%	32.1%	53.8%	46.2%	67.9%	32.1%	73.4%	26.6%	70.9%	29.1%
Lecturer	51.6%	48.4%	65.8%	34.2%	55.8%	44.2%	60.3%	39.7%	47.4%	52.6%	51.9%	48.1%	64.6%	35.4%	57.6%	42.4%
Assistant Lecturer	46.0%	54.0%	56.3%	43.7%	48.8%	51.2%	67.6%	32.4%	39.9%	60.1%	52.8%	47.2%	57.9%	42.1%	51.0%	49.0%
Other	14.9%	85.1%	39.2%	60.8%	66.7%	33.3%	84.5%	15.5%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	65.4%	34.6%	59.4%	40.6%
Total	50.2%	49.8%	61.7%	38.3%	55.4%	44.6%	62.3%	37.7%	46.4%	53.6%	52.9%	47.1%	64.2%	35.8%	57.5%	42.5%

• In the Institutes of Technology, 57.5% of staff employed are male. At senior lecturer level, 70.9% of staff are male.

Figure 11.5: Gender Details of Academic Staff and Senior Lecturer Staff in the Institutes of Technology



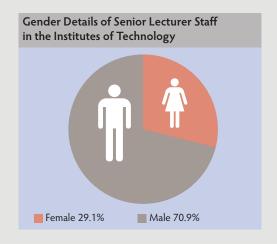


Table 11.9: Gender Details of Non-Academic Staff in the Universities at 30 September 2012

	Col	ersity lege blin		ersity e Cork	NUIC	alway	NUI Ma	aynooth	Col	nity lege blin		rsity of erick		n City ersity	То	tal
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Pay scale with maximum point above €70,000		49.3%	49.4%	50.6%	51.9%	48.1%	58.2%	41.8%	47.2%	52.8%	30.7%	69.3%	41.3%	58.7%	45.5%	54.5%
Pay scale with maximum point below €70,000	33.7%	66.3%	32.0%	68.0%	29.8%	70.2%	16.9%	83.1%	41.0%	59.0%	34.2%	65.8%	32.6%	67.4%	33.2%	66.8%
Total	36.0%	64.0%	34.5%	65.5%	32.6%	67.4%	23.4%	76.6%	42.3%	57.7%	33.1%	66.9%	34.2%	65.8%	35.3%	64.7%

Table 11.10: Gender Details of Non-Academic Staff in the Colleges at 30 September 2012

	Mate	er Dei		ary culate lege	NC	AD	St An	gela's	Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Pay scale with maximum point above €70,000	75.0%	25.0%	69.2%	30.8%	100.0%	0.0%	66.7%	33.3%	75.0%	25.0%
Pay scale with maximum point below €70,000	24.3%	75.7%	17.9%	82.1%	45.6%	54.4%	28.0%	72.0%	27.7%	72.3%
Total	36.7% 63.3%		23.1%	76.9%	48.8%	51.2%	30.3%	69.7%	32.0%	68.0%

• Nearly 65% of non-academic staff in Universities, and 68% of non-academic staff in colleges are female. At higher pay grades, nearly 55% of non-academic staff in Universities, and 25% in colleges are female.

Table 11.11: Gender Details of Non-Academic Staff in the Institutes of Technology at 30 September 2012

	Athlo	one IT	Blancha	IT ardstown	IT Ca	arlow	Cor	·k IT	Dunc	lalk IT	IA	DT		y-Mayo T
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Pay scale with maximum point above €70,000	53.6%	46.4%	40.4%	59.6%	57.1%	42.9%	83.3%	16.7%	55.6%	44.4%	46.2%	53.8%	63.6%	36.4%
Pay scale with maximum point below €70,000	29.5%	70.5%	37.0%	63.0%	28.7%	71.3%	41.5%	58.5%	39.8%	60.2%	42.1%	57.9%	30.3%	69.7%
Total	31.6%	68.4%	37.9%	62.1%	31.9%	68.1%	43.4%	56.6%	41.2%	58.8%	42.8%	57.2%	31.6%	68.4%

		rkenny T	Lime	rick IT	IT S	Sligo	IT Ta	llaght	IT T	ralee	Water	ford IT	D	IT	To	otal
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Pay scale with maximum point above €70,000	75.3%	24.7%	63.6%	36.4%	76.9%	23.1%	75.0%	25.0%	72.7%	27.3%	50.2%	49.8%	49.9%	50.1%	59.1%	40.9%
Pay scale with maximum point below €70,000	32.9%	67.1%	40.2%	59.8%	38.1%	61.9%	50.9%	49.1%	30.9%	69.1%	41.8%	58.2%	46.6%	53.4%	39.5%	60.5%
Total	40.1%	59.9%	42.0%	58.0%	41.4%	58.6%	53.5%	46.5%	35.4%	64.6%	42.4%	57.6%	46.9%	53.1%	41.2%	58.8%

• In the Institutes of Technology, nearly 59% of non-academic staff are female. At higher pay grades, this figure is just under 41%.

Appendix1: Institutional Profile

					ó	erall	enroln	nents	in Ur	ivers	ities i	n the	acade	Overall enrolments in Universities in the academic year 2011/12	ar 20	11/12								
	Dublin (Dublin City University NUI Galway	ersity	N	II Galwa	×	NOIN	NUI Maynooth		inity Co	ollege D	ublin Ur	iversity	College	Cork Un	Trinity College Dublin University College Cork University College Dublin University of Limerick	ollege D	ublin U	Iniversit	y of Lim	erick	Totals		Grand
Overall emollments	Σ		× ⊢	Σ	ш	F	Z	ш	⊢	×	ш	F	Z	ш	-	×	ш	F	Σ	ш	F	Z	ш	Total
Undergraduate																								
Honours Bachelor Degrees 3,248 3,633 6,881 5,251 6,299	3,248	3,633	5,881	5,251		11,550	2,704 3	3,418 6	6,122 4	4,536 6	6,498	11,034 5	5,511	6,941 12	12,452	7,238	7,812 1	15,050	4,938	3,708	8,646 3	33,426 38,309		71,735
Ordinary Degrees		1	1	,	1	1	,	1	1			1		,	1	,	,	1	,	,	,	,	,	1
Diplomas	2	36	38	300	492	792	28	63	121	89	88	156	298		832	252	192	444	32	51	83 1	1,010,1	1,456 2	,466
Certificates	66	92	191	32	45	77	306	769 1	5/0'	13	22	35	99	55	121	335	596	631	51	75	126	902 1,	1,354 2	2,256
Occasional	224	356	580	151	522	673	117	248	365	114	260	374	161	651 8	812	75	100	175	—		,	843 2,	2,137 2	626"
Professional Training		,	,	,	,	,		1	,					1	,			1	,	19	19	•	19	19
Undergraduate Total	3,573	3,573 4,117 7,690 5,734 7,35	069'2	5,734	œ	13,092	3,185 4	4,498 7	7,683 4	4,731 6	6,868 1	11,599 6	9:039	8,181 14	14,217	2,900	8,400 1	16,300	5,022	3,853 8	8,874 3	36,181 43	43,275 79	79,455
Postgraduate																								
Ph. D.	378	330	708 466	466	533	666	204	506	410 1	1,051 1	1,076 2	2,127	575	587 1,	1,162	895	856	1,751	384	351	735 3	3,953 3,9	3,939 7	7,892
Masters (Research)	49	27	76	40	27	29	46	29	75	66	74	173	79	85	164	106	108	214	63	41	104	482 3	391	873
Masters (Taught)	762	1 289	1,449	402	626	1,668	389	440	829	707	1,153 1	098'1	289	814 1,	,501	1,711	1,677	3,388	437	527	964 5	5,402 6,	5,257 11	659'1
Diplomas	138	142	280	211	469	089	261	368	629	247	338	585	348		395	511	704	1,215	155	264	419 1		2,832 4	,703
Certificates	62	46	108	-	25	26	35	92	100				19	28	77	127	278	405	2	18	23			739
Occasional		,	13	,	,	,	16	15	31	4	56	33	6	9	15	29	159	226	,	,	,	96 2	506	318
Professional Training		,	,	,	,	,	,	1	,		,	,	27	30	57			,	4	7	11	31	37	89
Postgraduate Total	1,389	1,389 1,232 2,634 1,427 2,01	2,634	1,427	c	3,440	951 1	1,123 2	2,074 2	2,108 2	2,670 4	4,778	,744	2,127 3,	3,871	3,417	3,782 7	7,199	1,048	1,208 2	2,256 1	12,084 14	14,155 26	26,252
Total	4,962	4,962 5,349 10,324 7,161 9,371	0,324	7,161	9,371	16,532	4,136 5	5,621 9	9,757 6	6'836 6	9,538 1	16,377 7	7,780 1	10,308 18,088		11,317	12,182 2	23,499	6,070	5,061 1	1,130 4	11,130 48,265 57,430 105,707	430 10	5,707

