



#### REPORT OF THE EXPERT GROUP

### HEA National Review of Gender Equality in Irish Higher Education Institutions

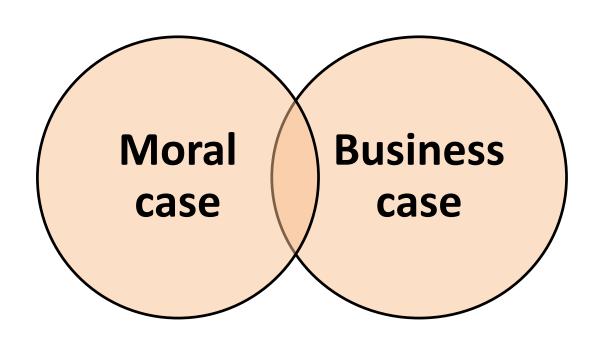
**JUNE 2016** 





# Why gender equality?

'The under-representation of women threatens the goals of science in achieving excellence, as well as being wasteful and unjust' - European Commission, 2001



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...HEIs which allow gender inequality to exist cannot perform to their full potential



By investing in gender equality, Irish higher education institutions will maximise their pursuit of excellence and successfully meet the many social, economic and cultural challenges of the future.

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## Approach to the Review

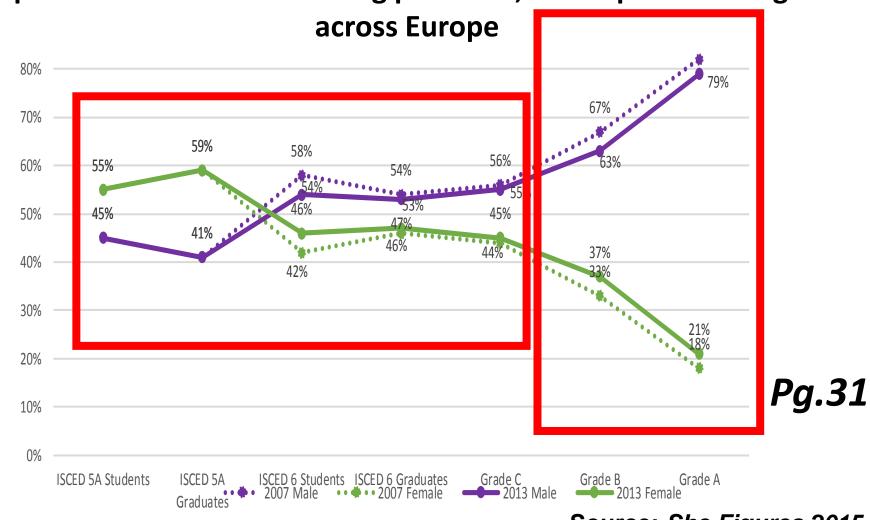
- Policy-context research
- International and national literature review
- Data collection on Irish HEI staff (academic & non academic)
- Collection of HEI equality policies and Athena SWAN applications
- Stakeholder consultation (face to face meetings, written submissions, & national public online survey)



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### International situation

In higher education, women continue to be vastly under-represented in top academic decision-making positions, and top academic grades



Source: She Figures 2015



### All Universities

**LEADERS (2016)** 





**ALL STAFF BY GENDER** 



**2**53% **2**47%



Number who have achieved a minimum 40% representation of each gender on:

**GOVERNING AUTHORITY/BODY** 

(September 2015)

5 OUT OF 7



**ACADEMIC COUNCIL** 

(December 2015)

1 OUT OF 7

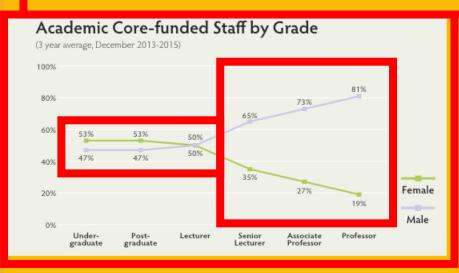


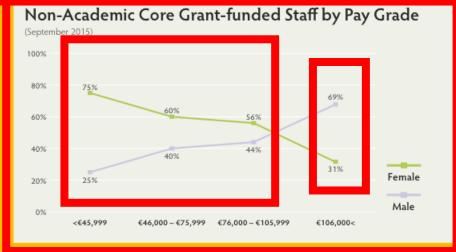
**EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT** 

(December 2015)

2 OUT OF 7







All Colleges

**LEADERS (2016)** 



**ALL STAFF BY GENDER** 





Number who have achieved a minimum 40% representation of each gender on:

**GOVERNING AUTHORITY/BODY** 

(September2015)

4 OUT OF 5



**ACADEMIC COUNCIL** 

(December 2015)

4 OUT OF 5

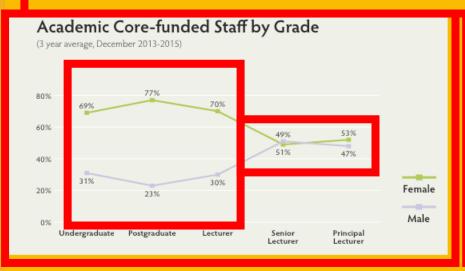


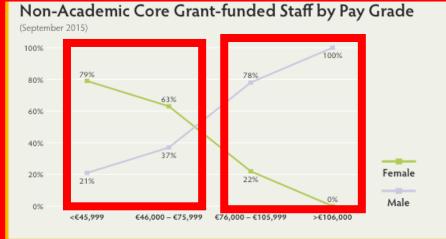
**EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT** 

(December 2015)

2 OUT OF 5









All Institutes of Technology

**LEADERS (2016)** 



**ALL STAFF BY GENDER** 





Number who have achieved a minimum 40% representation of each gender on:

**GOVERNING AUTHORITY/BODY** 

(September2015)

8 OUT OF 14



#### **ACADEMIC COUNCIL**

(December 2015)

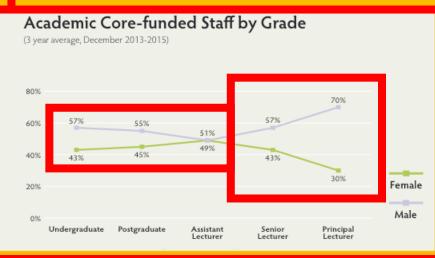
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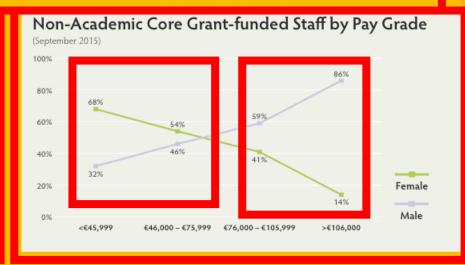


#### **EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT**

(December 2015)











# National Online Survey Results

4,835

**RESPONDENTS TO NATIONAL ONLINE SURVEY** 



THE MAJORITY BELIEVE THERE IS GENDER INEQUALITY IN IRISH HIGHER EDUCATION





THINK THERE IS GENDER INEQUALITY IN IRISH HIGHER EDUCATION



**KEY AREAS FOR ATTENTION** HIGHLIGHTED BY RESPONDENTS TO THE SURVEY WERE:

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67%	Promotion/progression
61%	Gender balance on senior management teams at institutional level
60%	Overall culture
52%	Career development opportunities
51%	Transparent procedures/processes
51%	Senior management's leadership on gender equality
50%	Representation of men and women on key committees
50%	Childcare/carers' provision and supports



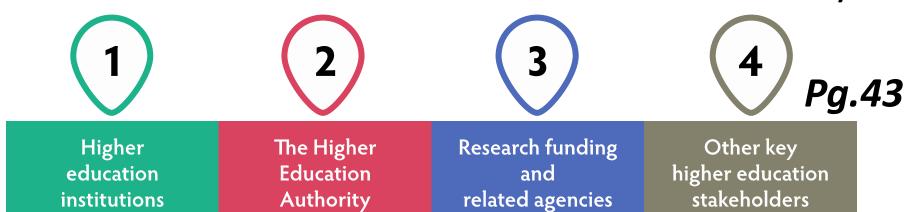
## Four possible reasons?