					Overall	enrol	ments	n Coll	enrolments in Colleges in	the	adem	academic year	2011/	12							
Overall envelopments	Mary Immaculate College	maculate	College	Mate	Mater Dei Institute	titute		NCAD			RCSI		St.	St Angela's	S	t. Patrick	St. Patrick's Drumcondra	ondra	Totals		Grand
Overall ellicitis	Σ	ш	⊢	Σ	ш	⊢	×	ш	_	Z	ш	-	×	ш	-	Z	ш	F	Σ	ш	Total
Undergraduate																					
Honours Bachelor Degrees	617	1,896	2,513	185	307	492	254	518	772	1,046	1,175	2,221	15	426	441	446	1,381	1,827	2,563	5,703	8,266
Ordinary Degrees		,	,	,		,							,		,	,		,			
Diplomas			,			,	7	20	27	12	14	26	,	2	2	,		,	19	36	22
Certificates		,	,	9	13	19	45	121	166	23	107	130	19	113	132	,		,	93	354	447
Occasional			,			,		,	,	œ	13	21	,		,	,		,	8	13	21
Professional Training		,	,	,		,							,		,	,		,			
Undergraduate Total	617	1,896	2,513	191	320	511	306	629	596	1,089	1,309	2,398	34	541	575	446	1,381	1,827	2,683	901'9	8,789
Postgraduate																					
Ph. D.	26	28	54	6	9	15	6	28	37	94	107	201	,	,	,	29	46	78	167	218	385
Masters (Research)	25	23	48	2	ĸ	2	20	38	58	2	15	20	,		,	_	2	33	53	81	134
Masters (Taught)	34	100	134	33	88	121	20	53	73	135	388	523	13	91	104	33	118	151	268	838	1,106
Diplomas	43	161	204		,		2	24	29	11	146	157	16	9.2	111	61	187	248	136	613	749
Certificates	,	9	7								20	20			,	42	186	228	43	212	255
Occasional		,	,	2	-	c		,	,		64	64	,		,	,		,	2	9	67
Professional Training			,			,			,	23	37	09	4	19	23	,		,	27	99	83
Postgraduate Total	129	318	447	46	86	144	54	143	197	268	777	1,045	33	205	238	166	542	708	969	2,083	2,779
Total	746		2,214 2,960	237	418	655	360	802	1.162	1.357	2,086	3,443	29	746	813	612	1.923	2,535	3.379	8.189	11.568

//12	Galway-Mayo IT IT Blanchardstown	32 14 35 14 35 14 35 14 35 14 35 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	631 248 6 254 350 1 351 646 270 20 290 350 1 351		1,912 896 769 1,665 489 533 1,022	2,337 1,477 4,034 77 463	232 148 380 168 71	- '	64 93 157 11 38	3,749 2,514 6,263 1,684 1,141	8 7 15 2 1	27 11 8 19 10 1 11	44 14 58 8 6	- 2 -		- / /	7 0 1 -	/4 40 120 22 8	5,151 4,093 2,580 6,673 2,056 1,150 3,206	2011/12	ck IT Waterford IT Totals Grand	¥	5 330 41	140 250	7 578 200 27 227 7,226 190 7,416	777 777	5 9,479 2	84 118 92	765 496 443 939 4,445 3,009	25/ 45 58 103 1,685 925	25 /9 53 32 ,250	סוייום סייין דוריים ואסיים סאלים	9 33 28 61 306 243	49 52 48 100 293 241	1,455	34 40 55 95 416 315	- 51 17	104 20 05	0 167 391 419 8	
mic year 20	Dundalk		628 3		795 1,117							15 12							2,991 2,160	mic year 20	IT Lime	≥ ⊢			29 571	,	1,631 1,049	22	516	<u>5</u>	,				92 31				142 67	
ı the acadeı	IADT	- ·			989 1,813			30 100		1,0/8 2,1/5		7 7			1 2			24 88	1,132 2,263	Technology in the academic year	Letterkenny	Z Z		18 11	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		887 744			7 -	1 373 1 377	770'			51 41		1		80 62	
chnology in			2,026 -		8,897 824	1	961 1	391 70		13,698 1,097		107 3			- 44	3 2	- 87		18,189 1,131	chnology ir	IT Tralee	- -			6 183		472 1,0/4				3 6				37 62			9	53 88	
enrolments in Institutes of Technology in the academic year	TIQ		1,964 62		5,053 3,844			210 181		_		65 42					14 14		11,867 6,322	of		∑			150 177	1/1	3 1,501 571		478	1,58	51 3 054 1 465	סרייר	7	12	38 25	25		- 2	- 83	
ents in Inst	ΚΠ	- 4	1,623		3,503	81	591	555	444	8,953	53	70	372	4	1				11,160	enrolments in Institutes	IT Tallaght	. ×			150	0	3 1,038 463		357	80 c	32 106	20 t / 2	т	6	35 3	18			9 65 17	
	Corl		1,616 7	2	2,096 1,407	33	375	356	315	5,645		38 32					·		7,572 3,588			F		, (2 574	,,,	7 996 2,243		172 5		,	///-			11 29		1	1	44 109	
Overall	Athlone IT		17 435		860 1,489		668 1,208			2,278 4,249			73 146			82 97		210 3/0	2,505 5,060	Overall		∑	758		258 572	711	1,295 1,247				43 - 400 - 427	10/1	5 7		`	36 8	1	1	140 65	
		⊻ '	4 4 4 18 8 14 8		629	0/0	540	32	94	1/6'1	4	24	73	35	15	15	- 177	000	2,555		IT Carlow	<u></u> ≥		/07	257 1		887 408			204 116	36 /		3 2		Ì	23 13	1	1	71 69	
	Overall enrolments	FETAC Apprenticeships	FETAC Adv. Certificate FETAC Total	Undergraduate	Honours Bachelor Degrees	Ordinary Degrees Diplomas	Certificates	Occasional	Professional Training	Undergraduate Iotal	Ph. D.	Masters (Research)	Masters (Taught)	Diplomas	Certificates	Occasional	Professional Iraining	Postgraduate Iotal	Total			Overall enrolments	FETAC Apprenticeships	FETAL Adv. Certificate	FETAC Total	Undergraduate	Ordinary Degrees	Diplomas	Certificates	Occasional	Professional Training	Postgraduate	Ph. D.	Masters (Research)	Masters (Taught)	Diplomas	Certificates	Occasional Drofoccional Training	Postgraduate Total	