In business, it has been observed that women are as ambitious as men to reach the top within their organisations, but they are significantly less confident than men that this would happen, with confidence being defined as the 'perception of one's chances of success in the current environment, rather than confidence in one's own qualification.' McKinsey Women matter, 11.



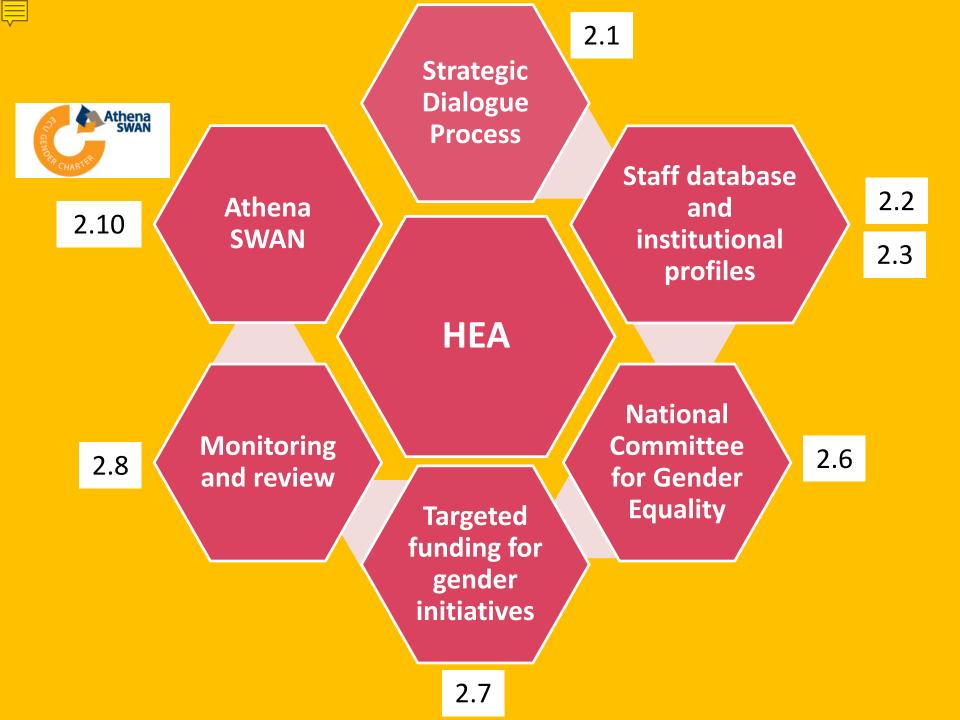
### Recommendations

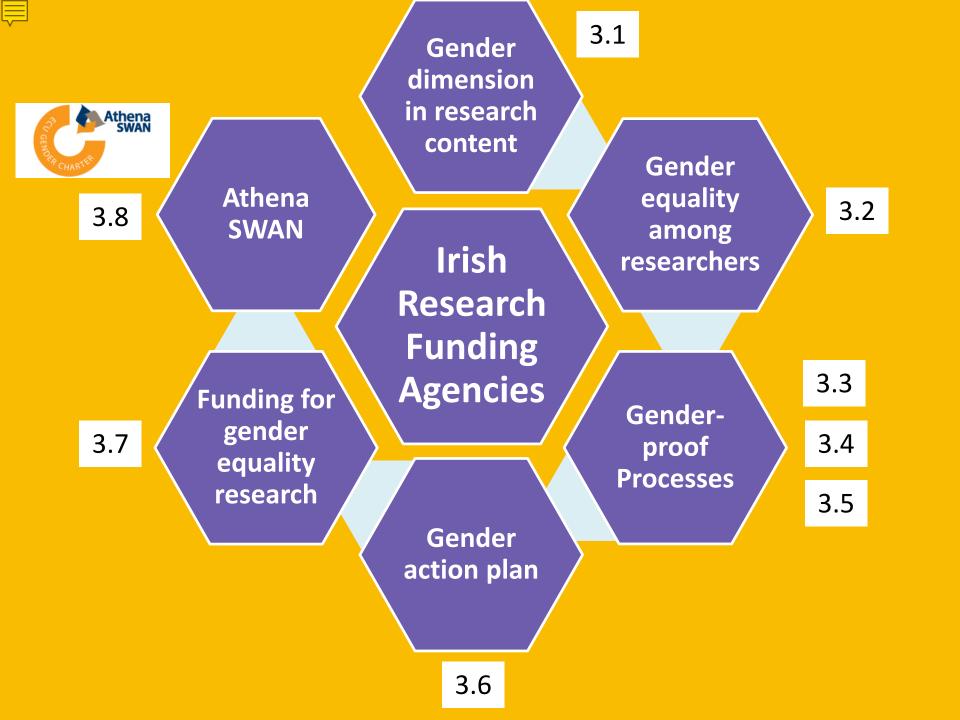
With academic excellence at their heart, these recommendations are an antidote to mediocrity.