	Grand	Total	1,017	8,591	15,315	16,137	13,539	8,481	4,696	3,178	6,695	9,261	18	89,928			Grand Total	4	90	137	252	216	189	292	367	2,676	11,503	31	15,767
	ıls	ш	582	4,721	8,156	8,958	7,382	4,472	2,418	1,616	5,041	4,818	12	48,176		slı	ш	23	34	93	191	127	116	160	216	1,668	6,616	10	9,254
	Totals	Σ	435	3,870	7,159	7,179	6,157	4,009	2,278	1,562	4,654	4,443	9	41,752		Totals	Σ	21		4	61	89	73	132	151	1,008	4,887	21	6,513
	merick	⊢	136	1,015	1,759	1,758	1,585	986	476	333	1,158	1,061				merick	⊢				_	1	3	9	11	145	697		864
sities	ity of Li	ш	99	447	733	801	902	433	213	148	547	515		4,609 10,267	sities	ity of Li	ш					-	2	5	4	80	360		452
niver	University of Limerick	Σ	70	999	1,026	957	879	553	263	185	611	546			Jniver	Univers	Σ				_		_	_	7	99	337		412
2 in U		-	168	1,688	3,115	3,360	2,862	2,040	1,243	811	2,279	1,970		10,102 19,536 5,658	2 in L	Oublin	⊢	1	2	1	5	14	40	95	134	777	2,893	_	3,963
y 201	ollege [ш	100	912 1	809'	1,778	1,464	1,038	645 1	413	1,164	980		0,102	y 201	ollege	ш	-	-		c	9	23	44	74	432	1495	-	2,080
Age of All Full-time Enrolments Undergraduate and Postgraduate at 1 January 2012 in Universities	Trinity College Dublin University College Cork University College Dublin	Σ	89	776	1,507	1,582	1,398	1,002	965	398	1,115	066		9,434	ne Enrolments Undergraduate and Postgraduate at 1 January 2012 in Universities	Trinity College Dublin University College Cork University College Dublin University of Limerick	Σ		_	-	2	00	17	51	09	345	1398		1,883
e at 1	Cork Un	-	111	1,325	2,699	3,045	2,565	1,581	852	562	1,690	1,576			te at 1	Cork Un	⊢	12	16	5	12	27	48	47	384	1,531			2,082
aduat	College	ш	71	780 1	1,526 2	,847	1,483 2	856 1	424	302	870 1	858		9,017 16,006	aduat	College	ш		6	6	4	∞	18	34	32	268	606		1,291
ostgr	niversity	×	40	545	1,173	1,198	1,082	725	428	260	820	718		6 686'9	Postgr	niversity	Σ		3	7	_	4	6	14	15	116	622		791
and	ublin Ur	-	94	1,201	2,221	2,475	2,281	1,542	777	488	1,790	1,613			e and	ublin U	⊢		15	142	75	27	21	47	317	1,251			1,895
duate	llege D	ш	53	719 1	1,285 2,	1,460 2,	1,380 2,	905 1	457	260	1,003	914 1		8,436 14,482	duate	llege Di	ш			13	110	43	4	=	28	220	663		1,102 1,895
ergra	inity Co	Σ	41	482	936 1	1,015	901 1	637	320 4	228	787 1	669			lergra	inity Co	Σ			2	32	32	13	10	19	67	588		793
s Und		-	120	864	,421	1,249	686	511	288	229	269	1,046		7,412 6,046	s Unc		⊢	2	35	88	78	67	42	20	42	324	1,608	6	2,345
ment	NUI Maynooth	ш	71	524	811 1	740 1	530	259	136	118	357	512 1		4,058 7	lment	NUI Maynooth	ш		20	63	19	42	25	29	24	223	1074	2	1,563
Enro	NUN	Σ	49	340	610	509	459	252	152	111	338	534		3,354 4	Enro	NUIN	Σ	2	15	25	17	25	17	21	18	101	534	_	782
l-time		-	261	1,581	2,601	2,745	1,988	1,017	611	473	1,275	1,318	3		t-time		⊢	40	00	6	1	16	23	38	40	411	2,052	1	2,659
	NUI Galway	ш	160	869	1,410	1,540	1,141	561	324	248	707	691	7	7,653 1	III Par	NUI Galway	ш	21	c	2	6	12	17	22	25	287	1,315	7	941 1,718 2,659
e of	N	×	101	712	1,191	1,205	847	456	287	225	999	627	-	6,220 7,653 13,873	Age of All Part-tin	N	Σ	19	5	4	2	4	9	16	15	124	737	6	941
Ag	rersity	-	127	917	1,499	1,505	1,269	804	449	282	808	677	15	8,352	Ag	rersity	⊢	_	3	00	10	31	27	34	46	318	1,471	10	1,959
	City Univ	ш	61	470	783	792	8/9	420	219	127	393	348	10	4,301		ity Univ	ш	-	-	c	4	15	17	15	29	158	800	2	911 1,048 1,959
	Dublin City University	Σ	99	447	716	713	591	384	230	155	415	329	5	4,051		Dublin City University	Σ		2	5	9	16	10	19	17	160	671	5	911
	Full-time Enrolments	by Age	17 and under	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30 and over	Age Unknown	Grand Total		Part-time Furolments	by Age	17 and under	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30 and over	Age Unknown	Grand Total

	Grand	Total	109	949	1,683	1,686	1,256		437	317	923	698	7	8,984		Grand	Total				က	20		36	20	489	1,916	47	2,584	
	als	Ŀ	76	715	1,224	1,219	882		258	205	539	512	2	6,128		als	ш				7	15		56	40	416	1,506	36	2,061	
	Totals	×	33	234	459	467	374		179	112	384	357	5	2,856		Totals	×				-	2		7	10	73	410	11	523	
	condra	-	32	309	528	451	235	64	46	51	134	118	-	1,969		condra	F				-	œ	10	15	25	146	341	20	999	
sages	St. Patrick's Drumcondra	ш	22	243	399	359	181	51	34	41	87	69		1,486	eges	St. Patrick's Drumcondra	ш					9	7	12	20	127	249	16	437	
n Colle	St. Patric	×	10	99	129	92	54	13	12	10	47	49	-	483	n Coll	St. Patric	×				_	7	3	3	2	19	92	4	129	
2012 i		⊢	7	22	87	83	76	53	16	6	25	28		441	2012 i		⊢				7	4	2	3	2	61	286	9	372	
nuary	St Angela's	ш	7	22	84	83	73	90	16	6	23	24		426	ınuary	St Angela's	ш				7	m	4	2	4	52	248	2	320	
at 1 Ja	St	×			3		m	ж			2	4		15	at 1 Ja	St	×					_	_	-	_	6	38	-	52	
Age of All Full-time Enrolments Undergraduate and Postgraduate at 1 January 2012 in Colleges		-	22	96	215	358	323	299	230	163	412	198	2	2,321	Age of All Part-time Enrolments Undergraduate and Postgraduate at 1 January 2012 in Colleges		-					-	7	6	œ	194	894	14	1,122	
ostgra	RCSI	ш	6	47	26	178	170	155	111	85	198	95	2	1,147	Postgra	RCSI	ш					_	7	_∞	7	163	746	12	939	
e and I		×	13	46	118	180	153	144	119	78	214	103	3	1,174	e and		×							_	-	31	148	2	183	
aduat		-	m	47	118	163	148	119	52	27	91	172		940	raduat		-					_		4		33	179	2	222	
ndergr	NCAD	ட		33	87	114	91	83	27	19	99	128		638	ndergı	NCAD	ш					-		т		27	131	2	164	
ents U	_	Z	ж	4	31	49	22	36	25	œ	35	4		302	ents U	_	Z							-		9	48	3	28	
nrolm	ıte	-		61	98	98	78	20	18	9	37	40	-	463	nrolm	rte	-					_		7	4	20	163	2	192	
time E	Mater Dei Institute	ш		45	54	61	90	36	1	4	20	19		300	time E	Mater Dei Institute	ш					-		-	4	18	93	_	118	
II Full-	Mater	Σ		16	32	25	28	14	7	2	17	21	-	163	.∥ Part	Mater	Σ							-		2	70	_	74	
ge of A	ollege	-	45	379	649	545	396	163	75	61	224	313		2,850	ge of A	ollege	-					2	9	Э	∞	35	53		110	
₹	aculate Co	ш	38	290	503	424	317	121	59	47	155	177		2,131	¥	aculate Co	ш					23	4	3	5	29	39		83	
	lary Imma	≥	7	89	146	121	79	42	16	4	69	136		719 2		lary Imm	≥					2	2		3	9	41		27	
	Full-time Enrolments Mary Immaculate College	by Age	17 and under	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30 and over	Age Unknown	Grand Total		Part-time Enrolments Mary Immaculate College	by Age	17 and under	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30 and over	Age Unknown	Grand Total	