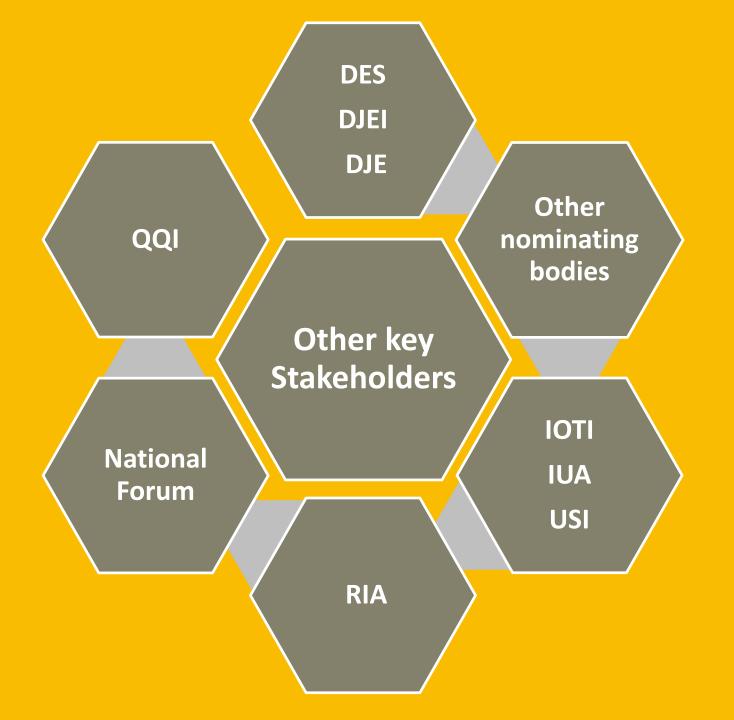
The next step: each stakeholder group to use these recommendations to develop a tailored implementation plan, specific to the particular stage that each organisation is at in addressing gender inequality.













# Department of Education and Skills

**4.1** Gender equality will be identified as a national priority and key system objective in the Higher Education System Performance Framework 2017-2019.

### With the following high level indicators:

- Presidents, or equivalent by gender;
- Gender-balance (min 40% of each gender) on governing authority/body, academic council, and executive management;
- Gender balance of Academic staff at each grade;
- Gender balance of professor grades (universities only);
- Gender balance of senior non-academic staff;
- Number of institutions who have successfully achieved and retained Athena SWAN awards;
- Level of perceived gender inequality amongst staff members.





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- Annual review of HEI progress
- Strategic Dialogue process
- Full review at the end of 3 years
- Full review every three years thereafter



# Thank you

The full report and supporting documentation can be found at <a href="https://www.hea.ie">www.hea.ie</a>





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@HigherEducationAuthority



<u>@hea\_irl</u>





# Don't think this applies to you?

### Put it to the test:

Project Implicit - Implicit Association Test (IAT)

(Gender-Career IAT)

https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/takeatest.html