National Parameter Nationa		Age	of All	Full-ti	ime Er	rolm	ents L	Inderg	gradua	te an	d Post	gradue	ate at	Age of All Full-time Enrolments Undergraduate and Postgraduate at 1 January 2012 in Institutes of Technology	ary 20'	12 in [nstitu	tes of	Techno	ology				
Main	Enrolments	Ath	lone IT		Cor	kΠ		۵	Ë		≚	М		Dundalk	<u> </u>	Galw	ay-May	<u></u>	IT Blanch	nardstov	٧n	ٽ ⊑	IT Carlow	
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1-8 18	under	37	37	74	38	25	63	102	87	189	7	9	00				30	94	27	18	45	4	32	73
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18 29 29 20 72 25 1,124 20 1,148 20 1,149 190 1,150 1,140 190 1,140		246	279	525		_	,244	1,140		860'	143					503	297	800	165	154	319	306	290	969
178 237 415 729 452 1,181 990 790 1,780 191 175 346 287 312 619 412 2.66 577 151 129 2.67 131 133 2.4		218	291	209		-	,327	1,148	831	6/6'	169					474	325	799	181	155	336	277	264	541
13 193 324 324 325 314 851 773 492 1,266 145 126 271 194 197 391 286 136 424 575 64 175 187		178	237	415		·	,181	066	790	1,780	191					412	265	677	151	129	280	227	199	426
1		131	193	324		314	851	773	492	1,265	145		Ì			266	158	424	75	29	142	148	135	283
No. 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		06	06	180		160	441	449	278	727	64		Ì			195	6	292	48	28	106	118	55	173
ver		79	63	142	169	89	237	314	169	483	38	25				136	71	207	58	30	88	99	42	107
Parish P		260	233	493		222	650	839	422	1,261	128					422	234	959	173	80	253	227	146	373
Lance Lanc	lover	298	297	595		293	728	774	455	1,229	79					547	365	912	241	164	405	335	272	607
Lincols Linc																								
Time	nknown																			-	-			
M	Total	1,706	1,905 3		579 2,8														1,247			1,923 1,	1,602 3	3,525
nder 3 6 4 7 M F T T	ne Enrolments		T Sligo		T	allaght,	Dublin		T T	alee		Letter	kenny IT		Lim	erick IT		**	terford I	-	_	Totals	Gra	Grand
Lunder 37 28 65 49 23 72 34 35 31 66 32 26 35 31 66 32 26 32 26 32 26 35 37 37 40 35 31 40 32 56 49 31 40 405 36 36 37 40 41 148 142 20 145 152 20 25 160 32 36 40 31 404 36 36 37 40 405 36 40 37 40 40 36 40	ø	Σ	ш	F	Σ	ш	-	Σ			-	Σ	ш	-	₹	ш	⊢	Σ	ш	F	Σ	ш	2	Total
206 163 369 219 155 374 148 142 290 145 152 297 252 150 402 383 383 389 383 383 404 389 763 393 145 186 331 404 359 763 319 407 1138 281 316 641 284 240 524 193 200 393 145 186 331 404 359 763 519 553 1,072 281 310 591 284 180 186 186 180 79 162 184 206 331 404 359 763 475 476 901 281 310 249 156 209 364 186 186 41 90 60 62 126 432 478 478 478 488 479 489 48 186 186 186	under	37	28	99			23	72	37	27	64	35	31	99	32	26	58	99	49	11	5 623		461 1	1,084
291 329 620 325 248 573 204 215 419 158 191 349 405 305 710 521 617 1,138 305 336 641 284 240 524 193 200 365 125 164 389 352 691 445 56 209 365 125 164 389 352 691 425 476 901 281 310 591 249 200 449 156 209 365 125 164 289 339 352 691 425 476 901 157 173 330 157 110 267 84 180 79 166 62 122 126 435 109 50 44 80 60 62 126 36 141 36 128 37 181 141 388 37 181 141 380		206	163	369				374	148	142	290	145	152	297	252	150	402	354	329	99	3,628		2,882 6	6,510
305 336 641 284 240 524 193 200 393 145 186 331 404 359 763 519 513 1,072 281 310 591 249 249 156 209 365 125 164 289 339 355 691 425 476 901 157 173 330 157 110 267 96 84 180 79 105 105 126 98 224 432 589 277 566 89 44 18 67 18 68 41 24 90 60 62 112 126 98 224 189 147 336 10ver 284 185 185 187 65 186 139 109 248 158 134 292 337 181 518 397 276 673 Inknown Inknown 195 185 186 1,323 1,331 1,233 2,534 1,247 2,478 2,668 4,724 3,432 3,188 6,620		291	329						204	215	419	158	191	349	405	305	710	521	617	1,138	8 5,532		4,873 10	10,405
157 173 330 157 110 267 96 84 180 79 164 289 339 35. 691 425 476 901 147 366 112 143 330 157 110 267 96 84 180 79 162 112 126 98 124 289 277 566 112 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148		305	336					524	193	200	393	145	186	331	404	359	763	519	553	1,072	5,448		4,845 10	10,293
157 173 330 157 110 267 96 84 180 779 105 184 206 226 432 289 277 566 95 120 92 83 175 89 46 135 46 44 90 60 62 122 122 126 98 224 189 147 336 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140		281	310					149	156	209	365	125	164	289	339	352	691	425	476	90	1 4,740		4,290 9	9,030
92 83 175 89 46 135 46 44 90 66 62 122 126 98 224 189 147 336 140 135 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 14		157	173	330				797	96	84	180	79	105	184	206	226	432	289	277	296	9			
89 48 137 67 19 86 41 24 65 57 38 95 104 56 100 132 82 214 234 134 368 127 59 186 139 109 248 158 134 292 337 181 518 397 276 673 lover 264 223 487 169 84 253 241 179 420 269 184 453 463 303 766 540 380 920 lover 1 956 1,827 3,783 1,735 1,184 2,919 1,301 1,233 2,534 1,247 2,478 2,668 2,056 4,724 3,432 3,188 6,620		92	83	175				135	46	44	90	09	62	122	126	86	224	189	147	336	5 1,947		1,408	3,355
Lover 2.34 134 3.68 127 5.9 186 139 109 2.48 158 134 292 337 181 5.18 397 276 673 Inknown 1,956 1,827 3,783 1,735 1,184 2,919 1,301 1,233 2,534 1,231 1,247 2,478 2,668 2,056 4,724 3,432 3,188 6,620		89	48				19	86	41	24	65	22	38	95	104	99	160	132	82	217	1,426		816 2	2,242
264 223 487 169 84 253 241 179 420 269 184 453 303 766 540 380 920 1		234	134	368				981	139	109	248	158	134	292	337	181	518	397	276	673	4,104		2,462 6	995'9
1,956 1,827 3,783 1,735 1,184 2,919 1,301 1,233 2,534 1,231 1,247 2,478 2,668 2,056 4,724 3,432 3,188 6,620	lover	264	223	487					241	179	420	569	184	453	463	303	766	540	380	92(0 4,951		3,525 8	8,476
1,956 1,827 3,783 1,735 1,184 2,919 1,301 1,233 2,534 1,231 1,247 2,478 2,668 2,056 4,724 3,432 3,188 6,620																								
1,956 1,827 3,783 1,735 1,184 2,919 1,301 1,233 2,534 1,231 1,247 2,478 2,668 2,056 4,724 3,432 3,188 6,620	nknown																		2		7		m	m
	Total	1,956	1,827								2,534	1,231	1,247	2,478	2,668	2,056	4,724	3,432	3,188	6,620	35,652	2 28,222		63,874

Age of All Part-time Enrolments Undergraduate and Postgraduate at 1 January 2012 in Institutes of Technology

F T M F F T M F T	Ath	lon	Athlone IT		Cork IT			DIT		IADT	F		Dundalk IT	_	Galway	Galway-Mayo IT		IT Blanchardstown	rdstown		IT Carlow	W
2 4 4 4 4 6 6 22 10 32 2 3 8 1 1 3 2 35 3 12 42 4 6 6 22 10 32 2 3 5 5 6 33 13 14 4 6 40 40 57 14 71 10 3 13 22 13 22 13 5 5 6 6 22 10 32 2 3 5 5 6 6 22 10 32 2 3 4 4 6 6 22 10 32 4 4 4 4 6 7 4 71 10 32 11 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	M F A M				ш	F	Σ	ш		M	-	Σ	ш	⊢	≅	ш	^ _	∠	-	Σ	ш	H
2 7 3 10 4 6 2 10 32 2 3 8 1 1 3 2 2 3 8 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 4 6 22 10 32 2 3 5 5 5 5 6 6 5 11 98 4 7 10 3 13 2 13 13 2 11 98 41 7 10 3 13 2 11 98 41 11 14 41 44 93 25 11 98 41 11 44 <td>3 2 5 2</td> <td>2 5 2</td> <td>5 2</td> <td>7</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>2 3</td>	3 2 5 2	2 5 2	5 2	7		2	4		4												_	2 3
35 30 12 42 4 6 22 10 32 2 3 5 5 6 236 13 14 4 4 8 40 40 57 14 71 10 3 13 22 13 236 306 17 323 2 2 4 98 98 87 11 98 41 3 44 43 23 434 426 47 4 4 4 44 93 25 118 61 5 66 62 13 304 426 47 4 44 44 44 93 25 118 61 5 66 62 11 6 83 66 83 66 83 66 83 66 83 66 83 66 83 66 83 66 83 66 83 66 <th< td=""><td>12 9 21 2</td><td>9 21 2</td><td>21 2</td><td>7</td><td></td><td>2</td><td>7</td><td>2</td><td>10</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5</td><td>c</td><td>œ</td><td></td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>3</td><td>2 5</td></th<>	12 9 21 2	9 21 2	21 2	7		2	7	2	10						5	c	œ		_	-	3	2 5
93 130 14 4 4 8 40 57 14 71 10 3 13 22 13 236 306 17 323 2 4 98 98 87 11 98 41 3 44 43 23 434 456 45 4 140 4 144 93 25 118 61 5 66 62 16 434 426 49 410 4 144 93 25 118 61 5 66 62 16 304 416 4 144 93 25 118 61 5 66 62 16 3 791 416 4 4 44 <td>18 19 37 32</td> <td>19 37 32</td> <td>37 32</td> <td>32</td> <td>(*)</td> <td>35</td> <td>30</td> <td>12</td> <td>42</td> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td>9</td> <td></td> <td>9</td> <td>22</td> <td>10</td> <td>32</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>11</td>	18 19 37 32	19 37 32	37 32	32	(*)	35	30	12	42	4		9		9	22	10	32	2	3	2	2	11
336 17 323 2 4 98 87 11 98 41 3 44 43 43 43 44 43 44 44 44 93 25 118 61 5 66 62 16 16 16 17 68 77 6 83 66 13 14 93 11 68 77 6 83 66 11 76 83 86 31 80 11 68 77 6 83 66 31 80 11 6 83 66 83 80 83 80 83 80	41 12 53 89			89	4		130	14	144	4	4		_	40	22	4	71	10	3			3 35
398 449 32 481 4 144 93 25 118 61 5 66 62 15 16 4 144 93 25 118 61 6 6 6 6 13 73 65 17 6 83 66 31 304 319 57 318 57 11 68 77 6 83 66 31 791 1046 368 1444 4 98 60 13 73 65 17 6 83 66 31 1,477 1886 704 24 130 141 161 67 168 215 43 258 173 190 1,477 1886 704 24 33 163 173 24 33 149 36 149 4 24 24 14 24 24 24 24 24 24 <td< td=""><td>71 12 83 224</td><td>83</td><td></td><td>24</td><td>12</td><td></td><td>306</td><td>17</td><td>323</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>4 98</td><td></td><td>86</td><td>87</td><td>=</td><td>86</td><td>41</td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	71 12 83 224	83		24	12		306	17	323	2	2	4 98		86	87	=	86	41	3			
434 426 49 475 4 1 5 135 3 138 57 11 68 77 6 83 66 31 304 310 310 310 31 411 4 98 60 13 73 65 11 76 68 36 1,477 1886 704 2,590 56 47 103 163 73 236 214 353 567 338 138 476 563 449 1,477 1886 704 2,590 56 47 103 163 73 236 214 353 567 338 138 476 563 449 1 1 1 1 4 5 1 1 4 5 1 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	92 21 113 372	113		72	26		449	32	481	4		4 140		144	93	25	118	61	2			
304 319 57 376 2 4 6 94 4 98 60 13 73 65 11 76 68 36 791 1046 368 1,414 18 6 24 130 31 161 101 67 168 215 43 258 173 190 1,477 1886 704 2,590 56 47 103 163 73 214 353 567 338 138 476 563 449 1 1 1 1 4 5 1 1 2 4 4 9 449 4 4 4 4 5 1 1 4 5 1 1 4 <t< td=""><td>89 11 100 414</td><td></td><td></td><td>14</td><td>20</td><td></td><td>426</td><td>46</td><td>475</td><td>4</td><td>-</td><td>5 135</td><td>m</td><td>138</td><td>22</td><td>=</td><td>89</td><td>77</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	89 11 100 414			14	20		426	46	475	4	-	5 135	m	138	22	=	89	77				
791 1046 368 1414 18 6 24 130 31 161 101 67 168 215 43 258 173 190 1,477 1886 704 2,590 56 47 103 163 73 236 214 353 567 338 138 476 563 449 1 1 1 1 1 4 5 1 1 2 4 449 4	82 20 102 274	102		74	30		319	22	376	2	4		4	86	09	13	73	92				
1,477 1886 704 2,590 56 47 103 163 73 236 214 353 567 338 138 476 563 449 1 1 1 1 1 4 5 1 1 2 2 2 449 44 4	153 129 282 593	282		93	198		1046		1,414	18				161	101	29	168	215				
3,773 4,604 1,256 5,860 95 64 159 807 119 926 697 508 1,205 809 213 1,022 1,006 768	286 361 647 989	647		89	488	-	1886		2,590	99				236	214	353	267	,				_
3,773 4,604 1,256 5,860 95 64 159 807 119 926 697 508 1,205 809 213 1,022 1,006 768	3 4 7	4 7	7		_	1	-		-	—		_	4	5	-	-	2					
3,773 4,604 1,256 5,860 95 64 159 807 119 926 697 508 1,205 809 213 1,022 1,006 768																						
	850 600 1,450 2,991				782		4,604		2,860	95				926	269							

Part-time Enrolments		IT Sligo		IT Tall	Ilaght, Dublin	blin	⊢	IT Tralee		Lette	Letterkenny IT		Lime	Limerick IT		Wate	Waterford IT		Totals	S	Grand
by Age	×	ш	ı–	Z	ட	H	Σ	ш	⊢	∑	ш	-	×	ш	-	×	ш	⊢	Σ	ш	Total
17 and under												•	3	15	18				13	19	32
18	3	-	4	2		2	2	-	3	2	2	4	7		7	3		e	48	22	70
19	15	=	26	5	8	00	6	m	12	7	2	6	28	8	36	9	3	6	189	83	272
20	49	18	67	11	00	19	19	∞	27	18	12	30	99	8	73	7	3	10	562	121	683
21	87	13	100	29	13	42	44	4	58	4	7	21	108	10	118	6	2	1	1,163	139	1,302
22	142	9	148	43	16	59	57	m	09	19	5	24	139	15	154	6	6	18			
23	158	13	171	47	19	99	46	4	90	7	2	6	139	12	151	00	4	22	1,673	196	1,869
24	82	15	46	49	16	65	31	2	36	9	2	œ	91	17	108	24	70	4	1,247	250	1,497
25-29	200	53	253	201	112	313	43	22	99	21	23	4	175	48	223	66	100	193	3,162	1,390	4,552
30 and over	191	88	279	498	197	969	116	98	202	87	87	174	379	171	550	426	265	1,018	6,192	3,834	10,026
Age Unknown	-		-										7	4	11	3	9	6	18	20	38
Grand Total	928	218	1,146	885	384	1,269	367	146	513	181	142	323	1,141	308	1,449	288	749	1,337	15,949	6,257	22,206

Full-time Enrolments by Institution and Field of Study for the University Sector

	Dublin City University	NUI Galway	NUI Maynooth	Trinity College Dublin	University College Cork	University College Dublin	University of Limerick	Mary Immaculate College, Limerick	Mater Dei Institute, Dublin	NCAD	Royal College of Surgeons	St. Angela's College, Sligo	St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra	Grand
(0) General Programmes	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	1.0%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0:0	%0.0	%0:0	0.5%
(1) Education	4.2%	2.5%	5.3%	4.4%	3.0%	1.6%	7.3%	59.3%	%6.9%	8.3%	%0.0	48.5%	70.3%	7.1%
(2) Humanities & Arts	14.1%	33.3%	37.2%	22.0%	20.1%	18.2%	16.2%	36.4%	23.1%	%9.06	%0.0	0.0%	29.7%	23.0%
(3) Social Sciences, Business & Law	32.4%	22.9%	29.9%	21.6%	25.1%	28.1%	27.1%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0:0	23.8%
(4) Science, Mathematics and Computing	25.1%	16.8%	21.8%	18.3%	21.9%	14.6%	16.1%	4.4%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0:0	17.0%
(5) Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	7.2%	8.9%	3.1%	6.3%	9.7%	8.8%	17.3%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	2.9%	%0:0	%9'.
(6) Agriculture & Veterinary	0.1%	%0:0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%9.6	1.2%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0:0	2.0%
(7) Health & Welfare	16.4%	14.7%	2.7%	26.2%	20.4%	19.0%	13.9%	%0.0	%0.0	1.1%	100.0%	48.5%	%0:0	18.6%
(8) Services	%0.0	0.7%	%0.0	0.2%	%0.0	0.1%	%6:0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0:0	0.2%
(9) Combined	0.4%	%0:0	%0.0	%0.0	2.9%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0:0	0.5%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Part-time Enrolments by Institution and Field of Study for the University Sector

	Dublin City University	NUI Galway	NUI	Trinity College Dublin	University College Cork	University College Dublin	University of Limerick	Mary Immaculate College, Limerick	Mater Dei Institute, Dublin	NCAD	Royal College of Surgeons	St. Angela's College, Sligo	St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra	Grand
(0) General Programmes	0.2%	2.4%	7.8%	14.1%	%0:0	%2'9	%0.0	%0:0	%0:0	%0.0	%0:0	2.9%	%0.0	4.4%
(1) Education	21.2%	21.7%	15.8%	13.6%	7.5%	3.0%	7.1%	80.0%	24.5%	4.5%	%0:0	62.6%	86.68	15.5%
(2) Humanities & Arts	2.0%	24.0%	23.2%	7.1%	%0.6	7.0%	14.7%	20.0%	75.5%	95.5%	%0.0	18.5%	10.1%	13.7%
(3) Social Sciences, Business & Law	34.9%	22.3%	33.9%	12.6%	28.1%	34.1%	28.4%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	1.5%	0.0%	%0.0	24.6%
(4) Science, Mathematics and Computing	6.3%	10.2%	2.3%	15.4%	%8.9	10.1%	12.3%	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.5%	%0.0	7.6%
(5) Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	%0.9	5.1%	0.8%	7.0%	5.4%	5.2%	11.1%	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	6.2%	%0.0	4.6%
(6) Agriculture & Veterinary	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	2.2%	4.6%	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	%2'0
(7) Health & Welfare	22.7%	14.3%	12.9%	29.9%	39.8%	28.3%	19.7%	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	88.5%	6.2%	%0.0	76.9%
(8) Services	1.1%	%0.0	3.3%	0.5%	3.5%	3.3%	22%	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	1.8%
	2.6%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0:0	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	0.3%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Full-time Enrolments by Institution and Field of Study for the Institute of Technology Sector

	Athlone IT	Cork □	TIQ	Dun Laoghaire IADT	Dundalk IT	Galway- Mayo IT	Galway- IT Mayo IT Blanchardstown	IT	Sligo	IT Tallaght	Tralee	Letterkenny IT	Limerick T	Waterford IT	Grand Total
(0) General Programmes	%0:0	%0.0	1.5%	%0:0	%0.0	%0:0	0.2%	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	%0:0	0.0%	%0:0	0.2%	0.3%
(1) Education	%0.0	0.5%	1.2%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.1%	0.0%	%9:0	0.5%	0.4%
(2) Humanities & Arts	4.0%	10.9%	11.7%	46.4%	11.4%	9.2%	0.1%	7.7%	8.2%	8.6%	10.3%	7.8%	18.0%	8.6%	11.1%
(3) Social Sciences, Business & Law	25.0%	19.2%	27.1%	47.3%	28.7%	26.4%	24.7%	28.2%	22.8%	40.8%	14.3%	28.1%	22.2%	26.8%	26.3%
(4) Science, Mathematics and Computing	16.8%	20.1%	12.5%	6.3%	15.4%	15.0%	19.7%	17.4%	14.1%	21.0%	17.9%	22.6%	19.7%	12.3%	15.9%
(5) Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	8.7%	25.8%	25.7%	%0.0	13.2%	23.8%	13.8%	15.6%	17.6%	18.1%	%6.6	14.0%	22.9%	14.8%	18.7%
(6) Agriculture & Veterinary	3.3%	2.2%	%0.0	%0.0	5.3%	3.2%	3.8%	%0.0	0.5%	%0.0	2.9%	1.9%	%0.0	6.2%	2.0%
(7) Health & Welfare	26.1%	9.2%	6.2%	%0.0	18.9%	4.9%	29.5%	21.2%	18.9%	%0.9	26.1%	16.9%	%6.6	24.0%	13.9%
(8) Services	16.1%	12.1%	14.2%	%0.0	7.1%	17.5%	8.2%	%6.6	18.0%	5.5%	18.5%	8.8%	%9.9	%9'9	11.4%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Part-time Enrolments by Institution and Field of Study for the Institute of Technology Sector

	Athlone IT	Cork IT	TIQ	Dun Laoghaire IADT	Dundalk C	Galway- Mayo IT	Galway- Mayo IT Blanchardstown	IT	Sligo	IT Tallaght	IT Tralee	Letterkenny IT	Limerick T	Waterford IT	Grand Total
(0) General Programmes	7.2%	%0.0	%6.0	%0:0	5.1%	%0.0	%0.0	2.8%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	7.6%	5.3%	2.0%
(1) Education	%0:0	0.3%	2.4%	%0:0	13.2%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	6.4%	0.0%	1.3%	32.1%	4.0%
(2) Humanities & Arts	0.3%	5.2%	3.4%	23.9%	1.0%	22.0%	%0.0	2.7%	5.8%	2.9%	11.9%	3.6%	11.7%	1.6%	5.1%
(3) Social Sciences, Business & Law	49.7%	32.3%	31.1%	76.1%	25.1%	30.9%	30.1%	40.1%	19.2%	42.9%	13.9%	45.3%	28.9%	20.6%	33.0%
(4) Science, Mathematics and Computing	2.7%	21.0%	29.8%	%0:0	20.3%	14.4%	29.4%	3.3%	8.7%	23.1%	13.6%	22.3%	8.3%	16.4%	18.6%
(5) Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	3.7%	29.9%	24.8%	%0:0	19.3%	18.4%	24.4%	21.4%	5.1%	27.0%	10.1%	18.8%	38.5%	11.9%	21.6%
(6) Agriculture & Veterinary	0.1%	%0.0	0.1%	%0:0	2.4%	0.2%	2.7%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%9.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.2%
(7) Health & Welfare	22.8%	%8.9	1.7%	%0:0	6.4%	2.1%	10.3%	28.2%	59.1%	2.2%	11.9%	2.8%	3.0%	10.5%	10.4%
(8) Services	10.5%	4.4%	2.8%	%0:0	7.1%	12.0%	3.1%	1.4%	2.1%	1.9%	31.6%	4.2%	0.8%	1.6%	5.2%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	%0.00	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0

New Entrant Enrolments by Institution and Field of Study for the University Sector

	Dublin City University	NUI Galway A	NUI Maynooth	Trinity College Dublin	University College Cork	University College Dublin	University of Limerick	Mary Immaculate College, Limerick	Mater Dei Institute, Dublin	NCAD	Royal College of Surgeons	St. Angela's College, Sligo	St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra	Grand
(0) General Programmes	%0:0	%0.0	%0:0	8.6%	%0:0	3.8%	%0.0	%0:0	%0.0	%0:0	%0.0	1.3%	%0:0	1.9%
(1) Education	5.2%	%6.0	3.6%	0.5%	1.0%	0.0%	6.1%	63.1%	77.3%	%0.0	%0.0	39.3%	66.4%	6.2%
(2) Humanities & Arts	17.0%	37.2%	37.9%	22.1%	26.5%	28.8%	18.5%	32.4%	22.7%	100.0%	%0.0	17.9%	33.6%	27.6%
(3) Social Sciences, Business & Law	34.0%	23.3%	32.4%	19.5%	19.8%	22.7%	24.3%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	21.5%
(4) Science, Mathematics and Computing	21.4%	19.8%	21.5%	18.8%	18.3%	12.4%	21.5%	4.5%	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	16.5%
(5) Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	4.6%	8.2%	3.1%	5.2%	5.1%	8.2%	18.2%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	14.5%	%0.0	%2.9
(6) Agriculture & Veterinary	0.3%	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	8.0%	2.2%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	1.8%
(7) Health & Welfare	15.4%	10.1%	1.5%	25.5%	17.5%	14.2%	9.3%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	100.0%	26.9%	%0:0	15.1%
(8) Services	%0.0	0.5%	%0.0	%0.0	%0:0	2.1%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0:0	0.5%
(9) Combined	2.0%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	11.8%	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0:0	2.2%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0% 100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	00.0% 100.0%

New Entrant Enrolments by Institution and Field of Study for the Institute of Technology Sector

	Athlone IT	Cork	TIQ	Dun Laoghaire IADT	Dundalk IT	Galway- Mayo IT	IT Blanchardstown	П Carlow	Sligo	IT Tallaght	IT I Tralee	Letterkenny Limerick Waterford IT IT IT	Limerick T	Waterford IT	Grand Total
(0) General Programmes	%0.0	%0:0	1.2%	%0.0	0.7%	%0.0	0.4%	1.3%	%0.0	%0:0	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	0.1%	0.4%
(1) Education	%0.0	%0.0	1.3%	%0.0	0.1%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	0.2%
(2) Humanities & Arts	3.5%	9.2%	15.5%	45.9%	12.7%	8.2%	%0.0	%0.9	8.5%	8.3%	%9.6	9.4%	17.8%	9.3%	10.9%
(3) Social Sciences, Business & Law	23.7%	18.2%	23.2%	47.5%	24.1%	26.8%	23.3%	24.9%	21.5%	37.1%	8.4%	23.1%	20.4%	26.4%	24.1%
(4) Science, Mathematics and Computing	16.3%	19.2%	14.0%	%2'9	16.4%	15.5%	23.5%	17.5%	15.4%	24.6%	24.9%	28.7%	22.6%	13.8%	17.8%
(5) Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	6.5%	26.2%	20.6%	%0.0	15.0%	22.4%	16.1%	14.7%	16.3%	19.5%	10.3%	12.2%	19.5%	11.6%	17.1%
(6) Agriculture & Veterinary	3.9%	2.3%	%0.0	%0.0	2.5%	3.0%	3.4%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	3.0%	2.0%	%0.0	2.9%	2.0%
(7) Health & Welfare	24.0%	%6.6	6.3%	0.0%	15.8%	4.0%	26.1%	27.2%	16.7%	3.3%	19.3%	12.8%	10.1%	25.3%	13.7%
(8) Services	19.1%	14.9%	17.9%	%0.0	8.6	20.1%	7.3%	8.2%	21.7%	7.2%	24.5%	11.8%	%9.6	7.7%	13.8%
Grand Total	100.0% 100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Research Enrolments by Institution and Field of Study for the University Sector

	Dublin City University	NUI Galway	NUI Maynooth	Trinity College Dublin	University College Cork	University College Dublin	University of Limerick	Mary Immaculate College, Limerick	Mater Dei Institute, Dublin	NCAD	Royal College of Surgeons	St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra	Grand Total
(1) Education	%9'9	0.0%	8.5%	3.9%	4.7%	2.5%	13.2%	15.7%	45.5%	4.2%	%0.0	8.8%	2.5%
(2) Humanities & Arts	%6'6	14.9%	24.3%	18.3%	18.2%	12.9%	16.6%	84.3%	22:0%	95.8%	0.0%	1.2%	17.2%
(3) Social Sciences, Business & Law	16.3%	16.9%	19.2%	16.7%	16.9%	14.9%	17.0%	%0.0	%0:0	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	15.6%
(4) Science, Mathematics and Computing	40.1%	21.5%	42.1%	30.3%	39.0%	29.7%	18.0%	%0.0	%0:0	0.0%	0.0%	%0:0	29.0%
(5) Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	17.7%	17.8%	2.6%	6.7%	10.6%	13.3%	22.9%	%0.0	%0:0	0.0%	0.0%	%0:0	12.6%
(6) Agriculture & Veterinary	%0'0	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	8.6	0.0%	%0.0	%0:0	0.0%	0.0%	%0:0	2.1%
(7) Health & Welfare	9.3%	28.9%	0.2%	21.1%	10.6%	16.9%	3.1%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	100.0%	%0.0	17.1%
(8) Services	%0:0	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	9.2%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	%8.0
(9) Combined	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%	%0.0	%0:0	0.0%	0.0%	%0:0	%0.0
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Research Enrolments by Institution and Field of Study for the Institute of Technology Sector

	Athlone IT	Cork	FIG	Dun Laoghaire IADT	Dundalk IT	Galway- Mayo IT	IT Blanchardstown	Carlow	IT Sligo II	- Tallaght	Tralee	IT Sligo IT Tallaght IT Letterkenny Limerick Tralee IT IT	Limerick IT	Waterford IT	Grand Total
(1) Education	%0.0	%0.0	%6.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	25.0%	%0.0	%0.0	1.9%	%6.0
(2) Humanities & Arts	%0.0	4.9%	15.3%	42.9%	7.5%	23.5%	21.4%	%0.0	%0.0	5.3%	16.7%	%0.0	36.2%	21.1%	13.9%
(3) Social Sciences, Business & Law	%0.0	6.5%	19.2%	57.1%	0.0%	2.9%	7.1%	21.4%	35.7%	0.0%	16.7%	71.4%	%0.0	20.5%	16.1%
(4) Science, Mathematics and Computing	100.0%	40.7%	31.4%	%0.0	%0.06	32.4%	28.6%	71.4%	37.1%	73.7%	41.7%	28.6%	46.6%	18.6%	38.9%
(5) Engineering, Manufacturing & Construction	%0.0	41.5%	30.6%	%0.0	%0.0	38.2%	42.9%	7.1%	18.6%	21.1%	%0.0	%0.0	17.2%	26.1%	25.9%
(6) Agriculture & Veterinary	%0.0	%0.0	0.4%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	0.2%
(7) Health & Welfare	%0.0	4.9%	0.2%	%0.0	2.5%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	8.6%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	2.5%	1.7%
(8) Services	%0.0	1.6%	2.0%	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	9.3%	2.4%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

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